# Altivar 61 Variable speed drives for synchronous and asynchronous motors

# **Programming Manual**

Software V6.6

02/2014





1760649

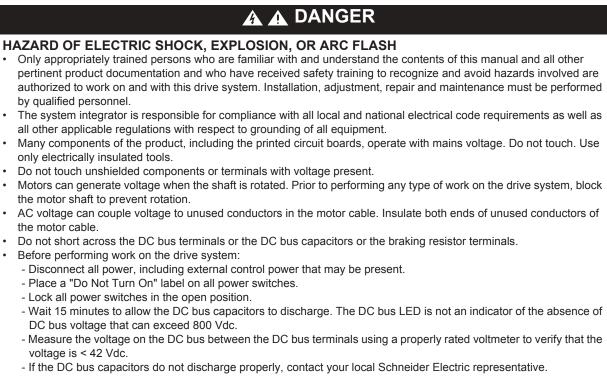


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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.



• Install and close all covers before applying voltage.

Failture to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## 

#### DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

Do not operate or install any drive that appears damaged.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.



#### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage, and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.<sup>a</sup>
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

#### Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

a. For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable Speed Drive Systems.



## **Documentation structure**

The following Altivar 61 technical documents are available on the Schneider Electric website (www.schneider-electric.com).

## **Installation Manual**

This bulletin contains complete mounting and wiring instructions.

## **Programming Manual**

This describes the functions, parameters and use of the drive terminal (integrated display terminal and graphic display terminal). The communication functions are not described in this manual, but in the manual for the bus or network used.

## **Communication Parameters Manual**

This manual describes:

- The drive parameters with specific information for use via a bus or communication network.
- The operating modes specific to communication (state chart).
- The interaction between communication and local control.

# Manuals for Modbus<sup>®</sup>, CANopen<sup>®</sup>, Ethernet<sup>™</sup>, Profibus<sup>®</sup>, INTERBUS, Uni-Telway, and Modbus<sup>®</sup> Plus, etc.

These manuals describe the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communicationspecific parameters via the integrated display terminal or the graphic display terminal. They also describe the communication services of the protocols.

## ATV 38/ATV 61 Migration Manual

This manual describes the differences between the Altivar 61 and the Altivar 38 and explains how to replace an Altivar 38, including how to replace drives communicating on a bus or a network.

## ATV 78/ATV 61/71 Migration Manual

This manual describes the differences between the Altivar 61/71 and Altivar 78 and explains how to replace an Altivar 78.



Since the Altivar ATV 61 was first launched, it has benefited from the addition of several new functions. The software version is now V6.6. Although this documentation relates to version V6.6, it can still be used with earlier versions. The software version is indicated on the nameplate attached to the body of the drive.

## Enhancements made to version V1.2 in comparison to V1.1

### New parameters and functions

#### Option of operating with a BACnet communication card

#### [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu

 The external fault [EXTERNAL FAULT] (EtF-) page <u>199</u> can now be configured in positive or negative logic via [External fault config.] (LEt).

## Enhancements made to version V1.4 in comparison to V1.2

#### **Factory setting**

Note: In versions V1.1 and V1.2, analog output AO1 was assigned to the motor frequency. In the new version, this output is not assigned.

With the exception of this parameter, the factory setting of versions V1.1 and V1.2 remain the same in the new version. The new functions are inactive in the factory setting.

#### New parameters and functions

#### [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu

Addition of states and internal values relating to the new functions described below.

#### [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu

- [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 60
- [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 60
- [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 60
- [Freewheel stop Thd] (FFt) page 61

#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu

Extension of the following configurations to all drive ratings (previously limited *to* 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV61eeeM3X and to 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV61eeeN4): synchronous motor [Sync. mot.] (SYn) page <u>69</u>, sinus filter [Sinus filter] (OFI) page <u>77</u>, noise reduction [Noise reduction] (nrd) page <u>78</u>, braking balance [Braking balance] (bbA) page <u>80</u>.

#### [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

- [AI net. channel] (AIC1) page 91
- New options for assigning relays and logic outputs, page <u>96</u>: torque greater than high threshold, torque less than low threshold, motor in forward rotation, motor in reverse rotation, measured speed threshold attained.
- Analog output AO1 can now be used as a logic output and assigned to relay functions and logic outputs, page <u>102</u>.
- New option of modifying the scale of analog outputs, page <u>104</u>, using the parameters [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) and [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).
- New options for assigning analog outputs page <u>105</u>: signed motor torque and measured motor speed.
- New options for assigning alarm groups page <u>109</u>: torque greater than high threshold, torque less than low threshold, measured speed threshold attained.



#### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu

- The summing, subtraction and multiplication reference functions can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1) page 130.
- New parameter [Freewheel stop Thd] (FFt) page <u>135</u> used to adjust a threshold for switching to freewheel at the end of a stop on ramp or fast stop.
- The torque limitation [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tOL-) page <u>166</u> can now be configured in whole % or in 0.1% increments using [Torque increment] (IntP) and assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New Damper control function using the [DAMPER MANAGEMENT] (dAM-) menu, page 174.
- Parameter switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) page <u>176</u> can now be assigned to attained frequency thresholds [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA) and [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A).

#### [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu

- Option to reinitialize the drive without turning it off, via [Product reset] (rP) page 192.
- Option to reinitialize the drive via a logic input without turning it off, using [Product reset assig.] (rPA) page 192.
- The option to configure the "output phase loss" fault [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page <u>196</u> to [Output cut] (OAC) has been extended to all drive ratings (previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV61eeeM3X and 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV61eeeN4).
- New monitoring function based on speed measurement using "Pulse input" input page <u>206</u>, via the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) menu.
- The braking unit short-circuit fault can now be configured using [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) page 208.
- The [Damper stuck] (Fd1) fault in the Damper control function can be configured via [DAMPER FAULT MGT.] (FdL-) page 213.

#### [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu

Addition, in [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page 239, of the [Keypad contrast] and [Keypad stand-by] parameters to adjust the contrast
and stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.

## Enhancements made to version V1.5 in comparison to V1.4

Extension of the range with the addition of **ATV61eeeeY** drives for 500 to 690 V supplies. There are no new parameters, but the adjustment ranges and factory settings of some parameters have been adapted to the new voltages.

#### [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

Increased adjustment range for the relay and logic output delay parameters: 0 to 60000 ms instead of 0 to 9999 ms.

#### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu

• New parameter [Conf.sensor flow] (LnS) page 183, used to configure the zero flow sensor for positive or negative logic.

### Enhancements made to version V1.6 in comparison to V1.5

The communication option card APOGEE FLN P1 (VW3 A3 314) is fully supported with the version V1.6 and above of the Altivar 61 software.

## Enhancements made to version V1.8 in comparison to V1.6

#### [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu

 Addition in [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page <u>235</u> of [Power up menu]. This parameter allows to choose the menu which displays on the drive on power up.

### Enhancements made to version V2.1 in comparison to V1.8

#### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu

#### New parameters and functions

- New parameter [Regen. Conenction] (OIr) page <u>187</u>. With this parameter it is possible to retun the braking energy to the mains.
- New parameter [Dis. operat opt code] (dOtd) page <u>136</u>.



## Enhancements made to version V5.8 in comparison to V2.1

### Motor frequency range

The maximum output frequency has been limited to 599 Hz

### [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

#### New parameter and function

New methods of assigning logic output, [R1 Assignment] (r1) page 97 : [Drive start] (Strt).

#### New factory setting

- [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 69 has been modified, [Energy Sav.] (nLd) to [V/F 2pts] (UF2).
- [IGBT test] (Strt) page 201 has been modified, [No] (nO) to [Yes] (YES).
- [Dis. operat opt code] (dOtd) page 136 has been modified, [Freewheel] (nSt) to [Ramp stop] (rMP).

### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu

#### New parameter and function

- New parameter [Pmax Motor] (tPMM) page <u>167</u>
- New parameter [Pmax Generator] (tPMG) page 167

## Enhancements made to version V6.3 in comparison to V5.8

### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu

#### New parameter and function

New parameter [+/-Speed reference] (Srt) page 144

#### [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu

New monitoring parameter [Freq. catch on fly] (FCAO) available with PC-Software, see [Catch on the fly] (FLr) page 194

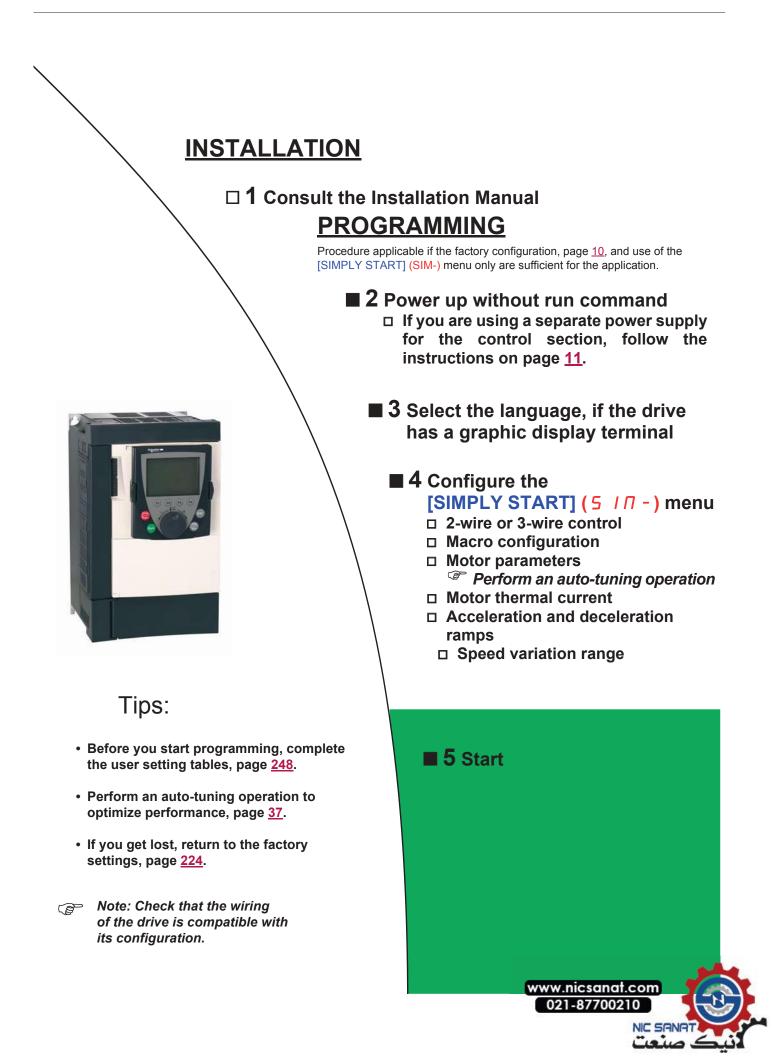
## Enhancements made to version V6.6 in comparison to V6.3

### [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu

#### Switching frequency

The minimum adjustment range of [Switching freq.] (SFr) depends on the product caliber, see page 55.





## **Drive factory settings**

The Altivar 61 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions:

- Macro-configuration: Pumps/fans
- Motor frequency: 50 Hz
- Energy-saving variable torque applications
- Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp
- Stop mode in the event of a fault: freewheel
- Linear, acceleration and deceleration ramps: 3 seconds
- · Low speed: 0 Hz
- High speed: 50 Hz
- Motor thermal current = rated drive current
- Standstill injection braking current = 0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- No automatic starts after a fault
- Switching frequency 2.5 kHz or 12 kHz depending on drive rating
- Logic inputs:
  - LI1: forward (1 operating direction), 2-wire control on transition
  - LI2: inactive (not assigned)
  - LI3: switching of 2<sup>nd</sup> speed reference
  - LI4: fault reset
  - LI5, LI6: inactive (not assigned)
- Analog inputs:
  - AI1: 1<sup>st</sup> speed reference 0 +10 V
  - AI2: 2<sup>nd</sup> speed reference 0-20 mA
- Relay R1: The contact opens in the event of a fault (or drive off)
- Relay R2: The contact closes when the drive is in operation
- Analog output AO1: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

## **Option card factory settings**

The option card inputs/outputs are not factory-set.



## Turning on and configuring the drive

## DANGER

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 61, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation.
- Before turning on or on exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



#### INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

## Separate control section power supply

Only supply power to the power section the next time the drive is powered up when:

A) The drive control section is powered independently of the power section (P24 and 0V terminals).

B) Whenever an option card is added or replaced.

## Power switching via line contactor

RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE
<ul> <li>Avoid operating the contactor frequently (premature ageing of the filter capacitors).</li> <li>Cycle times &lt; 60 s may result in damage to the pre-charge resistor.</li> </ul>
Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

## User adjustment and extension of functions

- The display unit and buttons can be used to modify the settings and to extend the functions described in the following pages.
- Return to factory settings is made easy by the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, see page 222.
- There are three types of parameter:
- Display: Values displayed by the drive
- Adjustment: Can be changed during operation or when stopped
- Configuration: Can only be modified when stopped and no braking is taking place. Can be displayed during operation

## DANGER

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- · Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



## Starting

Important:

- In factory settings mode, the motor can only be supplied with power once the "forward", "reverse" and "DC injection stop" commands have been reset:
  - On power-up or a manual fault reset or after a stop command
  - If they have not been reset, the drive will display "nSt" but will not start.
- If the automatic restart function has been configured ([Automatic restart] (Atr) parameter in the [1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page <u>193</u>), these commands are taken into account without a reset being necessary.

## Test on a low power motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output Phase Loss] detection (OPL) page <u>196</u> is active (OPL = YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate [Output Phase Loss] (OPL = no).
- Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) or [U/F Quad.] (UFq) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page <u>69</u>)

## 

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor current is less than 0.2 times the rated drive current. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

## Using motors in parallel

Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) or [U/F Quad.] (UFq) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page <u>69</u>)



#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

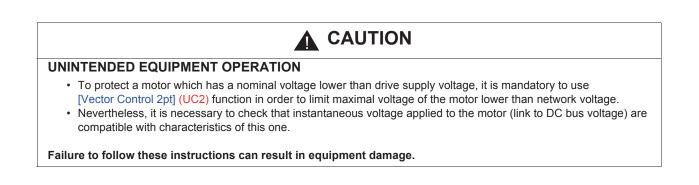


## ATV61eeeY - Network which presents often under voltage

To assure an optimal running of an ATV61eeeY used on network which presents often under voltage (network voltage contained between 425 V and 446 V), it is necessary to adjust [Prevention level] (UPL) = 383 V ([1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page <u>201</u>).

## Using motor with nominal voltage lower than drive supply voltage

Configure [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2) = [Yes] (YES) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 71)

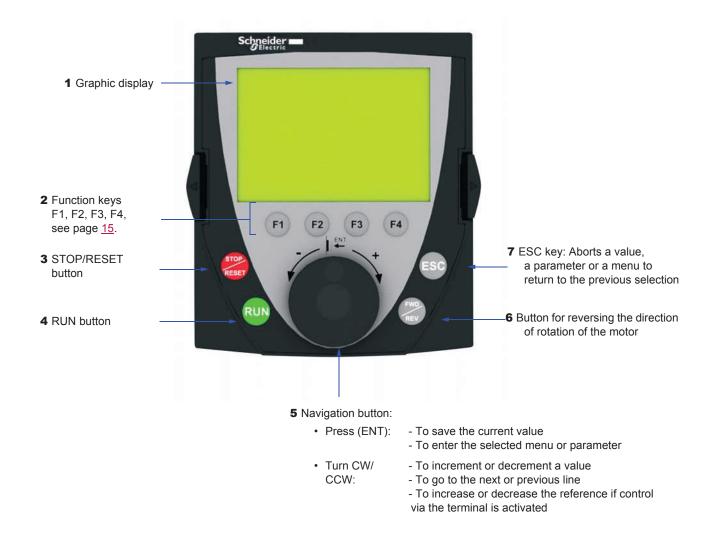




## Graphic display terminal

Although the graphic display terminal is optional for low-power drives, it is a standard component on high-power drives (see catalog). The graphic display terminal can be disconnected and connected remotely (on the door of an enclosure for example) using the cables and accessories available as options (see catalog).

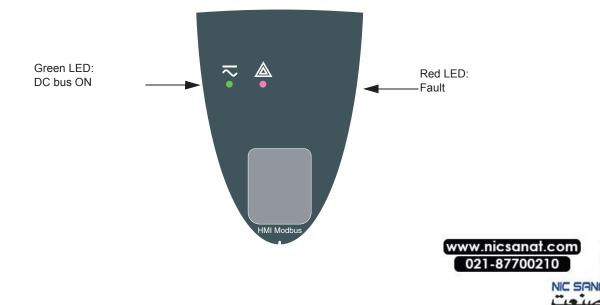
## **Description of the terminal**



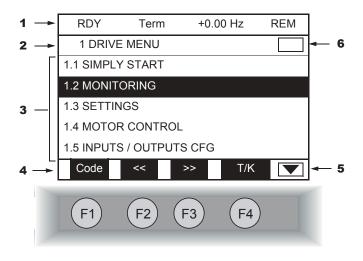
Note: Buttons 3, 4, 5 and 6 can be used to control the drive directly, if control via the terminal is activated.

#### **Disconnected terminal**

When the terminal is disconnected, two LEDs become visible:



## Description of the graphic screen



- 1. Display line. Its content can be configured; the factory settings show:
  - The drive state (see page <u>16</u>)
  - The active control channel:
    - Term: Terminals
    - HMI: Graphic display terminal
    - MDB: Integrated Modbus
    - CAN: Integrated CANopen
    - NET: Communication card
    - APP: Controller Inside card
  - Frequency reference
  - LOC/REM: "LOC" appears if the command and reference are set via the graphic display terminal; otherwise, "REM" appears.
     This corresponds to the state selected by the [T/K] function key.
- 2. Menu line. Indicates the name of the current menu or submenu.
- Menus, submenus, parameters, values, bar charts, etc., are displayed in drop-down window format on a maximum of 5 lines. The line or value selected by the navigation button is displayed in reverse video.
- 4. Section displaying the functions assigned to the keys F1 to F4 and aligned with them, for example:

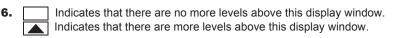
•	Code	F1	:	Displays the code of the selected parameter, i.e., the code corresponding to the 7-segment display.
•	HELP	F1	:	Contextual help.
	<<	F2	:	Navigate horizontally to the left, or go to previous menu/submenu or, for a value, go to the next digit up, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page <u>17</u> ).
•	>>	F3	:	Navigate horizontally to the right or go to next menu/submenu (going to the [2 ACCESS LEVEL] menu in this example) or, for a value, go to the next digit down, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page <u>17</u> ).
	T/K	F4	:	Command and reference via the terminal, see page <u>122</u> .

The function keys are dynamic and contextual.

Other functions (application functions) can be assigned to these keys via the [1.6 COMMAND] menu. If a preset speed is assigned to a function key and if the function key is pressed, the motor will run at this preset speed until another preset speed or JOG is pressed, speed reference is changed, or Stop key is pressed.



Indicates that there are no more levels below this display window. Indicates that there are more levels below this display window.





## Drive state codes:

- ACC: Acceleration
- CLI: Current limit
- CTL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- DCB: DC injection braking in progress
- DEC: Deceleration
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FRF: Drive at fallback speed
- FST: Fast stop
- NLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- NST: Freewheel stop
- OBR: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PRA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- RDY: Drive ready
- RUN: Drive running
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- TUN: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm



#### Example configuration windows:

RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM
	5 LAN	GUAGE	
English			$\checkmark$
Français			
Deutsch			
Español			
Italiano			
	<<	>>	T/K
Chinese Turkish Russian			

When only one possible selection can be made, the selection made is indicated by  $\checkmark$  Example: Only one language can be chosen.

PARAMETER SELECTION

 1.3 SETTINGS

 Ramp increment
 ✓

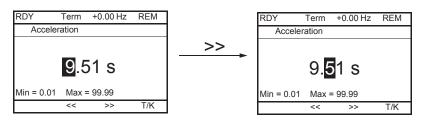
 Acceleration
 ✓

 Deceleration 2
 □

 Deceleration 2
 □

When multiple selection is possible, the selections made are indicated by Example: A number of parameters can be chosen to form the [USER MENU].

#### Example configuration window for one value:

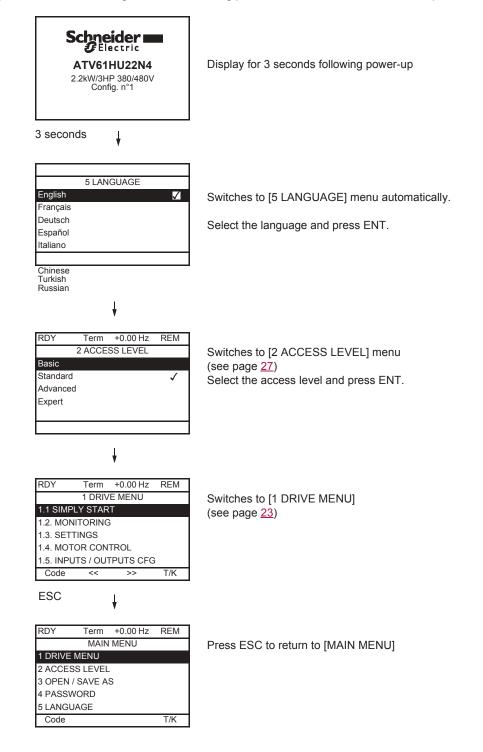


The << and >> arrows (keys F2 and F3) are used to select the digit to be modified, and the navigation button is rotated to increase or decrease this number.



## First power-up – [5. LANGUAGE] menu

The first time the drive is powered up, the user will automatically be guided through the menus as far as [1. DRIVE MENU]. The parameters in the [1.1 SIMPLY START] submenu must be configured and auto-tuning performed before the motor is started up.





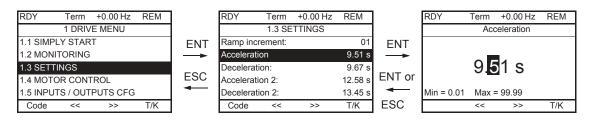
## Subsequent power ups

	<b>Schneider</b> Electric <b>ATV61HU22N4</b> 2.2kW/3HP 380/480V Config. n°1	
3 seconds later, switches to [1. DRIVE MENU] or to [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].	3 seconds RDY Term +38Hz REM 1. DRIVE MENU 1.1 SIMPLY START 1.2 MONITORING 1.2 MONITORING	or, if the Controller Inside card is present
	1.3 SETTINGS 1.4 MOTOR CONTROL 1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG Code << >> T/K 10 seconds RDY Term +38Hz REM	
If no operator inputs are made, switches to "Display" automatically 10 seconds later (the display will vary depending on the selected configuration).	ABT  Frequency ref.    38 Hz    Min=0    Max=60	RDY       Term       +0.00 Hz       REM         1.3 SETTINGS       [Power up menu]         Ramp increment:       01         Acceleration       9.51 s         Deceleration 2:       12.58 s         Deceleration 2:       13.45 s         Code       <>
	ESC	
Users can return to [MAIN MENU] by pressing ENT or ESC.	MAIN MENU 1 DRIVE MENU 2 ACCESS LEVEL 3 OPEN / SAVE AS 4 PASSWORD 5 LANGUAGE Code T/K	



## Programming: Example of accessing a parameter

### Accessing the acceleration ramp



Note:

- To select a parameter:
  - Turn the navigation button to scroll vertically.
- To modify a parameter:
  - Use the << and >> keys (F2 and F3) to scroll horizontally and select the digit to be modified (the selected digit changes to white on a black background).
  - Turn the navigation button to modify the digit.
- To cancel the modification:
  - Press ESC.
- To save the modification:
  - Press the navigation button (ENT).



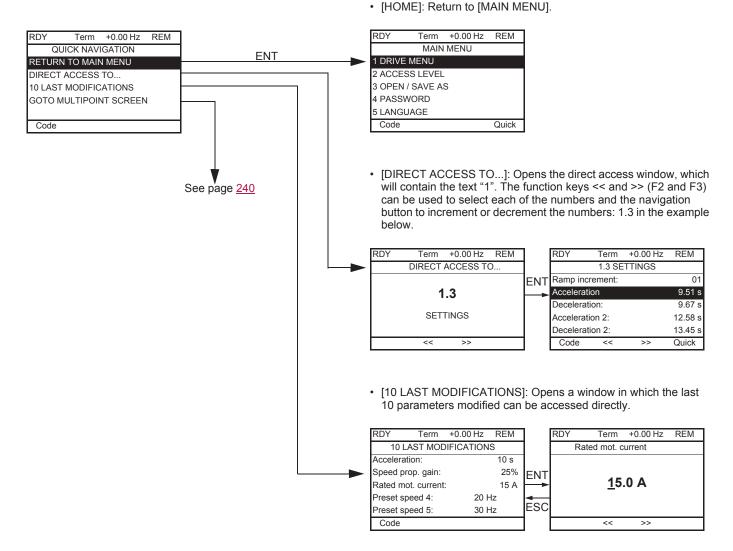
## **Quick navigation**

In order to access this function you must first reassign the F4 key, which is assigned by default to control via the terminal (T/K) (see page <u>122</u>). If the "Quick" function is displayed above the F4 key, you can gain quick access to a parameter from any screen.

#### Example:

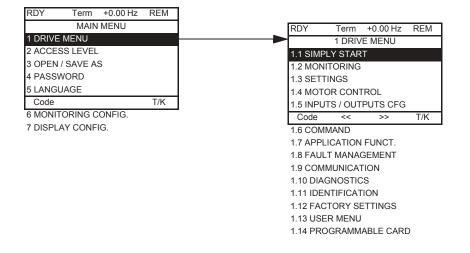
RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM		
1.4 N	IOTOR CC	NTROL			
Standard	l mot. freq:	5	0 Hz IEC		
Rated mo	otor power:	0.37 kW	0.37 kW (0.5 HP)		
Rated mo	otor volt.:		206 V		
Rated mo	ot. current:		1.0 A		
Rated mo	otor freq.:		50.0 Hz		
Code	<<	>>	Quick		

Press F4 to access the Quick screen, which contains 4 selection options.





## [MAIN MENU] – Menu mapping



### Content of [MAIN MENU] menus

[1 DRIVE MENU]	See next page		
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]	Defines which menus can be accessed (level of complexity)		
[3 OPEN / SAVE AS]	Can be used to save and recover drive configuration files		
[4 PASSWORD]	Provides password protection for the configuration		
[5 LANGUAGE]	Language selection		
[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]	Customization of information displayed on the graphic display terminal during operation		
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]	<ul> <li>Customization of parameters</li> <li>Creation of a customized user menu</li> <li>Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms for menus and parameters</li> </ul>		



## [1 DRIVE MENU]

RDY Term	n +0.00 Hz	REM		
1 DR	RIVE MENU			
1.1 SIMPLY STA	<b>ART</b>			
1.2 MONITORIN	IG			
1.3 SETTINGS				
1.4 MOTOR CO	NTROL			
1.5 INPUTS / OI	JTPUTS CF	G		
Code <<	>>	T/K		
1.6 COMMAND				
1.7 APPLICATIO	ON FUNCT.			
1.8 FAULT MAN	AGEMENT			
1.9 COMMUNIC	ATION			
1.10 DIAGNOSTICS				
1.11 IDENTIFIC	ATION			
1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS				
1.12 FACTORY	SETTINGS			
1.12 FACTORY 1.13 USER MEN				

## Content of [1. DRIVE MENU] menus:

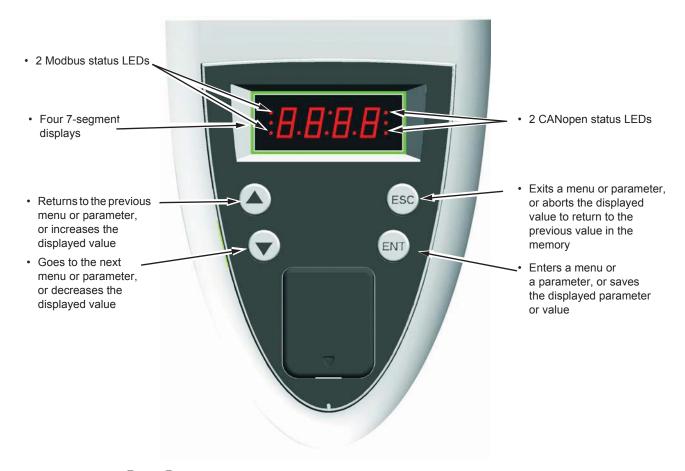
[1.1 SIMPLY START]:	Simplified menu for fast startup
[1.2 MONITORING]:	Visualization of current, motor and input/output values
[1.3 SETTINGS]:	Accesses the adjustment parameters, which can be modified during operation
[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]:	Motor parameters (motor nameplate, auto-tuning, switching frequency, control algorithms, etc.)
[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]:	I/O configuration (scaling, filtering, 2-wire control, 3-wire control, etc.)
[1.6 COMMAND]:	Configuration of command and reference channels (graphic display terminal, terminals, bus, etc.)
[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]:	Configuration of application functions (e.g., preset speeds, PID, etc.)
[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]:	Configuration of fault management
[1.9 COMMUNICATION]:	Communication parameters (fieldbus)
[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]:	Motor/drive diagnostics
[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]:	Identification of the drive and internal options
[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]:	Access to configuration files and return to factory settings
[1.13 USER MENU]:	Specific menu set up by the user in the [7. DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu
[1.14 CONTROL. INSIDE CARD]:	Configuration of optional Controller Inside card



## Integrated display terminal

Low-power Altivar 61 drives (see catalog) feature an integrated display terminal with a 7-segment 4-digit display. The graphic display terminal described on the previous pages can also be connected to these drives as an option.

## Functions of the display and the keys



respective respectiv

• Press and hold down (>2 s) ( $\blacktriangle$ ) or ( $\blacktriangledown$ ) to scroll through the data quickly.

#### Save and store the selection: ENT

The display flashes when a value is stored.

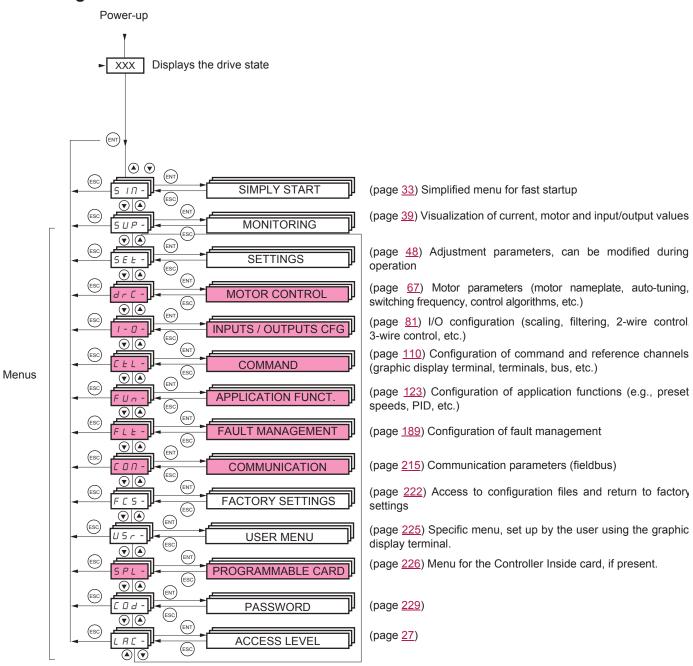
#### Normal display, with no fault present and no startup:

- 43.0: Display of the parameter selected in the SUP menu (default selection: motor frequency)
- CLI: Current limit
- CtL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- dCb: DC injection braking in progress
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FRF: Drive at fallback speed
- FSt: Fast stop
- nLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- Obr: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PrA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- rdY: Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- tUn: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm

#### The display flashes to indicate the presence of a fault.



## Accessing menus



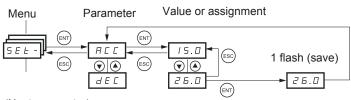
A dash appears after menu and submenu codes to differentiate them from parameter codes. Examples: FUn- menu, ACC parameter.

The grayed-out menus may not be accessible depending on the control access (LAC) configuration.



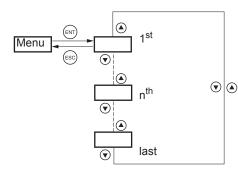
## Accessing menu parameters

Save and store the displayed selection: (ENT)



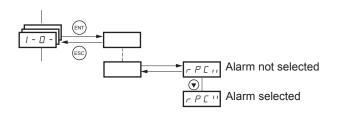
The display flashes when a value is stored.

(Next parameter)



All the menus are "drop-down scrolling" menus, which means that after the last parameter, if you continue to press  $\mathbf{\nabla}$ , you will return to the first parameter and, conversely, you can switch from the first parameter to the last parameter by pressing  $\blacktriangle$ .

## Selection of multiple assignments for one parameter



Example: List of group 1 alarms in [INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] menu (I-O-) A number of alarms can be selected by "checking" them as follows.

The digit on the right indicates:  $\square$  selected

not selected

The same principle is used for all multiple selections.

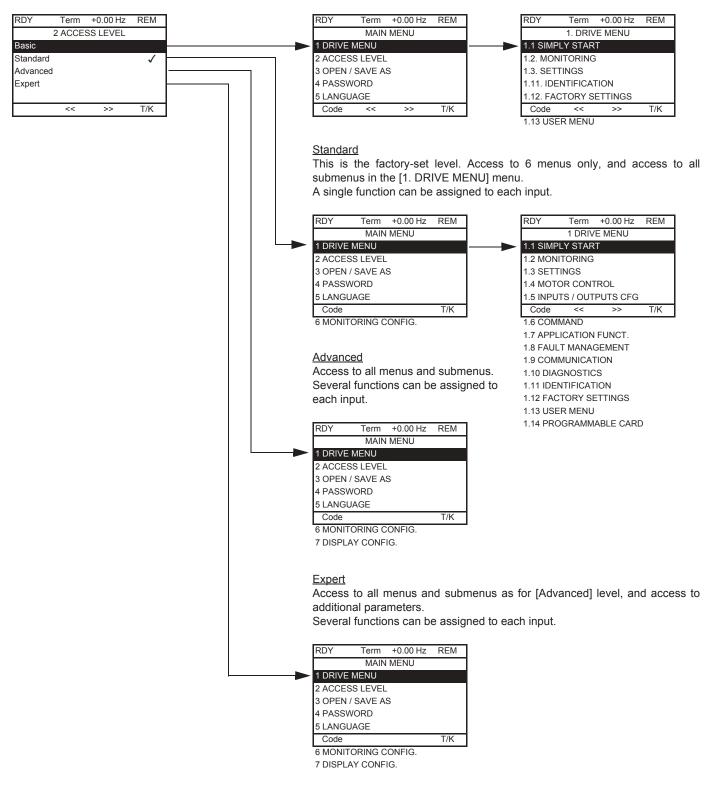


## With graphic display terminal

#### Basic

Access to 5 menus only, and access to 6 submenus only in the [1. DRIVE MENU] menu.

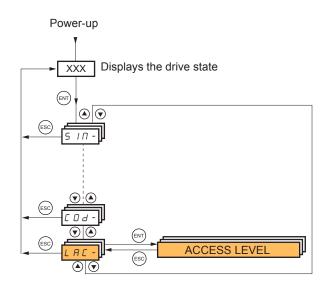
A single function can be assigned to each input.





## [2. ACCESS LEVEL] (LAC-)

## With integrated display terminal:



Code	Name/Description Factory setting	Factory setting			
LAC-	Std				
6 A S	<ul> <li>bAS: Limited access to SIM, SUP, SEt, FCS, USr, COd and LAC menus. A single function can be assigned t each input.</li> </ul>	to			
SEd	Std: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. A single function can be assigned to each input.				
A d u	<ul> <li>AdU: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Several functions can be assigned to each input.</li> </ul>				
EPr	<ul> <li>EPr: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal and access to additional parameters. Several function be assigned to each input.</li> </ul>	tions			



## Comparison of the menus that can be accessed on the graphic display terminal/ integrated display terminal

Graphic display term	inal	Integrated display terminal	Access level			
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]		LRE - (Access level)				
[3. OPEN / SAVE AS]		-				
[4 PASSWORD]		<b>LDd</b> - (Password)				
[5 LANGUAGE]		-				
[1 DRIVE MENU]	[1.1 SIMPLY START]	5 ип- (Simply start)	5			
	[1.2 MONITORING]	<b>5</b> <i>ШР</i> - (Monitoring)	РH			
	[1.3 SETTINGS]	5 E Ł - (Settings)	Basic			
	[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]	-	Ва	ting		
	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]	F L 5 - (Factory settings)		set		
	[1.13 USER MENU]	<b>И5</b> - (User menu)		tory		
A single function can b	e assigned to each input.	A single function can be assigned to each input.		<i>d</i> (factory setting)	ПРН	
	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]	d r E - (Motor control)		F		L
	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	I - D - (I/O configuration)		u Q	Advanced	Ш
	[1.6 COMMAND]	EEL - (Command)		Standard	ev by	
	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	FUn - (Application functions)		stan	∢	Expert
	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	FLE - (Fault management)		0)		
	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	соп (Communication)				
	[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]	-				
	[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (1)	PLE - (Controller Inside card) (1)				
[6 MONITORING CON	IFIG.]	-				
A single function can b	e assigned to each input.	A single function can be assigned to each input.				
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]		-			-	
Several functions can	be assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				
Expert parameters		Expert parameters				_
Several functions can	be assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				

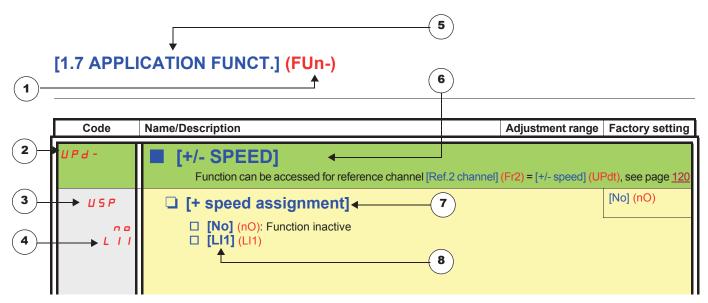
(1)Can be accessed if the Controller Inside card is present.



## Structure of parameter tables

The parameter tables in the descriptions of the various menus can be used with both the graphic display terminal and the integrated display terminal. They, therefore, contain information for these two terminals in accordance with the description below.

#### Example:



- 1. Name of menu on 4-digit 7-segment display
- 2. Submenu code on 4-digit 7-segment display
- **3.** Parameter code on 4-digit 7-segment display
- 4. Parameter value on 4-digit 7-segment display

- 5. Name of menu on graphic display terminal
- 6. Name of submenu on graphic display terminal
- 7. Name of parameter on graphic display terminal
- 8. Value of parameter on graphic display terminal

#### Note:

- The text in square brackets [] indicates what you will see on the graphic display terminal.
- The factory settings correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Pumps.Fans] (PnF). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.



The configuration of certain parameters modifies the adjustment range of other parameters, in order to reduce the risk of errors. This may result in the modification of a factory setting or a value you have already selected.

### Example 1:

1. [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 77 set to 16 kHz.

2. [Sinus filter] (OFI), see page 77, set to [Yes] (YES) (and confirmed with "ENT") limits [Switching freq.] (SFr) to 8 kHz.

If you set [Sinus filter] (OFI) to [No] (nO), [Switching freq.] (SFr) will no longer be limited **but will remain at 8 kHz**. If you require 16 kHz, you must **reset** [Switching freq.] (SFr).

### Example 2:

- 1. The factory setting of [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 77 remains unchanged at 2.5 kHz.
- Setting [Sinus filter] (OFI) page <u>77</u> to [Yes] (YES) (and confirming with "ENT") changes the factory setting of [Switching freq.] (SFr) to 4 kHz.
- If you set [Sinus filter] (OFI) to [No] (nO), [Switching freq.] (SFr) will remain at 4 kHz. If you require 2.5 kHz, you must reset [Switching freq.] (SFr).

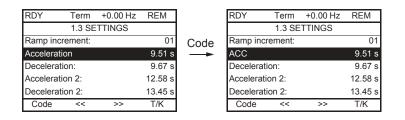


## Finding a parameter in this document

The following assistance with finding explanations on a parameter is provided:

- With the integrated display terminal: Direct use of the parameter code index, page 251, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.
- With the graphic display terminal: Select the required parameter and press F1: [Code]. The parameter code is displayed instead of its name while the key is held down.

Example: ACC

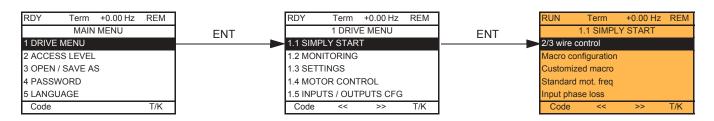


Then use the parameter code index, page 251, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.

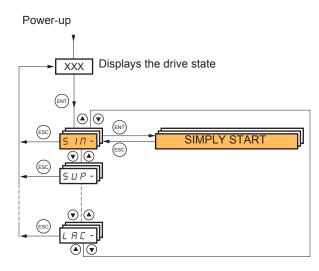


## [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

## With graphic display terminal:



## With integrated display terminal:



The [1.1-SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu can be used for fast startup, which is sufficient for the majority of applications.

The parameters in this menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- · Auto-tuning, which causes the motor to start up
- The adjustment parameters on page <u>38</u>

Note: The parameters of the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu must be entered in the order in which they appear, as the later ones are dependent on the first ones.

For example [2/3 wire control] (tCC) must be configured before any other parameters.

The [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu should be configured **on its own or before the other drive configuration menus**. If a modification has previously been made to any of them, in particular in [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-), some [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) parameters may be changed, for example, the motor parameters, if a synchronous motor has been selected. Returning to the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu after modifying another drive configuration menu is **unnecessary** but does not pose any risk. Changes following modification of another configuration menu **are not described**, to avoid unnecessary complication in this section.

## Macro configuration

Macro configuration provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific field of application. 5 macro configurations are available:

- Start/stop
- General use
- PID regulator
- Communication bus
- Pumps/fans (factory configuration)

Selecting a macro configuration assigns the parameters in this macro configuration.

Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.



### Macro configuration parameters

#### Assignment of the inputs/outputs

Input/ output	[Start/Stop]	[Gen. Use]	[PID regul.]	[Network C.]	[Pumps.Fans]
Al1	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel] (PID reference)	[Ref.2 channel] ([Ref.1 channel] = integrated Modbus) (1)	[Ref.1 channel]
Al2	[No]	[Summing ref. 2]	[PID feedback]	[No]	[Ref.1B channel]
AO1	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R1	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]
R2	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[Drv running]
LI1 (2-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI2 (2-wire)	[Fault reset]	[Reverse]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]	[No]
LI3 (2-wire)	[No]	[Jog]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Ref 1B switching]
LI4 (2-wire)	[No]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Forced local]	[Fault reset]
LI5 (2-wire)	[No]	[Torque limitation]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
LI6 (2-wire)	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (3-wire)	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
LI2 (3-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI3 (3-wire)	[Fault reset]	[Reverse]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]	[No]
LI4 (3-wire)	[No]	[Jog]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Ref 1B switching]
LI5 (3-wire)	[No]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Forced local]	[Fault reset]
LI6 (3-wire)	[No]	[Torque limitation]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
	<u>.</u>		Option cards		•
LI7 to LI14	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LO1 to LO4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R3/R4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AI3, AI4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
RP	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AO2	[l motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]
AO3	[No]	[No]	[PID Output]	[No]	[No]
		Graphic display terr	minal keys	1	
F1 key	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
F2, F3 keys	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
F4 key	[T/K] (Control via graphic display terminal)	[T/K] (Control via graphic display terminal)			

In 3-wire control, the assignment of inputs LI1 to LI7 shifts.

(1) To start up with integrated Modbus, [Modbus Address] (Add) must first be configured, page 217.

Note: These assignments are reinitialized every time the macro configuration changes.

#### Return to factory settings:

Returning to factory settings with [Config. source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI) page <u>224</u> will restore the selected macro configuration. The [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter does not change, although [Customized macro] (CCFG) disappears.

Note:

The factory settings in the parameter tables correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Pumps.Fans] (PnF). This is the
macro configuration set at the factory.



## [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
ECC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)		
2C 3C	□ [2 wire] (2C) □ [3 wire] (3C)			
	<ul> <li>2-wire control: This is the input state (0 or 1) or edge (0 to 1 or 1 to 0), which controls r</li> <li>Example of "source" wiring:</li> <li>ATV 71 +24 LI1 Llx</li> <li>LI1: forward Llx: reverse</li> <li>3-wire control (pulse control): A "forward" or "reverse" pulse is sufficient to command st sufficient to command stopping.</li> <li>Example of "source" wiring:</li> <li>ATV 71 +24 LI1 Ll2 Llx</li> <li>LI1: stop Ll2: forward</li> </ul>			
	Liz: reverse Liz: reverse Liz: reverse <b>WARNING</b> <b>WARNING</b> <b>UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION</b> To change the assignment of [2/3 wire control] (tCC) press the "ENT" key for 2 s. The following function will be returned to factory settings: [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> as will all functions which assign logic inputs. The macro configuration selected will also be reset if it has been customized (loss of custom settings). Check that this change is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.			
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Pumps.Fans] (PnF)		
SES GEn PId nEE PnF	<ul> <li>[Start/Stop] (StS): Start/stop</li> <li>[Gen. Use] (GEn): General use</li> <li>[PlD regul.] (Pld): PID regulation</li> <li>[Network C.] (nEt): Communication bus</li> <li>[Pumps.Fans] (PnF): Pumps/fans</li> </ul> <b>WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION</b> To change the assignment of [Macro configuration] (CFG) press the "ENT" key for 2 s. Check that the selected macro configuration is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.			
C C F G	[Customized macro]			
<i>4 E 5</i>	Read-only parameter, only visible if at least one macro configuration parameter has be [Yes] (YES)	een modified.		



## [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
bFr	□ [Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)	
5 0 6 0	<ul> <li>[50Hz IEC] (50): IEC.</li> <li>[60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA.</li> <li>This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters (UnS), [Rated drive current] (nCr), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [F (tFr) below, [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) page <u>38</u>, [High speed] (</li> </ul>	Rated motor speed] (nSP		
IPL	[Input phase loss]		According to drive rating	
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is supplied via a single-phase supply or by the DC bus.			
<i>4 E 5</i>	<ul> <li>[Freewhee] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop.</li> <li>If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL) but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault.</li> <li>This parameter is accessible in this menu only on ATV61H037M3 to HU75M3 drives (used with a single</li> </ul>			
	phase supply).		es (used with a single	
n P r	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating	
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [50 Hz IEC] (50), in HP if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60 Hz NEMA] (60).			
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)	
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV61eeeM3: 100 to 240 V - ATV61eeeN4: 200 to 480 V - ATV61eeeS6X: 400 to 600 V - ATV61eeeY: 400 to 690 V.			
nEr	[Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.1 or 1.2 Hz according to rating (1)	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)	
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.			
FrS	[Rated motor freq.]	10 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	50 Hz	
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 Hz.			
n 5 P	[Rated motor speed]	0 to 60,000 rpm	According to drive rating	
	<ul> <li>Rated motor speed given on the nameplate.</li> <li>0 to 9,999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00 krpm on the integrated display terminal.</li> <li>If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the synchronous speed and the slip in Hz or as a %, calculate the rated speed as follows:</li> <li>Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x <a href="https://www.low.org">100 - slip as a %</a></li> </ul>			
	• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x 50 - slip in Hz			
	• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x <u>60 - slip in Hz</u> 60	— (60 Hz motors)		
EFr	□ [Max frequency]	10 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	60 Hz	
	<ul> <li>The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard mo The maximum value is limited by the following conditions:</li> <li>It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.]</li> <li>Values between 500 Hz and 599 Hz are not possible for AT</li> <li>Values between 500 Hz and 599 Hz are only possible in V/F for ATV61H eee and 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV61Weee. In this [Max frequency] (tFr).</li> </ul>	(FrS) V61H●●●Y (500 to 690 \ control and for powers lin	/) mited to 37 kW (50 HP)	
(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate				

NIC SANAT

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting			
ЕUп	[Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)			
	<ul> <li>HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH</li> <li>During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.</li> <li>Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.</li> <li>Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.</li> </ul>				
	LOSS OF CONTROL				
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated motor power] (nPr) are before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.</li> </ul>	e correctly configured			
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis configured before starting auto-tuning for synchronous motor.</li> </ul>	[ (LqS) are correctly			
	<ul> <li>When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been pe (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.</li> </ul>	rformed, [Auto tuning]			
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
n D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automa (dOnE).</li> </ul>	tically changes to [Done]			
d D n E	<ul> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewhot for the base of the stop of the base of the stop of the stop of the base of the stop of the stop of the base of the stop of the stop</li></ul>				
	<ul> <li>function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0).</li> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taker auto-tuning sequence.</li> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration</li> </ul>	n into account after the			
	<ul> <li>(tnL) page <u>208</u>, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode.</li> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the c "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>				
E U 5	□ [Auto tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)			
EAB PEnd PrOG FAIL dOnE	<ul> <li>(for information only, cannot be modified)</li> <li>[Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor.</li> <li>[Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed.</li> <li>[In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress.</li> <li>[Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed.</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used</li> </ul>	to control the motor			
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	[ABC] (AbC)			
АЬС АСЬ	<ul> <li>[ABC] (AbC): Forward</li> <li>[ACB] (ACb): Reverse</li> <li>This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without re</li> </ul>	eversing the wiring			



### Parameters that can be changed during operation or when stopped

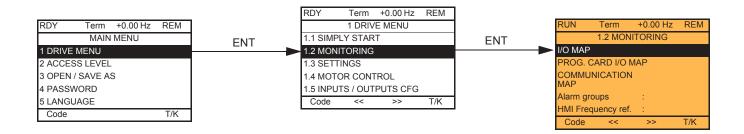
Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
I E H	[Mot. therm. current]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating	According to drive rating
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current i	ndicated on the motor na	meplate. See page <u>195</u>
ACC	□ [Acceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page <u>36</u> ). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.		
d E C	[Deceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page <u>36</u> ) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.		
L 5 P	□ [Low speed]		0
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0 and [High speed] (HSP).		
H S P	□ [High speed]		50 Hz
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [ The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (b		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

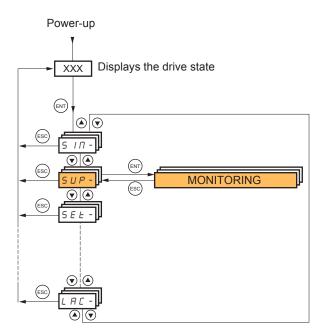


## [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

#### With graphic display terminal:

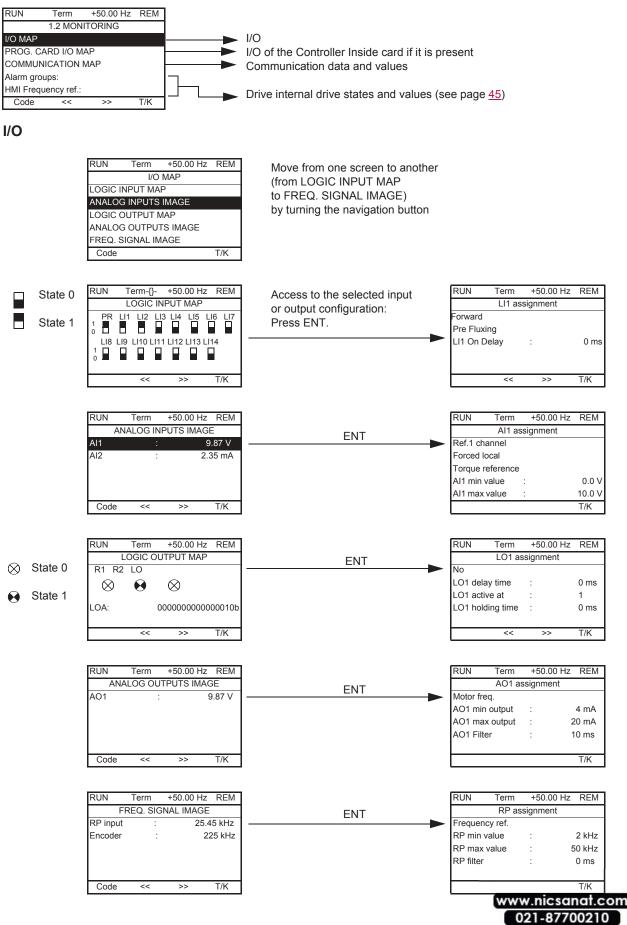


### With integrated display terminal:



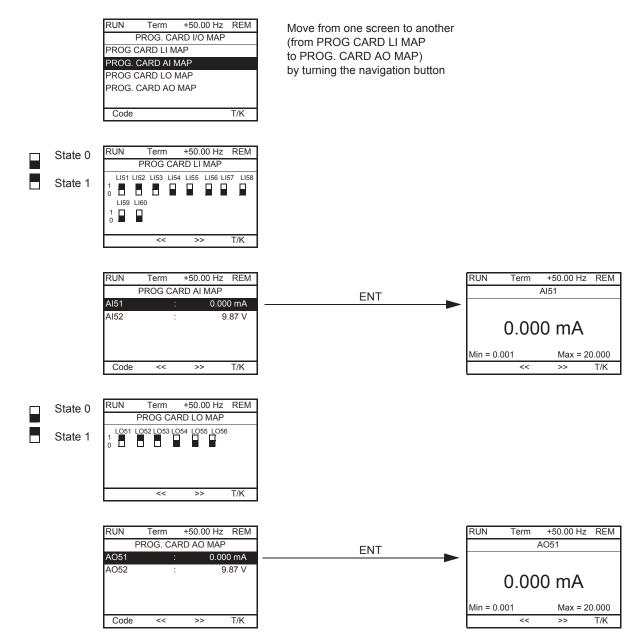


This menu can be used to display the inputs/outputs, the drive internal states and values, and the communication data and values.



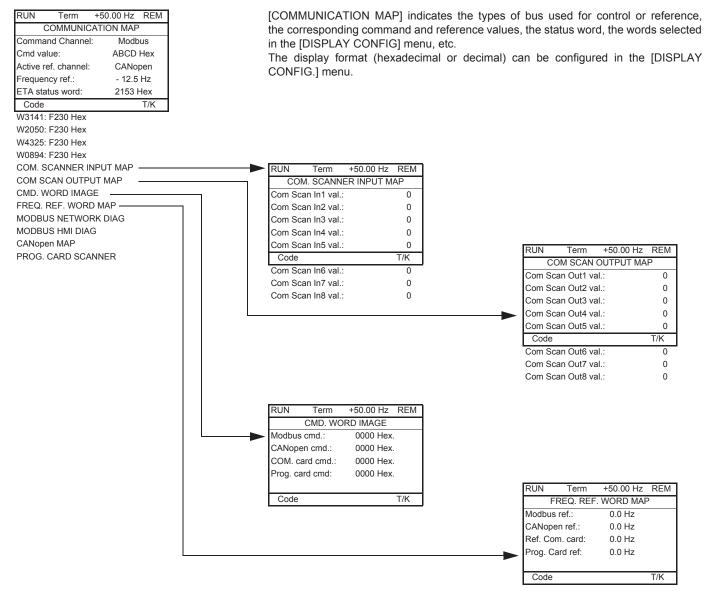


#### Controller Inside card I/O





#### Communication

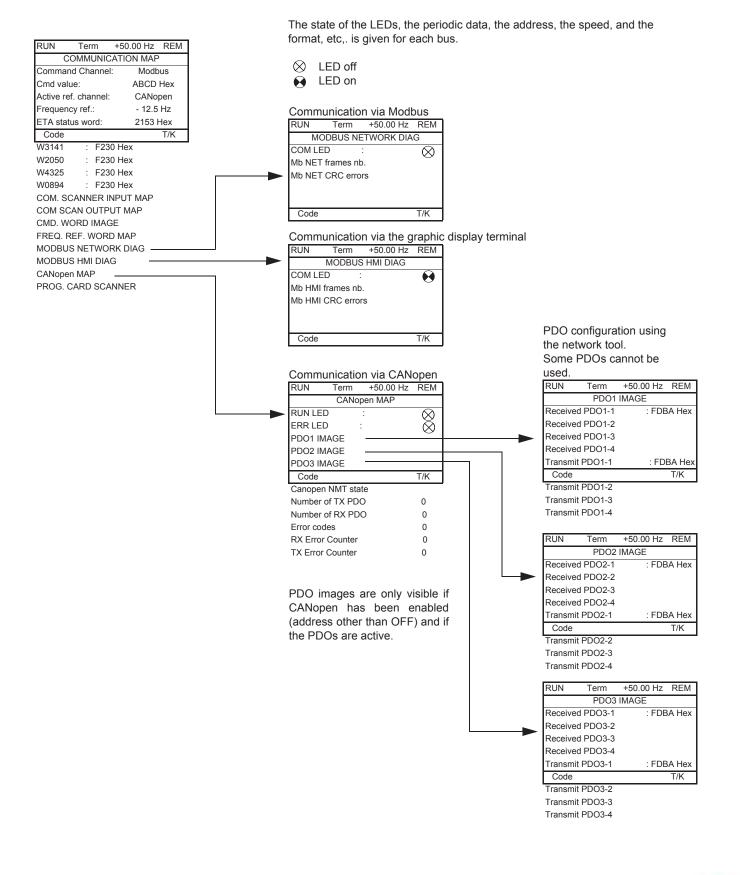


[COM. SCANNER INPUT MAP] and [COM SCAN OUTPUT MAP]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output) for integrated Modbus and for fieldbus cards.

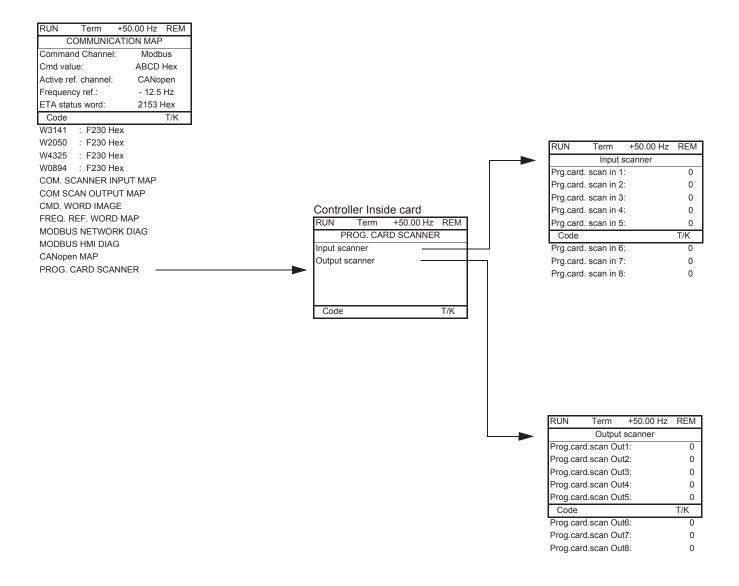


#### Communication (continued)





#### **Communication (continued)**



[Input scanner] and [Output scanner]: Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output).



### With graphic display terminal: Drive internal states and values

Name/Description		
[Alarm groups] (ALGr)	Current alarm group numbers	poppond if the function has been confirmed
[HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr) [Internal PID ref.] (rPI)	in Hz. Frequency reference via the graphic display terminal (can be a as a process value. PID reference via graphic display terminal (configured)	
[Multiplying coeff.] (MFr) [Frequency ref.] (FrH)	as a % (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page 13	<u>0</u> has been assigned)
Output frequency] (rFr)	in Hz	
[Measured output fr.] (MMF) [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS)	in Hz: The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder car in Hz: Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUE	
[Motor current] (LCr) [Motor speed] (SPd)	in A in rpm	
[Motor voltage] (UOP)	in V	
[Motor power] (OPr)	as a % of the rated power	
[Motor torque] (Otr) [Mains voltage] (ULn)	as a % of the rated torque in V. Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor rur	ning or stonned
[Motor thermal state] (tHr)	as a %	
[Drv. thermal state] (tHd)	as a %	
[DBR thermal state] (tHb)	as a % (can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brO) has been c	configured, see page <u>208</u> )
[Input Power] (IPr) [Consumption] (IPHr)	in kW (electrical power consumed by the drive) in Wh, kWh or MWh (accumulated electrical consumption of drive	e)
[Run time] (rtH)	in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the motor has been	
[Power on time] (PtH)	in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the drive has been s	
[Proc. Operat. Time] (PEt)	in hours (length of time the process has been switched on) This the drive is replaced, in order to maintain a record of previous tin	
[IGBT alarm counter] (tAC)	in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has bee	
[PID reference] (rPC)	as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has bee	
[PID feedback] (rPF)	as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has bee	
[PID error] (rPE) [PID Output] (rPO)	as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has bee in Hz (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)	n configurea)
[Date/Time] (CLO)	Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can	be accessed if the card has been inserted
[2] (002)	Words generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed	
[6] (006) [Config. active] (CnFS)	Active configuration [Config. n°0, 1 or 2]	
[Utilised param. set] (CFPS)	[Set n°1, 2 or 3] (can be accessed if parameter switching has be	en enabled, see page <u>176</u> )
[ALARMS] (ALr-)	List of current alarms. If an alarm is present, a 🧹 appears.	
[OTHER STATUS] <mark>(SSt-)</mark>	List of secondary states:	1
	<ul> <li>[In motor fluxing] (FLX): In motor fluxing</li> <li>[PTC1 alarm] (PtC1): Probe alarm 1</li> </ul>	- [HSP attained] (FLA): High speed
	- [PTC2 alarm] (PtC2): Probe alarm 2	<ul> <li>attained</li> <li>[Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set</li> </ul>
	- [LI6=PTC alarm] (PtC3): LI6 = PTC probe alarm	1 active
	- [Fast stop in prog.] (FSt): Fast stop in progress	- [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter se
	- [Current Th. attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained	2 active
	<ul> <li>([Current threshold] (Ctd) page <u>60</u>)</li> <li>[Freq. Th. attained] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>[Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter se 3 active</li> </ul>
	([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60)	- [In braking] (brS): Drive braking
	- [Freq. Th. 2 attained] (F2A): 2 <sup>nd</sup> frequency threshold attained	- [DC bus loading] (dbL): DC bus
	<ul> <li>([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page <u>60</u>)</li> <li>[Frequency ref. att.] (SrA): Frequency reference attained</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>loading</li> <li>[Forward] (MFrd): Motor running</li> </ul>
	- [Motor th. state att.] (SA): Motor 1 thermal state attained	forward
	- [External fault alarm] (EtF): External fault alarm	- [Reverse] (MrrS): Motor running in
	- [Auto restart] (AUtO): Automatic restart in progress	reverse
	<ul> <li>[Remote] (FtL): Line mode control</li> <li>[Auto-tuning] (tUn): Performing auto-tuning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>[High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque greater than high threshold</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>[Auto-turning] (torn). Performing auto-turning</li> <li>[Undervoltage] (USA): Undervoltage alarm</li> </ul>	[High torque thd.] (ttH) page <u>60</u> .
	- [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active	- [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor
	- [Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active	torque less than low threshold [Low
		torque thd.] (ttL) page <u>60</u> .
		<ul> <li>[Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained</li> </ul>
		[Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page
		www.nicsanat.com 021-87700210
		NIC SANAT

### With integrated display terminal

This menu can be used to display the drive inputs, states and internal values.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
100-	I/O MAP
L IA -	Logic input functions
LIA to LI4A	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.
L 15 I	State of logic inputs LI1 to LI8
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI1 to LI8 (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1
L 152	State of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and Power Removal
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI19to LI14 and PR (Power Removal) (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1
A IA -	Analog input functions
A I IA A IZA A I3A A I4A	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the $\blacktriangle$ and $\checkmark$ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.

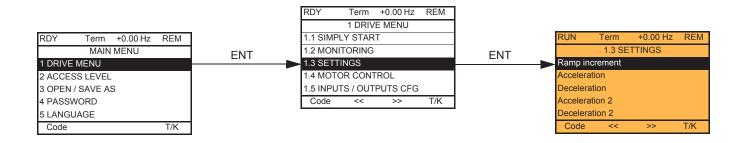


### With integrated display terminal: Drive internal states and values

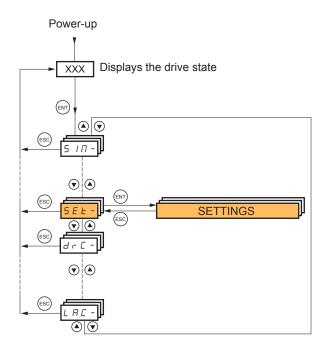
Code	Name/Description	Unit
ALGr	Alarm groups: Current alarm group numbers	
r P I	<b>Internal PID reference:</b> PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).	as a process value
ΠFr	Multiplication coefficient (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page 130 has been assigned)	%
FrH	Frequency ref.	Hz
rFr	Output frequency	Hz
ΠΠΕ	The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.	Hz
F 9 5	Frequency of the "Pulse input" used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 207	Hz
LEr	Motor current	A
SPd	Motor speed	rpm
UOP	Motor voltage	V
0Pr	Motor power	%
Otr	Motor torque	%
ULn	Line voltage: Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
EHr	Motor thermal state	%
ЕНd	Drive thermal state	%
ЕНЬ	DBR thermal state: as a % (can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brO) has been configured, page 208)	%
IPr	Electrical power consumed by the drive	W or kW
IPHr	Accumulated electrical consumption of drive	Wh, kWh or MWh
r E H	Run time: Length of time the motor has been turned on	seconds,
PEH	Power on time: Length of time the drive has been turned on	minutes or hours
PEE	Length of time the process has been turned on: in hours. This parameter can be initialized by the user if the drive is replaced, in order to maintain a record of previous times.	hours
FUC	IGBT alarm counter: Length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active	seconds
r P C	PID reference: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	as a process
r P F	PID feedback: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	value
r P E	PID error: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	-
r P D	PID Output: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	Hz
C L O -	tIME, dAY: Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o D 2	2: Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
 006	6: Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
EnF5	<b>Config. active:</b> CnF0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if motor or configuration switching has been enabled, see page <u>181</u> )	
CFPS	Utilised param. set: CFP1, 2 or 3 (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page <u>176</u> )	



#### With graphic display terminal:



### With integrated display terminal:





The adjustment parameters can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

### 

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.

• We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Inc	[Ramp increment]	0.01 - 0.1 - 1	0.1
0. 0   0.   	<ul> <li>[0.01]: Ramp up to 99.99 seconds</li> <li>[0.1]: Ramp up to 999.9 seconds</li> <li>[1]: Ramp up to 9,000 seconds This parameter is valid for [Acceleration] (ACC), [Deceleration] (or (dE2).</li> </ul>	EC), [Acceleration 2] (AC	2) and [Deceleration 2]
RCC	[Acceleration]	0.01 to 9,000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pagwith the inertia being driven.	ge <u>65</u> ). Make sure that th	his value is compatible
d E C	[Deceleration]	0.01 to 9,000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page <u>65</u> ) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.		
AC 5	[Acceleration 2]	0.01 to 9,000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page <u>133</u> Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Ma inertia being driven.	ke sure that this value is	compatible with the
d E 2	[Deceleration 2]	0.01 to 9,000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page <u>133</u> Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Ma inertia being driven.	ke sure that this value is	compatible with the
ERI	[Begin Acc round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page <u>132</u> Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Accelera	tion] (ACC) or [Accelerat	tion 2] (AC2) ramp time.
F 8 5	[End Acc round]		10%
*	<ul> <li>See page <u>132</u></li> <li>Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration]</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and (100% – [Begin Acc round] (t<sup>A</sup>)</li> </ul>		eleration 2] (AC2) ramp
E A B	[Begin Dec round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page <u>132</u> Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration]	ation] (dEC) or [Decelera	tion 2] (dE2) ramp time.

(1) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).

 $\star$ 



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E A H	[End Dec round]		10%
*	<ul> <li>See page <u>132</u></li> <li>Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and (100% – [Begin Dec round] (tA3))</li> </ul>		
LSP	□ [Low speed]		0 Hz
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0	and [High speed] (HSP)	
H S P	□ [High speed]		50 Hz
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [Low speed] (LSP) and [Max frequency] (tFr). The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60 Hz NEMA] (60).		
I E H	[Mot. therm. current]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (1) according to rating	According to drive rating
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current i	ndicated on the motor na	imeplate. See page <u>195</u>
5 P G	[Speed prop. gain]	0 to 1,000%	40%
	Speed loop proportional gain		
5 / E	[Speed time integral]	1 to 1,000%	100%
	Speed loop integral time constant.	I	
SFC	[K speed loop filter]	0 to 100	0
	Speed loop filter coefficient.	1	

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

 $\star$ 



# Adjusting the [K speed loop filter] (SFC), [Speed prop. gain] (SPG), and [Speed time integral] (SIt) parameters

- The following parameters can only be accessed in vector control profiles: [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), [Energy Sav.] (nLd) and [Sync. mot.] (SYn).
- · The factory settings are suitable for most applications.

#### General case: Setting with [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 0

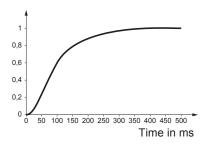
The regulator is an "IP" type with filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring flexibility and stability (high inertia, for example).

- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects excessive speed.
- [Speed prop. gain] (SIt) affects the passband and response time.

#### Initial response

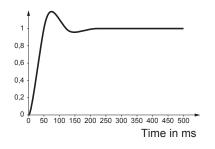
Reduction in SIT X Reference division

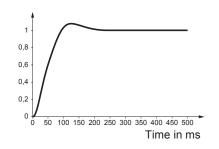
Reference division



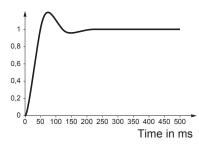
#### Initial response

Reference division

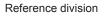


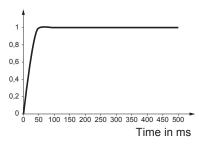


Reduction in SIT XX Reference division



#### Increase in SPG 🛛 🖈

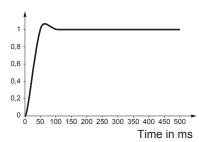






Reference division

Increase in SPG 💉



#### Special case: Parameter [K speed loop filter] (SFC) not 0

This parameter must be reserved for specific applications that require a short response time (trajectory positioning or servo control).

- When set to 100 as described above the regulator is a "PI" type, without filtering of the speed reference.
- Settings between 0 and 100 will obtain an intermediate function between the settings below and those on the previous page.

#### Example: Setting with [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 100

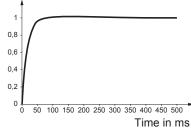
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects the passband and response time.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects excessive speed.

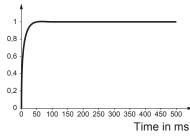
#### Initial response Reduction in SIT Reduction in SIT Reference division Reference division Reference division 1 0,8 0,8 0,8 0,6 0.6 0.6 0,4 0,4 0,4 0,2 0,2 0,2 0 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 Time in ms Time in ms Time in ms Increase in SPG 💉 Increase in SPG 💉 **Initial response** Reference division Reference division Reference division 1 0,8 0.8 0.8 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,4

50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 Time in ms

0.2

0







Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
UFr	[IR compensation]	25 to 200%	100%
*	See page <u>73</u>		
5 L P	[Slip compensation]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>73</u>		
d C F	[Ramp divider]	0 to 10	4
*	See page <u>135</u>		
IdC	□ [DC inject. level 1]	0.1 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (1) according to rating	0.64 ln (1)
*	See page <u>136</u> Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input o	or selected as stop mode	9.
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.		
Ed I	□ [DC injection time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
207	See page 136		
*	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).	this time the injection cu	urrent becomes
1965	[DC inject. level 2]	0.1 ln (1) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (1)
*	See page <u>136</u> Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC injection time 1] (tdl) has elapsed.		
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without ov Failure to follow these instructions can result in equip		
EdC	□ [DC injection time 2]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
*	See page <u>136</u> Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection	selected as stop mode	only.

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
SdC I	[Auto DC inj. level 1]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (1) according to rating	0.7 ln (1)
*	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>137</u> is not [No] (nO). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn).		
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without over <b>Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipm</b>	•	
EdC I	□ [Auto DC inj. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
*	Standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed if [A (nO) If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) maintenance time.		
5 8 6 2	[Auto DC inj. level 2]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating	0.5 ln (1)
*	2 <sup>nd</sup> level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) p This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page		
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without over Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipm		
EdC2	□ [Auto DC inj. time 2]	0 to 30 s	0 s
*	2 <sup>nd</sup> standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) p	bage <u>137</u> = [Yes] (YES).	ļ
AdC SdC	2 Operation		
YES x	SdC1 - SdC2 -		
Ct ≠ 0	tdC1 tdC1+tdC2 t SdC1 SdC2		
Ct = 0	sdC1 t		
Run command			
Speed			

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

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SFr					
	[Switching freq.]	According to rating	According to rating		
	Switching frequency setting.	<u> </u>			
	Adjustment range: It can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV61H or W), the rating (power and voltage) and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameters, page <u>77</u> . If [Sinus filter] (OFI)= [YES] (YES) and if the caliber is 690 V, the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is				
	<ul> <li>2.5 kHz otherwise the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 4.0 kHz.</li> <li>Adjustment with drive running: <ul> <li>If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase it above 1.9 kHz while running.</li> <li>If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running.</li> <li>Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
	<b>Note:</b> In the event of excessive temperature rise, the of frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to		educe the switching		
	CAUTION				
	On ATV61e075N4 to U40N4 drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the switching frequency of the drive must not exceed 4 kHz. <b>Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.</b>				
EL I	[Current Limitation]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (1) according to rating	1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating		
	Used to limit the motor current.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 196). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.				
	CAUTION				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage		ignet synchronous		
C L 2	I [I Limit. 2 value]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating	1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating		
	See page <u>168</u> Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page <u>196</u> ). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.				
*	CAUTION				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

 $\star$ 



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FLU	[Motor fluxing]		[No] (FnO)	
F n C F C E F n D	<ul> <li>[Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode</li> <li>[Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>137</u> is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> is [Freewheel] (nSt).</li> <li>[No] (FnO): Function inactive. At and above ATV61HD55M3X, ATV61HD90N4 and ATV61HC11Y, if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [SVC V] (UUC) or [Energy Sav.] (nLd), this selection cannot be made and the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC).</li> </ul>			
	If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC).			
	<ul> <li>motor.</li> <li>In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux needs to already have been established in the motor.</li> <li>In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up.</li> <li>In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor starts up.</li> </ul>		
	The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor cuadjusted to the motor magnetizing current	urrent) when the flux is e	established and is then	
	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.			
	If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 69 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter causes the alignment of the rotor and not the fluxing.			
EL S	[Low speed time out]	0 to 999.9 s	0 s	
	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page <u>38</u> ) Following operation at LSP + SLE for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the reference is greater than LSP + SLE and if a run command is still present. Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlimited period. <b>Note:</b> If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> is forced to [Ramp stop] (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).			
5 L E	[Sleep Offset Thres.]	1 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	1 Hz	
	Adjustable restart threshold (offset) following a stop after prolonged operation at [Low speed] (LSP) + [Sleep Offset Thres.] (SLE), in Hz. The motor restarts if the reference rises above (LSP + SLE) and if a run command is still present.			
J G F	[Jog frequency]	0 to 10 Hz	10 Hz	
*	See page <u>139</u> Reference in jog operation	·		
JGE	□ [Jog delay]	0 to 2.0 s	0.5 s	
*	See page <u>139</u> Anti-repeat delay between 2 consecutive jog operations.			

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 2	[Preset speed 2]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	10 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 2		
5 P 3	[Preset speed 3]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	15 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 3		
5 P 4	[Preset speed 4]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	20 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 4		
5 P 5	[Preset speed 5]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	25 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 5		
5 P 6	[Preset speed 6]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	30 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 6		
5 P 7	[Preset speed 7]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	35 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 7		
5 P 8	[Preset speed 8]	0 to 500 or 1,000 Hz according to rating	50 Hz
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset speed 8 The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (t	0Fr) = [60 Hz NEMA] (60	).

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Sr P	[+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50%	10%
*	See page <u>146</u> Limitation of +/- speed variation	I	
r P G	□ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>153</u> Proportional gain		
r 16	[PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>154</u> Integral gain	<u></u>	
r d G	[PID derivative gain]	0.00 to 100	0
*	See page <u>154</u> Derivative gain	<u>-</u>	
PrP	[PID ramp]	0 to 99.9 s	3.0 s
*	See page <u>154</u> PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined to go from [Min P (PIP2) and vice versa.	ID reference] (PIP1) to [	Max PID reference]
POL	[Min PID output]	-500 to 500 or -599 Hz to 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>154</u> Minimum value of regulator output in Hz		
РОН	[Max PID output]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	60 Hz
*	See page <u>154</u> Maximum value of regulator output in Hz	<u></u>	
PAL	[Min fbk alarm]	See page <u>154</u> (1)	100
*	See page <u>154</u> Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		
РЯН	[Max fbk alarm]	See page <u>154</u> (1)	1,000
*	See page <u>154</u> Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		

(1) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g. 15.65 for 15,650.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEr	[PID error Alarm]	0 to 65,535 (1)	100
*	See page <u>154</u> Regulator error monitoring threshold.	L	
PSr	[Speed input%]	1 to 100%	100%
*	See page <u>155</u> Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input.		
r P 2	[Preset ref. PID 2]	See page <u>158</u> (1)	300
*	See page <u>158</u> Preset PID reference		
r P 3	[Preset ref. PID 3]	See page <u>158</u> (1)	600
*	See page <u>158</u> Preset PID reference		
r P 4	[Preset ref. PID 4]	See page <u>158</u> (1)	900
*	See page <u>158</u> Preset PID reference	L	
LP I	[PID Threshold]		100
*	See page <u>157</u> PID regulator feedback supervision threshold (alarm can be assigned to a relay or a logic output, page <u>96</u> ). Adjustment range: <b>[No]</b> (nO): Function inactive <b>between</b> [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).		
EP I	[PID Ctrl. time delay]	0 to 600 s	0 s
*	See page <u>157</u> PID regulator feedback supervision time delay		

(1) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g. 15.65 for 15,650.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EL IN	[Motoring torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>166</u> Torque limitation in motor mode, as a whole % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page <u>166</u> .		
EL IG	□ [Gen. torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>166</u> Torque limitation in generator mode, as a whole % or in 0.1% ir the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page <u>166</u> .	ncrements of the rated to	rque in accordance with
CEd	[Current threshold]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating	ln (1)
	Upper current threshold for [I attained] (CtA) function assigned	d to a relay or a logic out	tput (see page <u>96</u> ).
CEdL	[Low   Threshold]	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (1) according to rating	0
	Lower current threshold for [Low I Th.At.] (CtAL) function assi	gned to a relay or a logic	c output (see page <u>96</u> ).
EEH	[High torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	100%
	High current threshold for [High tq. att.] (ttHA) function assigned a % of the rated motor torque.	ed to a relay or a logic of	utput (see page <u>96</u> ), as
EEL	[Low torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	50%
	Low current threshold for [Low tq. att.] (ttLA) function assigned % of the rated motor torque.	d to a relay or a logic out	put (see page <u>96</u> ), as a
F9L	[Pulse warning thd.]	0 Hz to 30.00 kHz	0 Hz
*	Speed threshold measured by the [FREQUENCY METER] (For logic output (see page <u>97</u> ).	qF-) function, page <u>207,</u> a	assigned to a relay or a
FEd	[Freq. threshold]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	[Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	High frequency threshold for the [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA) function as or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, p	signed to a relay or a log	ic output (see page <u>96</u> ),
FEdL	[Low Freq.Threshold]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0
	Lower frequency threshold for [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL) fur (see page <u>96</u> ).	nction assigned to a rela	y or a logic output
F2d	[Frequency 2 threshold]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	[Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	Frequency threshold for [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A) function ass or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, p		c output (see page <u>96</u> ),
FZdL	[2 Freq. Threshold]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0
	Lower frequency threshold for [2Low F.Thld] (F2AL) function as	ssigned to a relay or a log	<mark>jic output (see page <u>96</u>).</mark>

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FFE	[Freewheel stop Thd]	0.0 to 599 Hz	0.0
	<ul> <li>See page <u>135</u></li> <li>This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast so threshold.</li> <li>It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or</li> <li>0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop.</li> <li>0.1 to 599 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will so the stop of the</li></ul>	[Ramp stop] (rMP).	
E E d	[Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
*	See page <u>196</u> Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)		
r E d	[High Freq. Ref. Thr.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0
	Upper frequency reference threshold for [High Ref.] (rtAH) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page <u>96</u> ).		
rEdL	[Low Freq. Ref. Thr.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0
	Lower frequency reference threshold for [Low Ref.] (rtAL) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page <u>96</u> ).		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
JPF	[Skip Freq.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	Skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operation within an adjustable range around the regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed, which would cause resonance, being reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JF 2	□ [Skip Freq. 2]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	2 <sup>nd</sup> skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operative regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a carbeing reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JF 3	[3rd Skip Frequency]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	3 <sup>rd</sup> skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operat regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a creating reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JFH	[Skip.Freq.Hysteresis]	0.1 to 10 Hz	1 Hz
	Parameter visible if at least one skip frequency [Skip Frequency] (JPF), [Skip Frequency 2] (JF2) or [3rd Skip Frequency] (JF3) is different from 0. Skip frequency range: between (JPF – JFH) and (JPF + JFH), for example. This adjustment is common to all 3 frequencies (JPF, JF2 and JF3).		
LUn	[Unld.Thr.Nom.Speed]	20 to 100%	60%
*	See page <u>211</u> . Underload threshold at rated motor frequency ([Rated motor frequency ([Rated motor frequency torque.	req.] (FrS) page <u>36</u> ), as	a % of the rated
LUL	[Unld.Thr.0.Speed]	0 to [Unld.Thr.Nom.Speed] (LUn)	0%
*	See page <u>211</u> . Underload threshold at zero frequency, as a % of the rated mo	otor torque.	
r∏Ud	[Unld. Freq.Thr. Det.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>211</u> . Underload detection minimum frequency threshold	<u></u>	
Srb	[Hysteresis Freq.Att.]	0.3 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0.3 Hz
*	See pages <u>211</u> and <u>212</u> . Maximum deviation between the frequency reference and the motor frequency, which defines steady state operation.		
FEU	[Underload T.B.Rest.]	0 to 6 min	0 min
*	See page <u>211</u> . Minimum time permitted between an underload being detected In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of [N that of this parameter by at least one minute.		





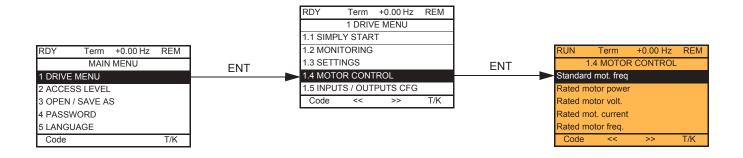
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 0 C	[Ovld Detection Thr.]	70 to 150%	110%
*	See page <u>212</u> . Overload detection threshold, as a % of the rated motor current [Rated mot. current] (nCr). This value must be less than the limit current in order for the function to work.		
FEO	[Overload T.B.Rest.]	0 to 6 min	0 min
*	See page <u>212</u> . Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the value of [M of this parameter by at least one minute.		
FFd	[NoFlo.Freq.Thres.Ac.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>183</u> . Zero flow detection activation threshold The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is not [No] (nO) and if [No Flow Period Det.] (nFd) is not 0.		
LFd	I [No Flow Offset]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>183</u> . Zero flow detection offset The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is not [No] (nO) and if [No Flow Period Det.] (nFd) is not 0.		
nFFE	[Freq.Th.Sensor. Act.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>183</u> . Zero fluid detection activation threshold The parameter can be accessed if [No Flow Sensor] (nFS) is		
n F 5 E	[Flow Times Ctrl]	0 to 999 s	10 s
*	See page <u>183</u> . Zero fluid detection activation time delay The parameter can be accessed if [No Flow Sensor] (nFS) is	not [No] (nO).	
CHE	[Flow.Lim.Th.Active]	0 to 100%	0%
*	See page <u>185</u> . Function activation threshold, as a % of the max. signal of the The parameter can be accessed if [Flow.Sen.Inf] (CHI) is not		
r C H E	[Flo.Lim.Thres. Inact.]	0 to 100%	0%
*	See page <u>185</u> . Function deactivation threshold, as a % of the max. signal of the assigned input The parameter can be accessed if [Flow.Sen.Inf] (CHI) is not [No] (nO).		
d F L	□ [Dec. Flow. limit]	0.01 to 9,000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page <u>185</u> . The parameter can be accessed if [Flow.Sen.Inf] (CHI) is not Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make being driven.		mpatible with the inertia

(1) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).

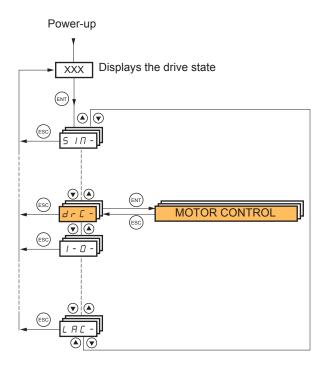




#### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:





The parameters in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- [Auto tuning] (tUn) page <u>67</u>, which causes the motor to start up.
- Parameters containing the sign () in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
bFr	□ [Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)
5 0 6 0	<ul> <li>[50Hz IEC] (50): IEC.</li> <li>[60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA.</li> <li>This parameter modifies the presets of parameters [Rated motor power] (nPr), [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Max frequency] (tFr) below, [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) page <u>50</u>, [High speed] (HSP) page <u>50</u>, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>60</u>, [Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page <u>60</u>, [V. constant power] (UCP) page <u>71</u>, [Freq. Const Power] (FCP) page <u>71</u>, [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) page <u>72</u>, [Preset speed 8] (SP8) page <u>142</u>, [Forced Run Ref.] (InHr) page <u>203</u>.</li> </ul>		
n P r	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standard in HP if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60 Hz NEMA] (60).		
Un S	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV61eeeM3X: 100 to 240 V ATV61eeeN4: 200 to 480 V ATV61eeeY: 400 to 690 V	) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.]	(SYn)
nEr	[Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (1) according to rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt Rated motor current given on the nameplate.	) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.]	(SYn)
FrS	[Rated motor freq.]	10 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	50 Hz
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard mo The maximum value is limited to 599 Hz if [Motor control type] higher than ATV61HD37• or ATV61WD45• or if the drive is ar Values between 500 Hz and 599 Hz are only possible in V/F of for the ATV61H •••• and 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV61W••••. In this [Rated motor freq.] (FrS).	ot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 (Ctt) (page <u>69</u> ) is not V/F a ATV61eeeY (500 to 69 control and for powers lin	Hz. For if the drive rating is 0 V). nited to 37 kW (50 HP)

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
n 5 P	□ [Rated motor speed]	0 to 60,000 rpm	According to drive rating
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt Rated motor speed given on the nameplate.0 to 9,999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00 krpm on the integrated dis If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the sy calculate the rated speed as follows:• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x $\frac{100 - \text{slip as a \%}}{100}$ or• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x $\frac{50 - \text{slip in Hz}}{50}$ or• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x $\frac{60 - \text{slip in Hz}}{50}$	play terminal. nchronous speed and th	
EFr	[Max frequency]	10 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	60 Hz
	<ul> <li>The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard me The maximum value is limited by the following conditions:</li> <li>It must not exceed 10 times the value of de [Rated motor fre</li> <li>It cannot exceed 500 Hz if the [Motor control type] (Ctt) (pag than ATV61HD37• or ATV61WD45•, or if the drive is an AT Values between 500 Hz and 599 Hz are only possible in V/F for the ATV61H ••• and 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV61W•••. In before [Max frequency] (tFr).</li> </ul>	eq.] (FrS) ge <u>69</u> ) is not V/F or if the V61eeeY (500 to 690 V) control and for powers lin	drive rating is higher ). mited to 37 kW (50 HP)

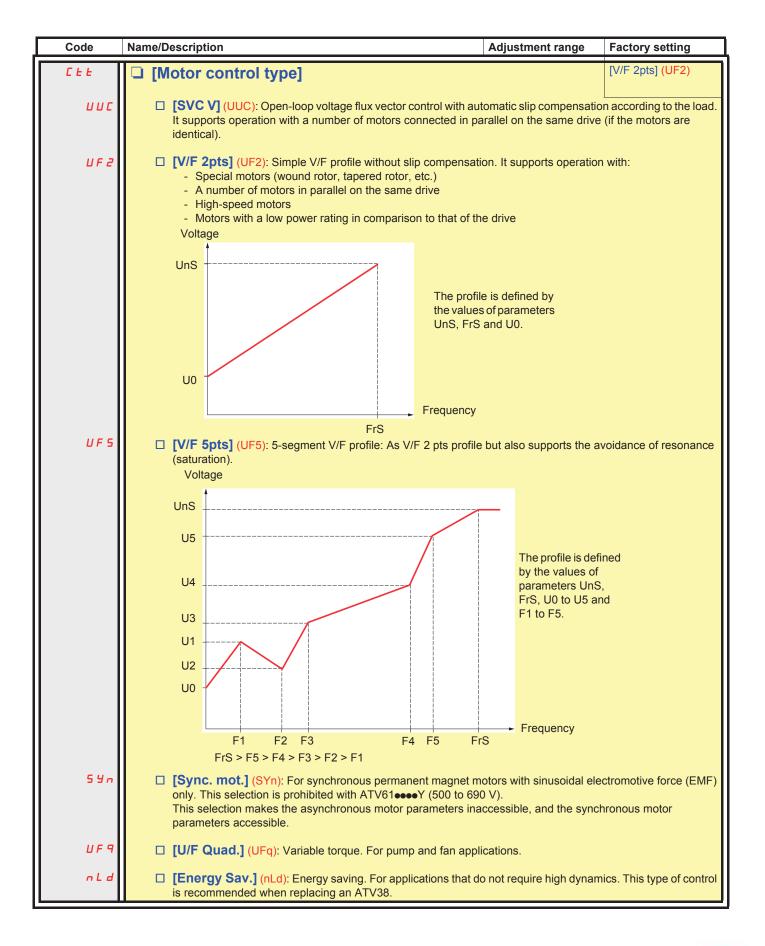


Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
EUn	[Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)	
	HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH		
	<ul> <li>During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.</li> <li>Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.</li> </ul>		
	Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.		
	LOSS OF CONTROL		
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated motor power] (nPr) are before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.</li> </ul>	e correctly configured	
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for synchronous motor.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.</li> </ul>		
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		
с D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automa</li> </ul>	tically changes to [Done]	
d D n E	<ul> <li>(dOnE).</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.</li> <li>Note:</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewhe function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0).</li> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>auto-tuning sequence.</li> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration</li> </ul>		
	(tnL) page 208, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode.		
	<ul> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the c "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>	lisplay to change to	
AUE	[Automatic autotune]	[No] (nO)	
с 0 У Е 5	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up. Caution: Same comments as for [Auto tuning] (tUn) above.</li> </ul>		
	If [Profile] (CHCF) = [8 serie] (SE8), then [Automatic autotune] (AUt) is fixed to [No] (r	IU).	



Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
E U S	□ [Auto tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)	
Е Я Ь Р Е n d Р r 0 G F Я 1 L d 0 n E С U S	Customized] (CUS): Auto-tuning has been performed, but at least one parameter	<ul> <li>bt done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor.</li> <li>ending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed.</li> <li>Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress</li> <li>ailed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed.</li> <li>one] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor.</li> <li>ustomized] (CUS): Auto-tuning has been performed, but at least one parameter set by this auto-tuning eration has subsequently been modified. The [Auto tuning] (tUn) parameter then returns to [No] (nO).</li> <li>e following auto-tuning parameters are concerned:</li> </ul>	
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
АЬС АСЬ	<ul> <li>[ABC] (AbC): Forward</li> <li>[ACB] (ACb): Reverse</li> <li>This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without rev</li> </ul>	versing the wiring.	







Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PFL	U/F Profile]	0 to 100%	20
O	Adjustment of the [U/F Quad.] (UFq) ratio. The parameter can (Ctt) = [U/F Quad.] (UFq). It defines the magnetizing current at zero frequency, as a % o		
	Magnetizing current		
	PFL 0 FrS	requency	
U D	□ [U0]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V	0
	V/f ratio The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = or [U/F Quad.] (UFq).	according to rating [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
U I	□ [U1]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F I	🗅 [F1]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
U 2	□ [U2]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c		5pts] (UF5)
F 2	□ [F2]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c		
U J	□ [U3]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c		5pts] (UF5)
FΒ	□ [F3]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)

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Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ЦЧ	□ [U4]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
FЧ	□ [F4]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
И 5	□ [U5]	0 to 800 or 1,000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 5	🖵 [F5]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
UC 2	[Vector Control 2pt]		[No] (nO)
∩ D ∀E 5	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active. Used in applications in which the motor rated speed and frequoperation at constant power, or when the maximum voltage of the line voltage. The voltage/frequency profile must then be adapted in accord maximum voltage UCP and maximum frequency FCP. Motor voltage Max. voltage UCP Rated motor volt. UnS	Frequency Frequency Frequency	imited to a value below apabilities to operate at
U C P	[V. constant power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard
	The parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2)	= [Yes] (YES)	mot. freq] (bFr)
FCP	[Freq. Const Power]	According to drive rating and [Rated motor freq.] (FrS)	= [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	The parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2)	= [Yes] (YES)	



#### Synchronous motor parameters

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page  $\underline{69}$  = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). In this case, the asynchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
n C r S	[Nominal I sync.]	0.25 to 1.1 or 1.2 Hz according to rating (1)	According to drive rating
	Rated synchronous motor current given on the nameplate.	L	
n 5 P 5	[Nom motor spdsync]	0 to 60,000 rpm	According to drive rating
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9,999 rpm then 10.00 to 60	).00 krpm.	
PPnS	□ [Pole pairs]	1 to 50	According to drive rating
	Number of pairs of poles on the synchronous motor.	L	
PHS	[Syn. EMF constant]	0 to 6,553.5	According to drive rating
	Synchronous motor EMF constant, in mV per rpm.		
LdS	□ [Autotune L d-axis]	0 to 655.3	According to drive rating
	Axis "d" stator inductance in mH. On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance L.		
L 9 5	□ [Autotune L q-axis]	0 to 655.3	According to drive rating
	Axis "q" stator inductance in mH. On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance I		
r 585	□ [Cust. stator R syn]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
	Cold state stator resistance (per winding) The factory setting is replaced by the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. The value can be entered by the user, if he knows it. Value in milliohms ( $m\Omega$ ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms ( $m\Omega/100$ ) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9,999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10,000 to 65,536).		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

#### Synchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

Code	Name/Description	
r 5 N 5	<ul> <li>[R1rS]</li> <li>Cold state stator resistance (per winding), in read-only mode. This is the drive factory setting or the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9,999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10,000 to 65,536).</li> </ul>	
F r 5 5	[Nominal freq sync.] Motor frequency at rated speed in Hz, calculated by the drive (rated motor frequency), in read-only mode.	



#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
UFr	□ [IR compensation] (1)	25 to 200%	100%			
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is or [U/F Quad.] (UFq). Used to optimize the torque at very low speed (increase [IR c Check that the [IR compensation] (UFr) value is not too high wh	ompensation] (UFr) if the	e torque is insufficient).			
5 L P	[Slip compensation]  (1)	0 to 300%	100%			
0	<ul> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is not [V/F 2pts] (UF2), [V/F 5pts] (UF5), [U/F Quad.] (UFq) or [Sync. mot.] (SYn).</li> <li>Adjusts the slip compensation around the value set by the rated motor speed.</li> <li>The speeds given on motor nameplates are not necessarily exact.</li> <li>If slip setting &lt; actual slip: The motor is not rotating at the correct speed in steady state, but at a speed lower than the reference.</li> <li>If slip setting &gt; actual slip: The motor is overcompensated and the speed is unstable.</li> </ul>					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

#### Parameter can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

Code	Name/Description
Prt	[Power Ident]     Parameter reserved for Schneider Electric product support. Do not modify.     To medify this personnator with the integrated terminal, proceeded bald down the "ENT" here for 2 or
	To modify this parameter with the integrated terminal, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.

#### Asynchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> is not [Sync. mot.] (SYn). These include:

- Parameters calculated by the drive during auto-tuning, in read-only mode. For example, R1r, calculated cold stator resistance.
- The possibility of replacing some of these calculated parameters by other values, if necessary. For example, R1w, measured cold stator resistance.

When a parameter Xyw is modified by the user, the drive uses it in place of the calculated parameter Xyr.

If auto-tuning is performed or if one of the motor parameters on which auto-tuning depends is modified ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)), parameters Xyw return to their factory settings.

Code	Name/Description
r 5 N	[Stator R measured]
	Cold stator resistance, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. Value in milliohms (m $\Omega$ ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (m $\Omega$ /100) above 75 kW (100 HP).
ПЪТ	□ [ldr]
	Magnetizing current in A, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
LFΠ	🗅 [Lfr]
	Leakage inductance in mH, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
ЕrП	□ [T2r]
	Rotor time constant in mS, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
n 5 L	[Nominal motor slip]
	Rated slip in Hz, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. To modify the rated slip, modify the [Rated motor speed] (nSP) (page <u>66</u> ).
PPn	🗅 [Pr]
	Number of pairs of poles, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
r SR	□ [R1w]
	Cold state stator resistance (per winding), modifiable value. In milliohms (m $\Omega$ ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (m $\Omega$ /100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9,999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10,000 to 65,536).
IdA	□ [ldw]
	Magnetizing current in A, modifiable value.
LFR	🗅 [Lfw]
	Leakage inductance in mH, modifiable value.
ErA	□ [T2w]
	Rotor time constant in mS, modifiable value.



#### Selecting the encoder

Follow the recommendations in the catalog and the Installation Manual.

Code	Name/Description	Name/Description Adjustment range						
E n 5 N A B B A B B A B A A	<ul> <li>[AABB] (AAbb)</li> <li>To be configured in accordance with the type of card and encoder used (1).</li> <li>[] (nO): Card missing.</li> <li>[AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B</li> <li>[AB] (Ab): For signals A, B.</li> <li>[A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) page <u>76</u> = [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG).</li> </ul>							
PG I	<ul> <li>[Number of pulses]</li> <li>Number of pulses per encoder revolution.</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been</li> </ul>	100 to 5,000 inserted (1).	1,024					

(1) The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5- INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.



#### **Encoder check procedure**

- 1. Set up in open-loop mode, following the recommendations on page 9.
- 2. Set [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [No] (nO).
- 3. Set [Encoder type] (EnS) and [Number of pulses] (PGI) accordingly for the encoder used.
- 4. Set [Encoder check] (EnC) = [Yes] (YES)
- 5. Check that the rotation of the motor is safe.
- 6. Set the motor rotating at stabilized speed ≈ 15% of the rated speed for at least 3 seconds, and use the [1.2-MONITORING] (SUP-) menu to monitor its behavior.
- 7. If it trips on an [Encoder fault] (EnF), [Encoder check] (EnC) returns to [No] (nO).
  - Check [Number of pulses] (PGI) and [Encoder type] (EnS).
  - Check that the mechanical and electrical operation of the encoder, its power supply and connections are all correct.
  - Reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter page 68) or the encoder signals.
- 8. Repeat the operations from 5 onwards until [Encoder check] (EnC) changes to [Done] (dOnE).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E n C n D y E S d D n E	<ul> <li>[Encoder check]</li> <li>Encoder feedback check See the procedure below. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been</li> <li>[Not done] (nO) Check not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder.</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks:         <ul> <li>The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor</li> <li>The presence of signals (wiring continuity)</li> <li>The number of pulses/revolution</li> <li>If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) fault</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		[Not done] (nO)
EnU nD SEC rEG PGr	<ul> <li>[Encoder usage]         The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been         [No] (nO): Function inactive         [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedbace         [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedbace         type] (Ctt) = [SVC U] (UUC) the encoder operates in speed feedbace         the speed to be performed. This configuration is not accessible         [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference.     </li> </ul>	ck for monitoring only. k for regulation and mon edback mode and enabl	es static correction of

(1) The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5- INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting					
OF I	[Sinus filter]		[No] (nO)					
н D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No sinus filter</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Use of a sinus filter, to limit overvoltages on the motor and reduce the ground fault leakage current.</li> <li>[Sinus filter] (OFI) is forced to [No] (nO) for ATV61e075ee ratings.</li> <li>[Sinus filter] (OFI) is forced to [No] (nO) for ATV61eeeY if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> is not set to [U/F 2pts] (UF2) or [U/F 5pts] (UF5).</li> </ul>							
	If [Sinus filter] (OFI) = [Yes] (YES), [Max frequency] (tFr) must not type] (Ctt) page 69 must not be: • [Sync. mot.] (SYn), irrespective of the drive rating • [SVC V] (UUC) or [Energy Sav.] (nLd) at and above 55 kW ( above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV61HeeeN4 Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dama	75 HP) for ATV61H						
5 <i>F r</i>	[Switching freq.] (1)	According to rating	According to rating					
0	Switching frequency setting. Adjustment range: It can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type voltage) and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) param- parameter page <u>78</u> . If [Sinus filter] (OFI) = [YES] (YES) and if the caliber is 690 V, 2.5 kHz otherwise the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value in Adjustment with drive running: - If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increa- - If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions. Where: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to CAUTION On ATV61•075N4 to U40N4 drives, if the RFI filters are disconneor switching frequency of the drive must not exceed 4 kHz. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dama	of drive (ATV61H or W), eter above and [Motor s the minimum [Switching s 4.0 kHz. ease it above 1.9 kHz wh m of 2 kHz must be main drive will automatically re o normal.	the rating (power and urge limit.] (SUL) freq.] (SFr) value is ile running. ntained while running. educe the switching system), the					
$\mathbf{O}$	<ul> <li>[Current Limitation] (1)</li> <li>Used to limit the motor current.</li> <li>Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may this has been enabled (see page <u>196</u>). If it is less than t</li> </ul>							
	has any effect.							
	CAUTION							
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dama		gnet synchronous					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



in

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Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
nr d	[Noise reduction]		According to rating
n 0	[No] (nO): Fixed frequency. Factory setting at and above ATV ATV61HC11Y	/61HD55M3X, ATV61HI	D90N4 and
9 E S	<ul> <li>[Yes] (YES): Frequency with random modulation. Factory setti ATV61HD90Y.</li> <li>Random frequency modulation prevents any resonance, which</li> </ul>		
5 U L	[Motor surge limit.]		[No] (nO)
п 0 У Е 5	<ul> <li>This function limits motor overvoltages and is useful in the following in the foll</li></ul>		ength of cable between
5 O P	[Volt surge limit. opt]		10 (μs)
	Optimization parameter for transient overvoltages at the motor (SUL) = [Yes] (YES). Set to 6, 8, or 10 ( $\mu$ s), according to the following table.	terminals. Accessible if	[Motor surge limit.]

The value of the "SOP" parameter corresponds to the attenuation time of the cable used. It is defined to prevent the superimposition of voltage wave reflections resulting from long cable lengths. It limits overvoltages to twice the DC bus rated voltage.

The tables on the following page give examples of correspondence between the "SOP" parameter and the length of the cable between the drive and the motor. For longer cable lengths, a sinus filter or a dV/dt protection filter must be used.

For motors in parallel, the sum of all the cable lengths must be taken into consideration. Compare the length given in the line corresponding to the power for one motor with that corresponding to the total power, and select the shorter length. Example: Two 7.5 kW (10 HP) motors – take the lengths on the 15 kW (20 HP) line, which are shorter than those on the 7.5 kW (10 HP) line, and divide by the number of motors to obtain the length per motor (with unshielded "GORSE" cable and SOP = 6, the result is 40/2 = 20 m maximum for each 7.5 kW (10 HP) motor).

In special cases (for example, different types of cable, different motor powers in parallel, different cable lengths in parallel, etc.), we recommend using an oscilloscope to check the overvoltage values obtained at the motor terminals.

To retain the overall drive performance, do not increase the SOP value unnecessarily.



# Tables giving the correspondence between the SOP parameter and the cable length, for 400 V line supply

Altivar 61	Motor		Cable cro	ss-section	Maximum cable length in meters						
reference	Power						ed "GORSE" cable SVCSTV-LS/LH				
	kW	HP	in mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	
ATV61H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	100 m	70 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	100 m	70 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	110 m	65 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	110 m	65 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	110 m	65 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	120 m	65 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	120 m	65 m	45 m	105 m	85 m	65 m	
ATV61HD11N4	11	15	6	10	115 m	60 m	45 m	100 m	75 m	55 m	
ATV61HD15N4	15	20	10	8	105 m	60 m	40 m	100 m	70 m	50 m	
ATV61HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	115 m	60 m	35 m	150 m	75 m	50 m	
ATV61HD22N4	22	30	16	6	150 m	60 m	40 m	150 m	70 m	50 m	
ATV61HD30N4	30	40	25	4	150 m	55 m	35 m	150 m	70 m	50 m	
ATV61HD37N4	37	50	35	5	200 m	65 m	50 m	150 m	70 m	50 m	
ATV61HD45N4	45	60	50	0	200 m	55 m	30 m	150 m	60 m	40 m	
ATV61HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0	200 m	50 m	25 m	150 m	55 m	30 m	
ATV61HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0	200 m	45 m	25 m	150 m	55 m	30 m	

Altivar 61	Motor		Cable cros	ss-section	Maximum cable length in meters					
reference	reference Power				Shielded "BELDEN" cable Type 2950x		Shielded "PROTOFLEX" cable Type EMV 2YSLCY-J			
	kW	HP	in mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV61H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HD11N4	11	15	6	10	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HD15N4	15	20	10	8	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	50 m	40 m	30 m			
ATV61HD22N4	22	30	16	6				75 m	40 m	25 m
ATV61HD30N4	30	40	25	4				75 m	40 m	25 m
ATV61HD37N4	37	50	35	5				75 m	40 m	25 m
ATV61HD45N4	45	60	50	0				75 m	40 m	25 m
ATV61HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0				75 m	30 m	15 m
ATV61HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0				75 m	30 m	15 m

Note: For 230/400 V used at 230 V, the [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameter can remain = [No] (nO).



### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[Braking level]		According to drive voltage rating
	DC bus voltage threshold above which the braking transistor of ATV61eeeM3e: factory setting 395 V. ATV61eeeN4: factory setting 785 V. ATV61eeeS6Y: factory setting 980 V. ATV61eeeY: factory setting 1127 V or 1080 V according to ra The adjustment range depends on the voltage rating of the dri page <u>200</u> .	iting.	
6 6 A	[Braking balance]		[No] (nO)
n D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Function active, to be used on drives connected braking power between the drives. The [Braking level] (Ubr) part on the various drives. The value [Yes] (YES) is only possible if [Dec ramp adapt.] (brown and the value [Yes] (YES) is only possible if [Dec ramp adapt.]</li> </ul>	rameter, page <u>80</u> , must b	e set to the same value

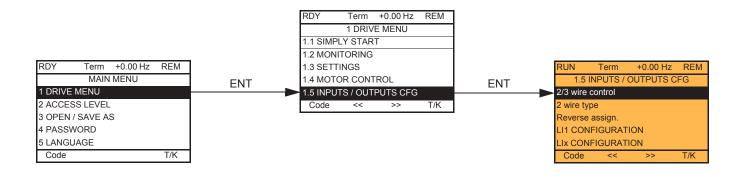
(1)The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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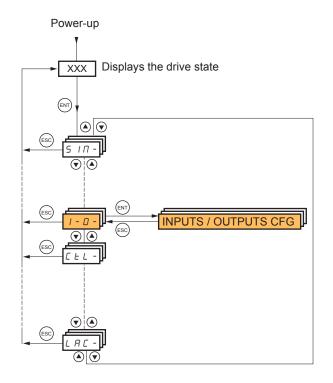
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



#### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:





The parameters in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FCC	□ [2/3 wire control]		[2 wire] (2C)
2 C 3 C	□ [2 wire] (2C) □ [3 wire] (3C)		
	2-wire control: This is the input state (0 or 1) or edge (0 to 1 or	1 to 0), which controls	running or stopping.
	Example of "source" wiring:		
	ATV 71 +24 LI1 Lix LI1: forward Lix: reverse		
	3-wire control (pulse control): A "forward" or "reverse" pulse is s sufficient to command stopping.	ufficient to command s	tarting, a "stop" pulse is
	Example of "source" wiring:		
	ATV 71 +24 LI1 LI2 LIX LI2: forward E-ZEA EA LIX: reverse		
		;	
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION		
	To change the assignment of [2/3 wire control] (tCC) press the It causes the following functions to return to factory setting: [2 (rrS) below, and all functions which assign logic inputs and ar The macro configuration selected will also be reset if it has bee It is advisable to configure this parameter before configuring th [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus. Check that this change is compatible with the wiring diagram of Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or	wire type] (tCt) and [Re aalog inputs. n customized (loss of co ne [1.6 COMMAND] (C used.	ustom settings).
ECE	□ [2 wire type]		[Transition] (trn)
L E L E c n P F D	<ul> <li>[Level] (LEL): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run (1) or</li> <li>[Transition] (trn): A change of state (transition or edge) is near accidental restarts after a break in the power supply.</li> <li>[Fwd priority] (PFO): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for rupriority over the "reverse" input.</li> </ul>	cessary to initiate opera	
r r 5	□ [Reverse assign.]		[No] (nO)
0 L     - - - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)</li> <li>[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has b</li> <li>[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in</li> </ul>	d has been inserted	
C 4 0 0	<ul> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen i</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication carc</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside car</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be Assignment of the reverse direction command.</li> </ul>	n [I/O profile] (IO) I in [I/O profile] (IO) rd in [I/O profile] (IO) switched with possible	
		www.nicso 021-877	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 1-	[LI1 CONFIGURATION]		
LIA	[LI1 assignment]     Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.     It displays all the functions that are assigned to input LI	1 in order to check multip	le assignments.
LId	[LI1 On Delay] This parameter is used to take account of the change of be adjusted between 0 and 200 milliseconds, in order to state 0 is taken into account without delay. WARNI UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that the delay set does not pose a risk or lead to u. The relative order in which these inputs are taken into accourd values of the various logic inputs, and thus lead to uninter Failure to follow these instructions can result in deated	ndesired operation. unt may be modified acco	erence. The change to
L	[LIx CONFIGURATION]		
	All the logic inputs available on the drive are processed or LI14, depending on whether or not option cards have		l above, up to Ll6, Ll10

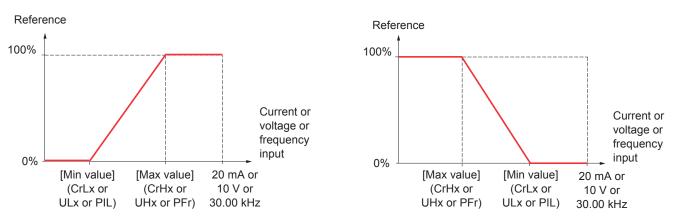


#### Configuration of analog inputs and Pulse input

The minimum and maximum input values (in volts, mA, etc.) are converted to% in order to adapt the references to the application.

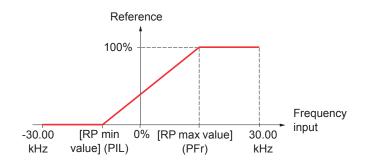
#### Minimum and maximum input values:

The minimum value corresponds to a reference of 0% and the maximum value to a reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



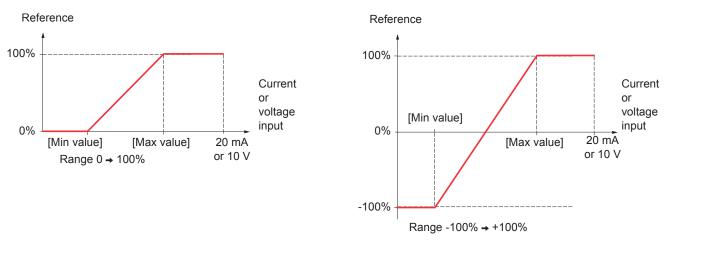
For +/- bidirectional inputs, the min. and max. are relative to the absolute value, for example, +/- 2 to 8 V.

#### Negative min. value of Pulse input:

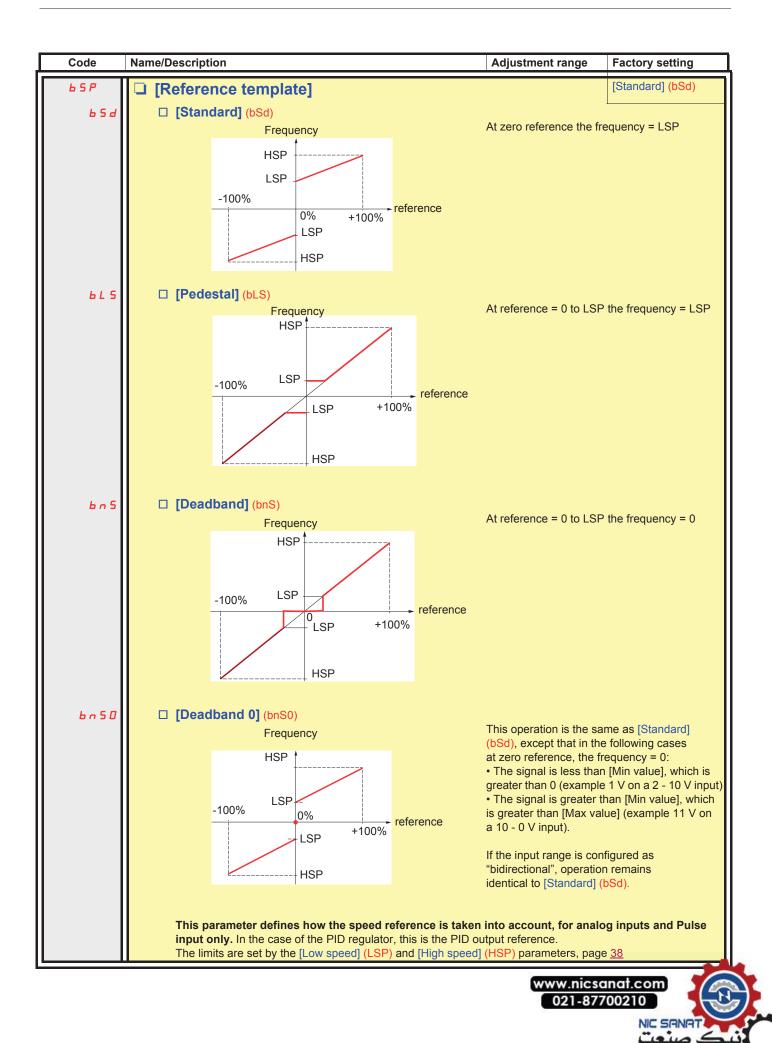


#### Range (output values): For analog inputs only

This parameter is used to configure the reference range to  $[0\% \rightarrow 100\%]$  or  $[-100\% \rightarrow +100\%]$  in order to obtain a bidirectional output from a unidirectional input.

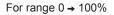


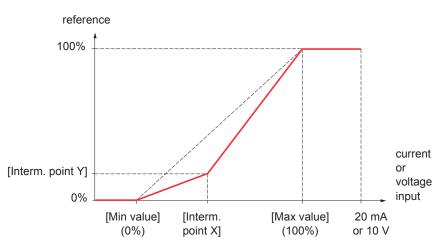




#### Delinearization: For analog inputs only

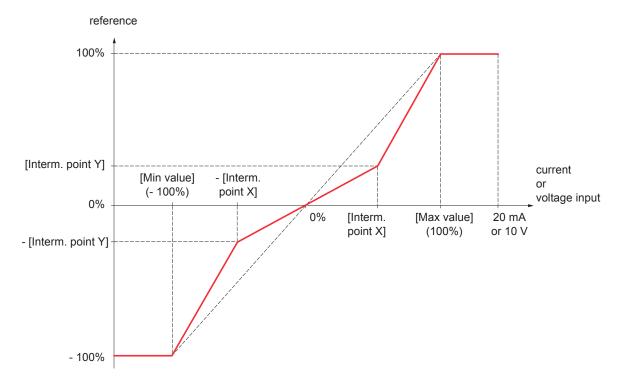
The input can be delinearized by configuring an intermediate point on the input/output curve of this input:













Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A I I -	[AI1 CONFIGURATION]		
A I IA	□ [Al1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI1 in ord problems.	ler to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A I IE	[Al1 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
ا ت ا	[Voltage] (10U): Positive voltage input (negative values unidirectional).	are considered as zero:	the input is
n 10U	<b>[Voltage +/-]</b> (n10U): Positive and negative voltage input	ut (the input is bidirection	nal).
U IL I	[Al1 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
		1	
Ш ІН І	[Al1 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
A I IF	[Al1 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.	1	
A I IE	[Al1 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	<ul> <li>Input delinearization point coordinate.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Al1 min value] (UIL1).</li> <li>100% corresponds to [Al1 max value] (UIH1).</li> </ul>	<u> </u>	
A I IS	[Al1 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference).	L	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 12 -	[AI2 CONFIGURATION]		
A 12A	[Al2 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI2 in problems.	order to check, for exampl	e, for compatibility
A ISE	□ [Al2 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
10 U 0 A	<ul> <li>[Voltage] (10U): Voltage input</li> <li>[Current] (0 A): Current input</li> </ul>		
ErL2	[Al2 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [	Current] (0 A)	
U IL 2	□ [Al2 min. value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [	/oltage] (10U)	
CrH2	[Al2 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [	Current] (0 A)	
U 1H 2	□ [Al2 max. value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [	voltage] (10U)	
A IZF	□ [Al2 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A ISL	□ [Al2 range]		[0 – 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	<ul> <li>[0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input</li> <li>[+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input</li> <li>Example: On a 0/10 V input</li> <li>0 V corresponds to reference -100%</li> <li>5 V corresponds to reference 0%</li> <li>10 V corresponds to reference +100%</li> </ul>		L
A 12E	□ [Al2 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	<ul> <li>Input delinearization point coordinate.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Max value] + [Min value]</li> <li>100% corresponds to [Max value].</li> </ul>	9%. $\rightarrow$ if the range is -100% $\rightarrow$ +	100%.
A 125	□ [Al2 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency refe	rence).	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
R 13-	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
<i>пізп</i>	[AI3 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI3 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		, for compatibility
A 13E 0A	<ul> <li>[AI3 Type]</li> <li>Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.</li> <li>[Current] (0 A): Current input</li> </ul>		[Current] (0 A)
ErL3	[Al3 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
C r H 3	[AI3 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
R I J F	[AI3 filter]     Interference filtering.	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
A I J L	□ [Al3 range]		[0 – 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	<ul> <li>[0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input</li> <li>[+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input</li> <li>Example: On a 4 - 20 mA input</li> <li>4 mA corresponds to reference -100%</li> <li>12 mA corresponds to reference 0%</li> <li>20 mA corresponds to reference +100%</li> <li>Since AI3 is, in physical terms, a bidirectional input, the [+/- 100%] (nEG) configuration must only be used if the signal applied is unidirectional. A bidirectional signal is not compatible with a bidirectional configuration.</li> </ul>		
A I J E	[Al3 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	<ul> <li>Input delinearization point coordinate.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Min value] (CrL3) if the range is 0 → 100%.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3) - [Al3 min. value] (CrL3) 2 if the range is -100% → +100%.</li> <li>100% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3).</li> </ul>		is -100% <del>→</del> +100%.
A 135	[Al3 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	ce).	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 14-	■ [AI4 CONFIGURATION]		
	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
я ічя	[Al4 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI4 in ord problems.	ler to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A I Y E	□ [Al4 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
10 U 0 R	<ul> <li>[Voltage] (10U): Voltage input</li> <li>[Current] (0 A): Current input</li> </ul>		
ErL4	[Al4 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cur	rent] (0 A)	
UIL 4	[Al4 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
C r H 4	□ [Al4 max value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cur	rent] (0 A)	
<u> </u>	□ [Al4 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
A I Y F	[Al4 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.	<u> </u>	
A I Y L	[Al4 range]		[0 – 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	<ul> <li>[0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input</li> <li>[+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input</li> <li>Example: On a 0/10 V input</li> <li>0 V corresponds to reference -100%</li> <li>5 V corresponds to reference 0%</li> <li>10 V corresponds to reference +100%</li> </ul>		
A I Y E	[Al4 Interm.point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	<ul> <li>Input delinearization point coordinate.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100%.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Max value] + [Min value] 2 if the range is 0 → 100%.</li> </ul>	ange is -100% → + 100%.	
A 145	□ [Al4 Interm.point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AU I-	[VIRTUAL AI1]		
A IC I	[Al net. channel]		[No] (nO)
n 0 N d 6 C A n n E E A P P	Virtual input. This parameter can also be accessed in the [PID REG [Non] (nO): Not assigned (in this case, the virtual inpu- parameters for the functions) [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inser Scale: The value 8192 transmitted by this input is equi	ut does not appear in the a	nalog input assignment
	WARNING		
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION		
	If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see partial last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the second		emains frozen at the
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in deat	h or serious injury.	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PLI-	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been	ninserted	
РІЯ	<ul> <li>[RP assignment]</li> <li>Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.</li> <li>It displays all the functions associated with the Pulse In input in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.</li> </ul>		
PIL	□ [RP min value]	- 30.00 to 30.00 kHz	0
	Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	-	
PFr	□ [RP max value]	0 to 30.00 kHz	30.00 kHz
	Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
PF I	□ [RP filter]	0 to 1,000 ms	0
	Interference filtering.	L	

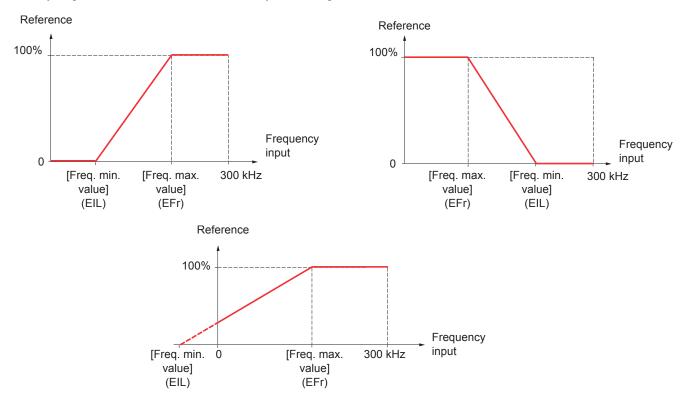


# Configuration of the encoder input serving as a reference, with a frequency generator

This reference is not signed, therefore the directions of operation must be given via the control channel (logic inputs, for example).

#### Minimum and maximum values (input values):

The minimum value corresponds to a minimum reference of 0% and the maximum value to a maximum reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value. It may also be negative.



A reference can be obtained at zero frequency by assigning a negative value to the minimum value.



Name/Description Code Adjustment range **Factory setting** IEn [ENCODER CONFIGURATION] The encoder parameters can only be accessed if a compatible encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. [AABB] (AAbb) EnS [Encoder type] The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted. To be configured in accordance with the type of encoder used. *ААЬЬ* [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B-. [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B. ЯЬ [A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) page <u>95</u> = [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG). Ħ [Not done] (nO) EnC [Encoder check] Encoder feedback check See procedure page 76. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted and if [Encoder usage] (EnU) page 95 is not [Speed ref.] (PGr). □ [Not done] (nO) Check not performed. n () [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder. *4 E 5* Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. dOnE The check procedure checks: - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor - The presence of signals (wiring continuity) - The number of pulses/revolution If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) fault mode.

The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
EnU	[Encoder usage]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G P G r	<ul> <li>The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, the other parameters cannot be accessed.</li> <li>[Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for monitoring only.</li> <li>[Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for regulation and monitoring. If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC U] (UUC) the encoder operates in speed feedback mode and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. This configuration is not accessible for other [Motor control type] (Ctt) values.</li> <li>[Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference.</li> </ul>		
P G 1	[Number of pulses]	100 to 5,000	1,024
	Number of pulses per encoder revolution. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted.		
PGR	□ [Reference type]		[Encoder] (EnC)
E n C P E G	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr).  [Encoder] (EnC): Use of an encoder. [Freq. gen.] (PtG): Use of a frequency generator (absolute speed setpoint).		
EIL	[Freq. min. value]	- 300 to 300 kHz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr) and if [Reference type] (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed		
EFr	[Freq. max value]	0.00 to 300 kHz	300 kHz
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr) and if [Reference type] (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
EF I	[Freq. signal filter]	0 to 1,000 ms	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) Interference filtering.	= [Speed ref.] (PGr).	



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
r 1-	[R1 CONFIGURATION]
r 1	[No drive fit] (FLt) [No drive fit] (FLt)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned
FLE	[No drive flt] (FLt): Drive not faulty (relay normally energized, and de-energized if there is a fault)
r Un F E A	[Drv running] (rUn): Drive running
r E 11	[Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The relay is closed if the frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.
FLR	□ [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached
CEA	Current Th. attained] (CtA): The relay is closed if the current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.
Sr A	[Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached
E S A	[Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached
P E E P F A	<ul> <li>[PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm</li> <li>[PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> or less than</li> </ul>
	[Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page <u>154</u> )
R P 2	[Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2
F2A	Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The relay is closed if the frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.
EAd	[Th.drv.att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state reached
E E H A E E L A	□ [High tq. att.] (ttHA): Motor torque greater than high threshold [High torque thd.] (ttH) page <u>60</u>
NFrd	<ul> <li>[Low tq. att.] (ttLA): Motor torque less than low threshold [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page <u>60</u></li> <li>[Forward] (MFrd): Motor running forward</li> </ul>
nrr5	[Reverse] (MrrS): Motor running in reverse
rEAH	[High Reference Att.] (rtAH): The relay is closed if the frequency reference is greater than [High Freq.
	Ref. Thr.] (rtd) page <u>61</u> .
rEAL	[Low Reference Att.] (rtAL): The relay is closed if the frequency reference is less than [Low Freq. Ref. The 1/rtdl.) page 64
FEAL	Thr.] (rtdL) page <u>61</u> .  [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The relay is closed if the frequency is less than [Low Freq.Threshold]
	(FtdL) page <u>60</u> .
FZAL	[2Low F.Thid] (F2AL): The relay is closed if the frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL)
	page <u>60</u> .
CEAL ULA	[Low   Th.At.] (CtAL): The relay is closed if the current is less than [Low   Threshold] (CtdL) page <u>60</u> .
DL A	<ul> <li>[Pro.Undload] (ULA): Process underload (see page <u>210</u>)</li> <li>[Ovid.P.Airm] (OLA): Process overload (see page <u>212</u>)</li> </ul>
PFAH	<ul> <li>[PID high Al.] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u>).</li> </ul>
PFAL	[PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page <u>154</u> ).
PISH	[Regul.Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page <u>157</u> .
Ern	[Emerg. Run] (Ern): The relay is closed if the drive is in emergency run. See [Forced Run] (InHS)
E 5 2	page <u>203</u> .  [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached
E 5 3	□ [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached
SErE	Drive start] (Strt)
	1 : A run order has been received
ьпр	0 : A stop order has been received
0117	[Rem.Cmd] (bMP): Control via the graphic display terminal is activated via a function key on the terminal.



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
r 1-	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)
r 1	[R1 Assignment] (continued)
A E S	[Neg Torque] (AtS): Negative torque (braking)
E n F D	[Cnfg.0 act.] (CnF0): Configuration 0 active
EnF I	[Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active
EnF2	[Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active
CFP I	[Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1 active
C F P 2	[Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2 active
C F P 3	[Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3 active
dbL	[DC charged] (dbL): DC bus loading
6 r 5	[In braking] (brS): Drive braking
РгП	[P. removed] (PRM): Drive locked by "Power removal" input
F9LA	[Fr.met. alar.] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 60
ΠΕΡ	[I present] (MCP): Motor current present
A G 1	□ [Alarm Grp 1] (AGI): Alarm group 1
8 G 2	□ [Alarm Grp 2] (AG2): Alarm group 2
863 P18	<ul> <li>[Alarm Grp 3] (AG3): Alarm group 3</li> <li>[PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1</li> </ul>
P 2 R	[PTC2 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1
PL A	$\Box [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarms$
EFR	□ [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm
USA.	□ [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
UP A	[Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning
EHA	□ [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating
5 S A	[Lim T/l att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm
EJR	□ [IGBT al.] (tJA): IGBT alarm
6 O A	[Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm
APA	[Option al.] (APA): Alarm generated by the Controller Inside card
R P 3	[AI3 AI. 4-20] (AP3): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input AI3
<i>ПРЧ</i>	[Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4
FSA	[Flow Limit.] (FSA): Flow rate limiting active (see page <u>184</u> )
r d 4	[Ready] (rdY): Drive ready



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
r Id	□ [R1 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured t becomes true. The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) assignm		the information
r 15	[R1 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>Configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drivent in the information is true information [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drivent information]</li> </ul>	ve fit] (FLt), assignment.	
r IH	[R1 Holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes false. The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) as		
r 2 -	[R2 CONFIGURATION]		
r 2	[R2 Assignment]		[Drv running] (rUn)
L L C D C C d C D d A N	Identical to R1 (see page <u>96</u> ) with the addition of (shown for be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)) ment [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor con [Damper] (dAM): Damper control	u:	ese selections can only
r 2 d	□ [R2 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 2 S	[R2 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>	drive flt] (FLt), [DC char	ging] (dCO)
r 2 H	[R2 Holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [I assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes false.		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
r 3	[R3 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2		
r 3d	□ [R3 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes true.		
r 35	□ [R3 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	<ul> <li>Configuration of the operating logic:</li> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>	drive flt] (FLt), [DC char	ging] (dCO)
r 3H	[R3 Holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		
r 4 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
r 4	□ [R4 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2 (see page <u>98</u> ).		
r 4d	[R4 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 45	□ [R4 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	<ul> <li>Configuration of the operating logic:</li> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>	drive flt] (FLt), [DC char	ging] (dCO)
r 4H	□ [R4 Holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [I (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes false.		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L D I -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 I	□ [LO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
LLC DCC dCD dRN	be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)) men [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control	<ul> <li>[Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control</li> <li>[[DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control</li> </ul>	
LOId	[LO1 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes true.		
L0/5	□ [LO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>		
LOIH	[LO1 holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		
L 0 2 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 2	□ [LO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1.		
LOZd	[LO2 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 2 5	□ [LO2 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>		
LOZH	□ [LO2 holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [I assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes false.		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L D 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
L O 3	□ [LO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1 (see page <u>100</u> ).		
L 0 3 d	[LO3 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 3 5	□ [LO3 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1]: State 1 when the information is true [0]: State 0 when the information is true The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.		
LOJH	[LO3 holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [ assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to becomes false.		
L 0 4 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 4	□ [LO4 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1 (see page <u>100</u> ).		
L 0 4 d	[LO4 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 4 5	□ [LO4 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1]: State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0]: State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the[No drive fit] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC), assignments.</li> </ul>		
LOYH	[LO4 holding time]	0 to 9,999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [ assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured becomes false.		



#### Use of analog output AO1 as a logic output

Analog output AO1 can be used as a logic output, by assigning DO1. In this case, state 0 of this output corresponds to the minimum value of AO1 (0 V or 0 mA, for example), and state 1 corresponds to the maxium value of AO1 (10 V or 20 mA, for example).

The electrical characteristics of this analog output remain unchanged. As they differ from logic output characteristics, it is important to ensure that they are compatible with the intended application.

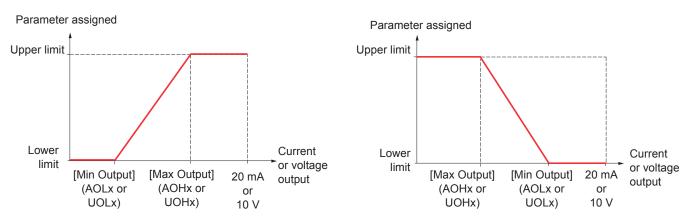
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d 0 I -	[DO1 CONFIGURATION]		
d 0 I	[DO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
L L C D C C J C D J R N	Identical to R1 (see page <u>96</u> ) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu):         [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control         [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control         [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control         [Damper] (dAM): Damper control		
d 0   d	□ [DO1 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Output cont] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
d 0   S	□ [DO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	Configuration of the operating logic: <ul> <li>[1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true</li> <li>[0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true</li> <li>The [1] (POS) configuration cannot be modified for the [No drive fit] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.</li> </ul>		
d 0   H	[DO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [DC charging] (dCO) and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		



#### Configuration of analog outputs

#### Minimum and maximum values (output values):

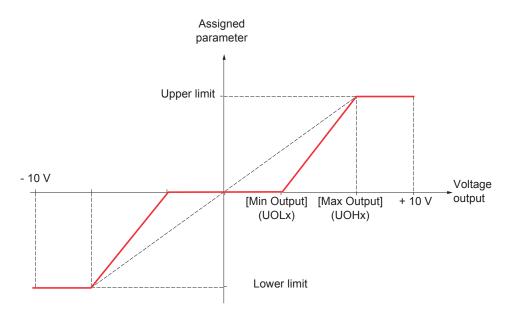
The minimum output value, in volts or mA, corresponds to the lower limit of the assigned parameter and the maximum value corresponds to its upper limit. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



#### Outputs AO2 and AO3 configured as bipolar outputs (strongly recommended for signed parameters):

The [min Output] (UOLx) and [max Output] (UOHx) parameters are absolute values, although they function symmetrically. In the case of bipolar outputs, always set the maximum value higher than the minimum value.

The [max Output] (UOHx) corresponds to the upper limit of the assigned parameter, and the [min Output] (UOLx) corresponds to an average value between the upper and lower limits (0 for a signed and symmetrical parameter such as in the example below).





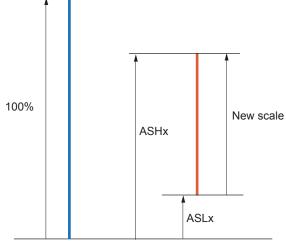
#### Scaling of the assigned parameter

The scale of the assigned parameter can be adapted in accordance with requirements by modifying the values of the lower and upper limits by means of two parameters for each analog output.

These parameters are given as a %; 100% corresponds to the total variation range of the configured parameter, so:

- 100% = upper limit lower limit. For example, for [Sign. torque] (Stq), which varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, 100% corresponds to 6 times the rated torque.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) modifies the lower limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 0% (factory setting) does not modify the lower limit.
- The [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx) parameter modifies the upper limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASHx). The value 100% (factory setting) does not modify the upper limit.
- [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) must always be lower than [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).

Upper limit of the assigned parameter



Lower limit of the assigned parameter

#### Application example 1

The value of the signed motor torque at the AO2 output is to be transferred with +/- 10 V, with a range of -2 Tr to +2 Tr

The parameter [Sign. torque.] (Stq) varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, or a range of 6 times the rated torque.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must modify the lower limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100/6 = 16.7% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASL2).

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100 - 100/6 = 83.3% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

#### Application example 2

The value of the motor current at the AO2 output is to be transferred with 0 - 20 mA, with a range of 2 In motor. In motor being the equivalent of a 0.8 In drive.

The parameter [I motor] (OCr) varies between 0 and 2 times the rated drive current, or a range of 2.5 times the rated drive current.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must not modify the lower limit, which therefore remains at its factory setting of 0%.

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 0.5x the rated motor torque, or 100 - 100/5 = 80% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
RO I-	[A01 CONFIGURATION]		
R 0 I	[AO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
n 0 0 C r	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[I motor] (OCr): Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 In (In = rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate).</li> </ul>		
OFr OrP	<ul> <li>[Motor freq.] (OFr): Output frequency, between 0 and [Max frequency] (tFr)</li> <li>[Ramp out.] (OrP): Between 0 and [Max frequency] (tFr)</li> </ul>		
Er 9	[Motor torq.] (trq): Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque		
569	[Sign. torque] (Stq): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign corresponds to motor mode and the - sign to generator mode (braking).		
Or S OP S	<ul> <li>[sign ramp] (OrS): Signed ramp output, between – [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr)</li> <li>[PID ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) and [Max PID</li> </ul>		
0 P F	<ul> <li>[PID feedback] (OPF): PID regulator feedback between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID</li> </ul>		
O P E	feedback] (PIF2) [PID error] (OPE): PID regulator error between -5% and +5% of ([Max PID feedback] (PIF2) –		
0 P 1	[Min PID feedback] (PIF1)) [PID output] (OPI): PID regulator output between [Low speed] (LSP) and [High speed] (HSP)		
0Pr	[Mot. power] (OPr): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 tir	nes [Rated motor power	] (nPr)
E H r E H d	<ul> <li>[Mot thermal] (tHr): Motor thermal state, between 0 and</li> <li>[Drv thermal] (tHd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and</li> </ul>		
£905	[Torque 4Q] (tqMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 a		
	and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the to		
OFrr OFS	<ul> <li>[Meas.mot.fr] (OFrr): Measured motor speed if an encode</li> <li>[Sig. o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between</li> </ul>		
	frequency] (tFr)		
E H r 2 E H r 3	<ul> <li>[Mot therm2] (tHr2): Thermal state of motor 2, between</li> <li>[Mot therm3] (tHr3): Thermal state of motor 3, between</li> </ul>		
UEr	□ [Uns.TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3		
SEr	[Sign trq ref.] (Str): Signed torque reference, between	3 and +3 times the rate	
£9L UDP	<ul> <li>[Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times</li> <li>[Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, betw</li> </ul>		volt1(LInS)
d 0 1	□ <b>dO1</b> ] (dO1): Assigned as logic output. This assignment ca		
	page <u>102</u> has been assigned. This is the only possible cho	ice in this case, and is d	isplayed for information
AD IE	purposes only.  [Current] (0 A)		[Current] (0 A)
ا ت			
08	[Voltage] (10U): Voltage output     [Current] (0 A): Current output		
ADL I	[AO1 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
яон і	[AO1 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
UOL I	[AO1 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [V	oltage] (10U)	
и а н т	[AO1 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [V	oltage] (10U)	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AD 1-	[A01 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
ASL I	[Scaling AO1 min]	0 to 100.0%	0%
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maximum possible variation.		
ASH I	□ [Scaling AO1 max]	0 to 100.0%	100.0%
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maximum poss	sible variation.
AD IF	[AO1 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering. This parameter is forced to 0 if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) = [dO1] (dO1).		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A D 2 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
R D 2	□ [AO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1)		
A O 2 F	□ [AO2 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
100 08 0100	<ul> <li>[Voltage] (10U): Voltage output</li> <li>[Current] (0 A): Current output</li> <li>[Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output</li> </ul>		
ADL 2	[AO2 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [	Current] (0 A)	
A O H 2	□ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [Current] (0 A)		
U D L 2	□ [AO2 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [Voltage] (10U) or [Voltage +/-] (n10U)		
и о н г	□ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [Voltage] (10U) or [Voltage +/-] (n10U)		
ASL2	□ [Scaling AO2 min]	0 to 100.0%	0%
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maximum possible variation.		
A 5 H 2	□ [Scaling AO2 max]	0 to 100.0%	100.0%
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maximum possible variation.		
A D 2 F	□ [AO2 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A D 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
E O A	[AO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1)		
ROJE	□ [AO3 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
100 08 0100	<ul> <li>[Voltage] (10U): Voltage output</li> <li>[Current] (0 A): Current output</li> <li>[Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output</li> </ul>		
A O L 3	[AO3 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [Current] (0 A)		
R D H 3	□ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [Current] (0 A)		
U D L 3	□ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [	Voltage] (10U) or [Voltag	ge +/-] (n10U)
и о н э	□ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [	Voltage] (10U) or [Voltag	ge +/-] (n10U)
ASL 3	□ [Scaling AO3 min]	0 to 100.0%	0%
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maximum possible variation.		
A 5 H 3	□ [Scaling AO3 max]	0 to 100.0%	100.0%
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maximum possible variation.		
A D 3 F	□ [AO3 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		



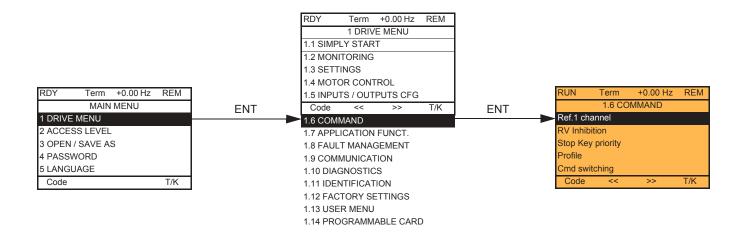
The following submenus group the alarms into 1 to 3 groups, each of which can be assigned to a relay or a logic output for remote signaling. These groups can also be displayed on the graphic display terminal (see [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu) and viewed via the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP) menu.

When one or a number of alarms selected in a group occurs, this alarm group is activated.

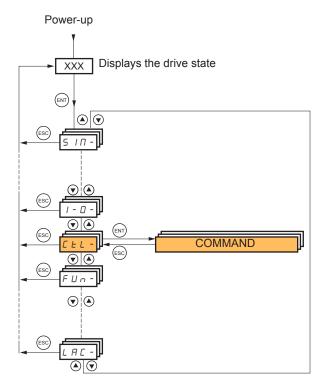
R IC -       [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION]         Selection to be made from the following list:       [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarms         P IR       [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1         P 2R       [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 1         P 2R       [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 1         P 2R       [Inter V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         Usf R       [Iattained] (CIA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page <u>60</u> .         E E R       [Low IThres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (CtdL) page <u>60</u> .         F E RI       [Low IThres. Attain.] (CtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (Ftd) page <u>60</u> .         F Z RI       [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold [Ftd) page <u>60</u> .         F Z RI       [Feq. Th. 2 attain] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FdL) page <u>60</u> .         F Z RI       [Feq. curref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         F Z RI       [Feq. curd. 1. 2 attain] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page <u>60</u> .         F Z RI       [Feq. curd. 1. 2 attain] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page <u>60</u> .         F Z RI       [Ford. curd. 1. [SrA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         E S R       [Th.mot3 att] (S3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         U P RI       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning </th <th></th>						
Selection to be made from the following list:         PLR         [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarms         PIR         [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1         P2R         [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2         EFR         [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm         USR         [Intervention of the composition of the compositis the composition fault page 154. <t< th=""><th></th></t<>						
PLR       [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarms         PIR       [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1         P2R       [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2         EFR       [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm         U5R       [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         CERL       [Low I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         FER       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         FER       [Low I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         FER       [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FLA): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2d) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2AL): The threshold 20 (F2dL) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. Th. 3 attain.] (F2AL): The threshold 20 (F2dL) page 60.         FZR       [Fq. Low Th. 2 attain.] (F2AL): The current is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         FZR       [Fq. Low Th. 2						
P I R       [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1         P 2 R       [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2         E F R       [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm         U 5 R       [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         [L K R       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         [F K R]       [Freq. Th. attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         F K R       [I cow I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         F K R       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         F K R       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (Ftd) page 60.         F K R       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2AL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (Ftd) page 60.         F Z R       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F Z R       [Freq. ref. att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E S 7       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E S 7       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 1 thermal state reached         U P R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [H SP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         U P R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): High speed reached         U P R <th></th>						
P2R       [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2         EFR       [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm         USR       [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         EER       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         EER       [I attained] (CtA): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (CtdL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. ref.att] (SA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         ESR       [Th.mot. att.] (ISA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         ESR       [Th.mot3 att] (IS3): Motor 2 thermal state reached         LS3       [Th.mot3 att] (IS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         LFR       [HSP attain.] (FLA): Thig speed reached         EHR       [HOVIt warn] (UPA): Undervoitage warning						
E F R       [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm         U 5 R       [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         C Ł R       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         F Ł R       [Low I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (CtdL) page 60.         F Ł R       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         F Ł RI       [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         F Ł RI       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F Ł RI       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F Z RI       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E S r       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         F Z RI       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E S R       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         L S R       [Th.mot3 att] (tS2): Motor 3 thermal state reached         L S R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Dive overheating         P F R       [HI PID error al] (PEE): PID reor alarm         P F R       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm						
USR       [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm         LER       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         LERL       [Low I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (CtdL) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.         FER       [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold [FtdL) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         FZR       [Freq. ref. attian.] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [Ereq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         FZR       [Freq.ref. attian.] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [Freq. Threshold 2] (F2dL) page 60.         FZR       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         ESR       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         ESP       [Th.mot. att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         UPR       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         FLR       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         PEE       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lest         [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154.         PFR						
C E R       [I attained] (CtA): The current is greater than [Current threshold] (Ctd) page 60.         C E R L       [Low I Thres. Attain.] (CtAL): The current is less than [Low I Threshold] (CtdL) page 60.         F E R       [I cow Frq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         F E R L       [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) page 60.         F E R L       [I cow Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F Z R L       [Feq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F Z R L       [Feq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         S r R       [Feq. ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         L S F       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         L S Z       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         L S Z       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         U P R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         P F R H       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID fobk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or leat [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154] <t< th=""><th></th></t<>						
F & R[Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 60.F & RL[Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) pageF & RL[Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.F & RL[Fq. Low Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.F & RL[Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reachedE & SR[Th.mot. att.] (ISA): Motor 1 thermal state reachedE & S2[Th.mot2 att.] (IS2): Motor 2 thermal state reachedE & S3[Th.mot3 att] (IS3): Motor 3 thermal state reachedUPR[Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warningF L R[AL °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheatingP E E[PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarmP F R H[PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lestMin fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)P F R L[PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154.P F SH[Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
F & R L       [Low Frq. Th. Attain.] (FtAL): The frequency is less than [Low Freq. Threshold] (FtdL) page         F & R L       [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): The frequency is greater than [Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 60.         F & R L       [Fq. Low Th. 2 attain] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 60.         S r R       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E S R       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         E S 2       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         L S 3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         U P R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         L H R       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         P F R H       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lest         [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154.         P F R L       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154.         P I S H       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         R P 2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2 <th></th>						
F 2 RL       [Fq. Low Th. 2 attain] (F2AL): The frequency is less than [2 Freq. Threshold] (F2dL) page 6         S r R       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         L 5 R       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         L 5 2       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         L 5 3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         UP R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         L HR       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         P F R       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lest [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         P F R H       [PID high Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         P F R L       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 154).         P I S H       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2	<u>60</u> .					
Sr R       [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference reached         E SR       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         E S2       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         E S3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         UPR       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         FLR       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         E HR       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         PEE       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lead [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         P ISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         RP2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
E S R       [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state reached         E S 2       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         L F 3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         UP R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         E H R       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         P F R       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or less         [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154.         P F R L       [PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154.         P I S H       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         R P 2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2	<u>0</u> .					
E 5 2       [Th.mot2 att.] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state reached         L F 5 3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         UP R       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         F L R       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         E H R       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         P E E       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         P F R       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> or less         [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page <u>154</u> )         P F R H       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> ).         P F R L       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> ).         P I S H       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page <u>157</u> .         R P 2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
E 5 3       [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state reached         UPR       [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning         FLR       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         E HR       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         PEE       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lead [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         PFRL       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154).         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         P ISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
<ul> <li>UPR</li> <li>[Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning</li> <li>FLR</li> <li>[HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached</li> <li>[Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating</li> <li>PEE</li> <li>[PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm</li> <li>[PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> or lease (Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page <u>154</u>)</li> <li>PFRH</li> <li>[PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u>)</li> <li>PFRL</li> <li>[PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u>).</li> <li>P I 5 H</li> <li>[Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page <u>157</u>.</li> <li>[Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2</li> </ul>						
FLR       [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed reached         EHR       [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating         PEE       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lead [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         PISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         RP2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
<ul> <li><i>E H R</i></li> <li><i>[Al.</i> °C <i>drv]</i> (tHA): Drive overheating</li> <li><i>[PID error al]</i> (PEE): PID error alarm</li> <li><i>[PID fdbk al.]</i> (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u> or lest [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page <u>154</u>)</li> <li><i>P F R H</i></li> <li><i>[PID high Alarm]</i> (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u>)</li> <li><i>P F R L</i></li> <li><i>[PID low Alarm]</i> (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAH) page <u>154</u>).</li> <li><i>P I S H</i></li> <li><i>[Regulation Alarm]</i> (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page <u>157</u>.</li> <li><i>[Al2 Al. 4-20]</i> (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2</li> </ul>						
PEE       [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm         PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or les         [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154         PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         PISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         RP2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
PFR       [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154 or lest [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         PISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         RP2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
Image: PFRH       [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         Image: PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154)         Image: PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         Image: PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154)         Image: PFRL       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         Image: PFRL       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2	s than					
PFRH       [PID high Alarm] (PFAH): PID feedback alarm (greater than [Max fbk alarm] (PAH) page 154         PFRL       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         PISH       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         RP2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2						
P F R L       [PID low Alarm] (PFAL): PID feedback alarm (less than [Min fbk alarm] (PAL) page 154).         P I 5 H       [Regulation Alarm] (PISH): PID regulator feedback supervision fault page 157.         R P 2       [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2	).					
<b>RP2</b> [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2	,					
Image: P 3       Image: [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP3): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al3						
<b>RP4</b> [Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4						
5 5 R [Lim T/I att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm						
<b>E R d</b> [Th.drv.att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state reached						
L J R       [IGBT alarm] (tJA): IGBT alarm         L D R       [IBrake R, al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm						
B D R       [Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm         R P R       [Option alarm] (APA): Alarm generated by an option card.						
$U \cap R$ [Regen. underV. al.] (UrA): Reserved.						
<b>F E FIH</b> [High Reference Att.] (rtAH): The frequency reference is greater than [High Freq. Ref. Thr.]	(rtd)					
page 61.	()					
C E R L [Low Reference Att.] (rtAL): The frequency reference is less than [Low Freq. Ref. Thr.] (rtdL	page <u>61</u> .					
ULR [Underload. Proc. Al.] (ULA): Process underload (see page 210)						
Image: Display the second s						
<b>F 5 R</b> [Flow Limit. active] (FSA): Flow rate limiting active (see page <u>184</u> )						
E c o [Emerg. Run] (Ern): Emergency run in progress (see page 203)						
E E H R       Image: Figure and the second sec						
F 9 L R [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) See the multiple selection procedure on page <u>26</u> for the integrated display terminal, and page <u>17</u> for the page <u>18</u> for the						
display terminal.	aprilo					
<b>R2C</b> - [ALARM GRP2 DEFINITION]	■ [ALARM GRP2 DEFINITION]					
Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)					
#3C-     [ALARM GRP3 DEFINITION]						
Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)						



### With graphic display terminal:



### With integrated display terminal:





The parameters in the [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

### Command and reference channels

Run commands (forward, reverse, stop, etc.) and references can be sent using the following channels:

Command	Reference		
<ul> <li>Terminals: Logic inputs LI</li> <li>Graphic display terminal</li> <li>Integrated Modbus</li> <li>Integrated CANopen</li> <li>Communication card</li> <li>Controller Inside card</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Terminals: Analog inputs AI, frequency input, encoder</li> <li>Graphic display terminal</li> <li>Integrated Modbus</li> <li>Integrated CANopen</li> <li>Communication card</li> <li>Controller Inside card</li> <li>+/- speed via the terminals</li> <li>+/- speed via the graphic display terminal</li> </ul>		

#### The behavior of the Altivar 61 can be adapted according to requirements:

- [8 serie] (SE8): To replace an Altivar 58. See the Migration Manual.
- [Not separ.] (SIM): Command and reference are sent via the same channel.
- [Separate] (SEP): Command and reference may be sent via different channels.

In these configurations, control via the communication bus is performed in accordance with the DRIVECOM standard with only 5 freelyassignable bits (see Communication Parameters Manual). The application functions cannot be accessed via the communication interface.

- [I/O profile] (IO): Command and reference may be sent via different channels. This configuration both simplifies and extends use via the communication interface.
  - Commands may be sent via the logic inputs on the terminals or via the communication bus.

When commands are sent via a bus, they are available on a word, which acts as virtual terminals containing only logic inputs.

Application functions can be assigned to the bits in this word. More than one function can be assigned to the same bit.

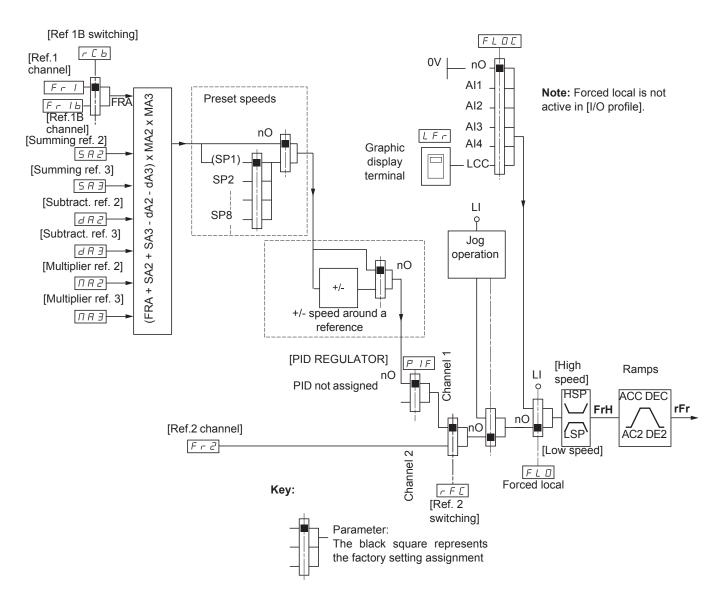
**Note:** Stop commands from the terminals remain active even if the terminals are not the active command channel.

**Note:** The integrated Modbus channel has 2 physical communication ports:

- The Modbus network port
- The Modbus HMI port

The drive does not differentiate between these two ports, but recognizes the graphic display terminal irrespective of the port to which it is connected.





# Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID not configured

#### References

#### Fr1, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SIM:

• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

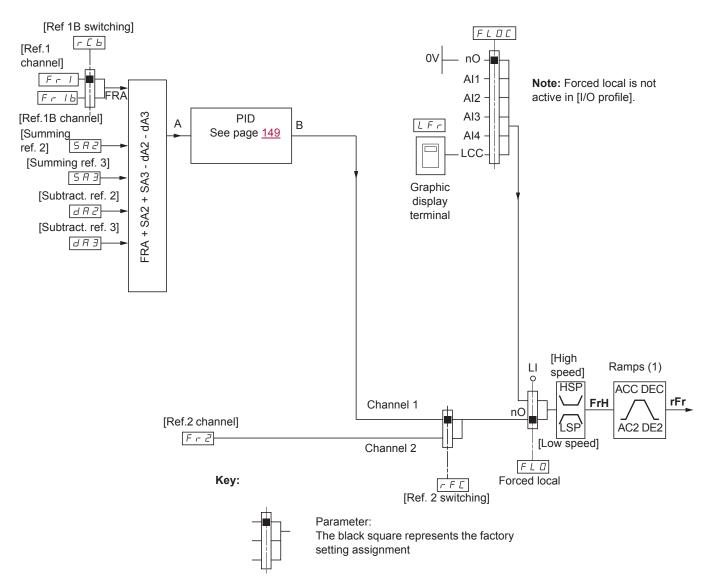
#### Fr2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/-speed

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.



# Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID configured with PID references at the terminals



#### References

Fr1:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SIM:

• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

#### SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3:

· Terminals only

#### Fr2:

- Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/- speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [APPLICATION ELINC

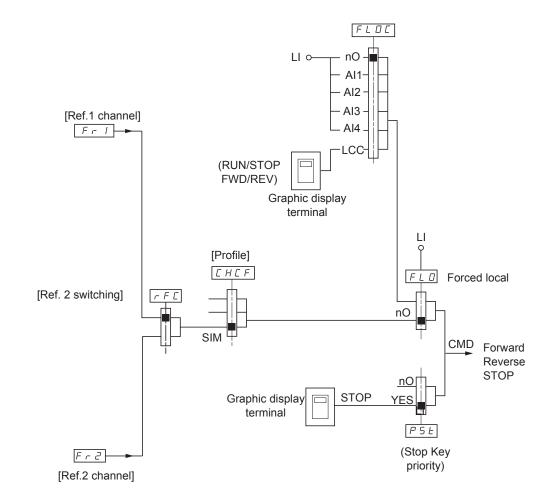


### Command channel for [Not separ.] (SIM) configuration

### Reference and command, not separate

The command channel is determined by the reference channel. Parameters Fr1, Fr2, rFC, FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is Fr1 = AI1 (analog input at the terminals), control is via LI (logic input at the terminals).



Key:



Parameter: The black square represents the factory setting assignment.



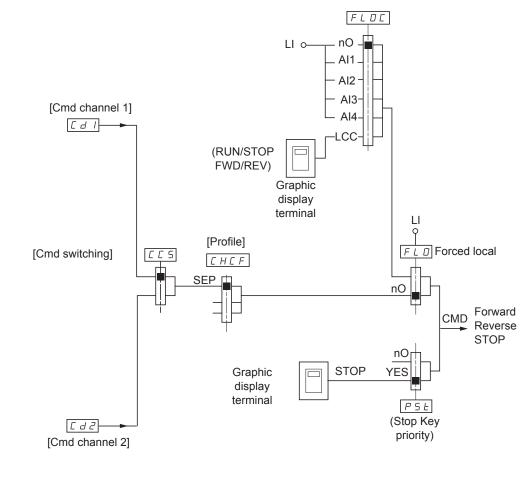
### Command channel for [Separate] (SEP) configuration

### Separate reference and command

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), command in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.



Key:



Parameter: The black rectangle represents the factory setting assignment, except for [Profile].

### Commands

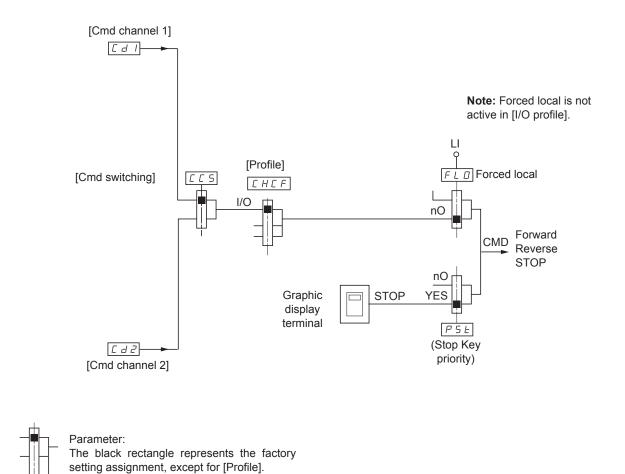
Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card



### Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration Separate reference and command, as in [Separate] (SEP) configuration

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.



Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

Key:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card



### Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

### Selection of a command channel:

A command or an action can be assigned:

- To a fixed channel by selecting an LI input or a Cxxx bit:
  - By selecting e.g., LI3, this action will always be triggered by LI3 regardless of which command channel is switched.
  - By selecting e.g., C214, this action will always be triggered by integrated CANopen with bit 14 regardless of which command channel is switched.
- To a switchable channel by selecting a CDxx bit:
  - By selecting, e.g., CD11, this action will be triggered by
    - LI12 if the terminals channel is active
    - C111 if the integrated Modbus channel is active
    - C211 if the integrated CANopen channel is active
    - C311 if the communication card channel is active
    - C411 if the Controller Inside card channel is active

If the active channel is the graphic display terminal, the functions and commands assigned to CDxx switchable internal bits are inactive.

#### Note:

• CD14 and CD15 can only be used for switching between 2 networks. They do not have equivalent logic inputs.

Terminals	Integrated Modbus	Integrated CANopen	Communication card	Controller Inside card	Internal bit, can be switched
					CD00
LI2 (1)	C101 (1)	C201 (1)	C301 (1)	C401 (1)	CD01
LI3	C102	C202	C302	C402	CD02
LI4	C103	C203	C303	C403	CD03
LI5	C104	C204	C304	C404	CD04
LI6	C105	C205	C305	C405	CD05
LI7	C106	C206	C306	C406	CD06
LI8	C107	C207	C307	C407	CD07
LI9	C108	C208	C308	C408	CD08
LI10	C109	C209	C309	C409	CD09
LI11	C110	C210	C310	C410	CD10
LI12	C111	C211	C311	C411	CD11
LI13	C112	C212	C312	C412	CD12
LI14	C113	C213	C313	C413	CD13
-	C114	C214	C314	C414	CD14
-	C115	C215	C315	C415	CD15

(1) If [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 82 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301, and C401 cannot be accessed.



### Assignment conditions for logic inputs and control bits

The following elements are available for every command or function that can be assigned to a logic input or a control bit:

[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)	Drive with or without option
[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10)	With VW3A3201 logic I/O card
[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14)	With VW3A3202 extended I/O card
[C101] (C101) to [C110] (C110)	With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115)	With integrated Modbus regardless of configuration
[C201] (C201) to [C210] (C210)	With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215)	With integrated CANopen regardless of configuration
[C301] (C301) to [C310] (C310)	With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315)	With a communication card regardless of configuration
[C401] (C401) to [C410] (C410)	With Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415)	With Controller Inside card regardless of configuration
[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD10] (Cd10)	In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[CD11] (Cd11) to [CD15] (Cd15)	Regardless of configuration

Note: In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration, LI1 cannot be accessed and if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 82 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301, and C401 cannot be accessed either.



#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Inactive communication channels are not monitored (no lock following malfunction in the event of a communication bus failure). Make sure that the commands and functions assigned to bits C101 to C415 will not pose a risk in the event of the failure of the associated communication bus.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
Fril	[Ref.1 channel]	[AI1] (AI1)
A     A   2 A   3 A   4 L C C N d b C A n C A n C A n P   P C	<ul> <li>[AI1] (AI1): Analog input</li> <li>[AI2] (AI2): Analog input</li> <li>[AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> </ul>	
r In	[RV Inhibition]	[No] (nO)
п D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO)</li> <li>[Yes] (YES)</li> <li>Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does not apply to direction requests sent in a Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into account.</li> <li>Reverse direction requests sent by the graphic display terminal are not taken into account.</li> <li>Reverse direction requests sent by the line are not taken into account.</li> <li>Any reverse speed reference originating from the PID, summing input, etc., will stated and the second seco</li></ul>	account.
PSE	[Stop Key priority]	[Yes] (YES)
п D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO)</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Gives priority to the STOP key on the graphic display terminal when the terminal is not enabled as the command channel. Press and hold down ENT for 2 seconds in order for any change in the assignment of (PSt) to be taken into account. This will be a freewheel stop. If the active command channel is the graphic display ter will be performed according to the [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> irrespective of the con [Stop Key priority] (PSt).</li> </ul>	[Stop Key priority] minal, the stop
C H C F	[Profile]	[Not separ.] (SIM)
5 E B	<ul> <li>[8 serie] (SE8): ATV38 interchangeability (see Migration Manual). The [8 serie] (SE to load, via PC-Software, for example, an ATV38 drive configuration in an ATV61 that this configuration. This assignment cannot be accessed if a Controller Inside card has</li> <li>Note: Modifications to the configuration of the ATV61 must only be made usin it is in this configuration, otherwise operation cannot be guaranteed.</li> </ul>	has already been set to been inserted.
5 I N 5 E P	<ul> <li>[Not separ.] (SIM): Reference and command, not separate</li> <li>[Separate] (SEP): Separate reference and command This assignment cannot be accommand the second second</li></ul>	cessed in
10	<ul> <li>[I/O profile] (IO).</li> <li>[I/O profile] (IO): I/O profile</li> <li>When [8 serie] (SE8) is selected and [I/O profile] (IO) is deselected, the drive automatica setting (this is mandatory). This factory setting only affects the [1 DRIVE MENU] menu.</li> <li>[1.9 COMMUNICATION] or [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].</li> <li>With the graphic display terminal, a screen appears to perform this operation. Fo the screen.</li> </ul>	ally returns to the factory It does not affect either llow the instructions on
	<ul> <li>With the integrated display terminal, press ENT and hold it down (for 2 s). This will return to the factory setting.</li> </ul>	I save the selection and



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
C C 5	[Cmd switching]		[ch1 active] (Cd1)		
[]] []] []]	The parameter can be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separat [ch1 active] (Cd1): [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) active (no switch [ch2 active] (Cd2): [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) active (no switch	ing)	(IO)		
L	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)				
Ē	: □ <b>[]</b> (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> (not CD	OO to CD14).			
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Cmd channel 1] (C If the assigned input or bit is at 1, channel [Cmd channel 2] (C				
Ed I	[Cmd channel 1]		[Terminals] (tEr)		
£ E r L C C N d b C A n n E £ A P P	<ul> <li>[Terminals] (tEr): Terminals</li> <li>[HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SE</li> </ul>	P) or [I/O profile] (IO).			
C d 2	[Cmd channel 2]		[Modbus] (Mdb)		
£ E r L C C M d b C A n n E £ A P P	<ul> <li>[Terminals] (tEr): Terminals</li> <li>[HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SE</li> </ul>	P) or [I/O profile] (IO).			
r F C	□ [Ref. 2 switching]		[ch1 active] (Fr1)		
F r   F r 2 L     -	<ul> <li>[ch1 active] (Fr1): No switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active</li> <li>[ch2 active] (Fr2): No switching, [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) active</li> <li>[Ll1] (Ll1)</li> </ul>		L		
-	□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> (not CD0	OO to CD14).			
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1 If the assigned bit or input is at 1, channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2				
Fr2	[Ref.2 channel]		[No] (nO)		
n 0	[NO] (nO): Not assigned If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM a zero reference. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O				
A I I A I 2	[AI1] (AI1): Analog input		100 13 2010.		
R 13	<ul> <li>[AI2] (AI2): Analog input</li> <li>[AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> </ul>				
A I Y UP d E	[+/- Speed] (UPdt): +/-Speed command				
	<ul> <li>[HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> </ul>				
8 P P 9 I 9 G	<ul> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has</li> <li>[Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted in the second second</li></ul>				
ΓU					



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C 0 P ~ 0 S P C d RL L	<ul> <li>[Copy channel 1 &lt;&gt; 2]</li> <li>Can be used to copy the current reference and/or the correspeed surges, for example. If [Profile] (CHCF) page <u>119</u> = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separtion channel 1 to channel 2. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [I/O profile] (IO), copying will be poss</li> <li>[No] (nO): No copy</li> <li>[Reference] (SP): Copy reference</li> <li>[Command] (Cd): Copy command</li> <li>[Cmd + ref.] (ALL): Copy command and reference</li> <li>A reference or a command cannot be copied to a chan</li> <li>The reference copied is FrH (before ramp) unless the In this case, the reference copied is rFr (after ramp).</li> </ul>	rate] (SEP), copying will only ible in both directions.	y be possible from
	WARNI UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Copying the command and/or reference can change the Check that this is safe. Failure to follow these instructions can result in dea	e direction of rotation.	



As the graphic display terminal may be selected as the command and/or reference channel, its action modes can be configured. The parameters on this page can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal, and not on the integrated display terminal.

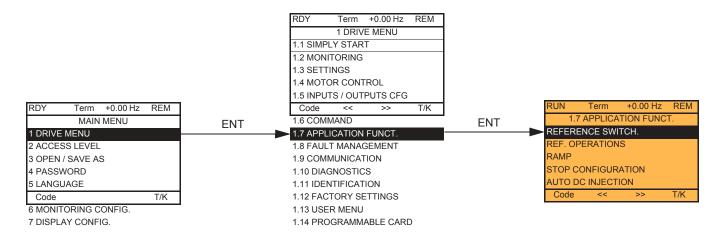
#### Notes:

- The display terminal command/reference is only active if the command and/or reference channels from the terminal are active, with the exception of [T/K] (command and reference via the display terminal), which takes priority over these channels. Press [T/K] again or turn off the drive to revert control to the selected channel.
  - •Note: The channel selected by pressing [T/K] remains active after a return to factory settings, until [T/K] is pressed again or the drive is turned off.
- Command and reference via the display terminal are impossible if the latter is connected to more than one drive.
- The JOG, preset speed and +/- speed functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM).
- The preset PID reference functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separate] (SEP).
- The [T/K] function (command and reference via the display terminal) can be accessed regardless of the [Profile] (CHCF).

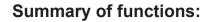
Name/Description Adjustment range	e	Factory setting			
[] [F1 key assignment]		[No]			
<ul> <li>[No]: Not assigned</li> <li>[Jog]: JOG operation</li> <li>[Preset spd2]: Press the key to run the drive at the 2<sup>nd</sup> preset speed [Preset speed 2] (SP2) page <u>142</u>. Press STOP to stop the drive.</li> <li>[Preset spd3]: Press the key to run the drive at the 3<sup>rd</sup> preset speed [Preset speed 3] (SP3) page <u>142</u>. Press STOP to stop the drive.</li> <li>[PID ref. 2]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 2<sup>nd</sup> preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 2] (rP2) page <u>158</u> without sendia a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function.</li> <li>[PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3<sup>rd</sup> preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page <u>158</u> without sendia a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function.</li> <li>[PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3<sup>rd</sup> preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page <u>158</u> without sendia a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function.</li> <li>[+Speed]: Faster, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC). Press the key to run the drive and increase the spee Press STOP to stop the drive.</li> <li>[-Speed]: Slower, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC) and if a different key is assigned to [+Speed]. Press the key to run the drive and decrease the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive.</li> <li>[T/K]: Command and reference via the display terminal: Takes priority over [Cmd switching] (CCS) and over [Ref. 2 switching] (rFC).</li> </ul>					
□ [F2 key assignment]		[No]			
Identical to [F1 key assignment].	L				
[F3 key assignment]		[No]			
Identical to [F1 key assignment].					
□ [F4 key assignment]		[T/K]			
Identical to [F1 key assignment].	L				
[Bumpless]					
<ul> <li>When the [T/K] function is assigned to a key and that function is active, this parameter defines the behavior at the moment when control returns to the graphic display terminal.</li> <li>[Stop]: Stops the drive (although the controlled direction of operation and reference of the previous channel are copied (to be taken into account on the next RUN command)).</li> <li>[Bumpless]: Does not stop the drive (the controlled direction of operation and the reference of the previous channel are copied)</li> </ul>					

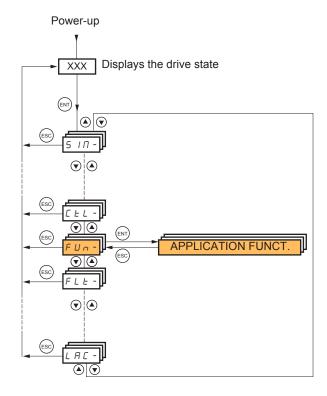


### With graphic display terminal:



### With integrated display terminal:





Code	Name	Page
rEF-	[REFERENCE SWITCH.]	<u>129</u>
0 A I -	[REF. OPERATIONS]	<u>130</u>
rPE-	[RAMP]	<u>131</u>
5 <i>E E -</i>	[STOP CONFIGURATION]	<u>135</u>
A9C -	[AUTO DC INJECTION]	<u>137</u>
J 0 G -	[JOG]	<u>139</u>
P55-	[PRESET SPEEDS]	<u>141</u>
UPd-	[+/-Speed]	<u>144</u>
SrE-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.]	<u>146</u>
5 <i>РП</i> -	[MEMO REFERENCE]	<u>147</u>
FL I-	[FLUXING BY LI]	<u>148</u>
PId-	[PID REGULATOR]	<u>153</u>
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES]	<u>158</u>
5 r N -	[SLEEPING / WAKE UP]	<u>160</u>
EOL-	[TORQUE LIMITATION]	<u>166</u>
EL 1-	[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]	<u>168</u>
LLC-	[LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]	<u>170</u>
0CC-	[OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]	<u>172</u>
<u> а я п</u> -	[DAMPER MANAGEMENT]	<u>174</u>
ΠLP-	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING]	<u>176</u>
ΠΠΕ -	[MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	<u>181</u>
EnL-	[AUTO TUNING BY LI]	<u>181</u>
n F 5 -	[NO FLOW DETECTION]	<u>183</u>
FLL -	[FLOW LIMITATION]	<u>185</u>
d C O -	[DC BUS SUPPLY]	<u>186</u>
AFE-	[REGEN CONNECTION]	<u>187</u>



The parameters in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a O symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

#### Note: Compatibility of functions

The choice of application functions may be limited by the number of I/O and by the fact that some functions are incompatible with one another. Functions that are not listed in the table below are fully compatible.

If there is an incompatibility between functions, the first function configured will prevent the others being configured.

Each of the functions on the following pages can be assigned to one of the inputs or outputs.

A single input can activate several functions at the same time (reverse and 2<sup>nd</sup> ramp, for example). The user must therefore ensure that these functions can be used at the same time. It is only possible to assign one input to several functions at [Advanced] (AdU) and [Expert] (EPr) level.

Before assigning a command, reference or function to an input or output, the user must make sure that this input or output has not already been assigned and that another input or output has not been assigned to an incompatible or undesirable function. The drive factory setting or macro configurations automatically configure functions, which may prevent other functions being assigned. It may be necessary to unconfigure one or more functions in order to be able to enable another. Check the compatibility table below.



### **Compatibility table**

	Ref. operations (page <u>130</u> )	+/- speed (2) (page 144)	Preset speeds (page 141)	PID regulator (page <u>153</u> )	JOG operation (page <u>139</u> )	DC injection stop (page 135)	Fast stop (page <u>135</u> )	Freewheel stop (page 135)	+/- speed around a reference (page 146)	Synchronous motor (page <u>69</u> )
Ref. operations (page <u>130</u> )			t	•(3)	t					
+/- speed (2) (page <u>144</u> )					•					
Preset speeds (page <u>141</u> )	+				1					
PID regulator (page <u>153</u> )	•(3)				•				٠	
JOG operation (page <u>139</u> )	+	•	+	•					٠	
DC injection stop (page <u>135</u> )							•(1)	t		•
Fast stop (page <u>135</u> )						•(1)		t		
Freewheel stop (page 135)						+	+			
+/- speed around a reference (page <u>146</u> )				٠	•					
Synchronous motor (page <u>69</u> )						•				

(1) Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated.

(2) Excluding special application with reference channel Fr2 (see diagrams on pages <u>112</u> and <u>113</u>).
(3) Only the multiplier reference is incompatible with the PID regulator.

Incompatible functions
 Compatible functions

N/A

Priority functions (functions, which cannot be active at the same time):

- The function marked with the arrow takes priority over the other.

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Note: This compatibility table does not affect commands that can be assigned to the keys of the graphic display terminal (see page <u>122</u>).



### **Incompatible functions**

The following functions will be inaccessible or deactivated in the cases described below:

#### Automatic restart

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page  $\underline{82}$ .

### Catch on the fly

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page  $\frac{82}{2}$ .

This function is locked if automatic injection on stop [Auto DC injection] (AdC) = [Continuous] (Ct). See page <u>137</u>.

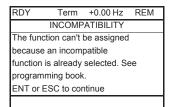
The SUP- monitoring menu (page <u>39</u>) can be used to display the functions assigned to each input in order to check their compatibility.

#### When a function is assigned, a 🗸 appears on the graphic display terminal, as illustrated in the example below:

RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM
1.7	APPLICA	TION FUNC	CT.
REFERE	NCE SWI	TCH.	
REF. OP	ERATION	IS	
RAMP			$\checkmark$
STOP CO	ONFIGUR	ATION	
AUTO D	C INJECT	ION	
Code	<<	>>	T/K
JOG			

If you attempt to assign a function that is incompatible with another function that has already been assigned, an alarm message will appear:

With the graphic display terminal



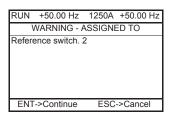
With the integrated display terminal: COMP flashes until ENT or ESC is pressed.

When you assign a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit to a function, pressing the HELP button will display the functions that may already have been activated by this input, bit or channel.



# When a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit that has already been assigned is assigned to another function, the following screens appear:

#### With the graphic display terminal



If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment. If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT results in the following display.

RUN	+50.00 Hz	1250A	+50.00 Hz		
ASSIGNMENT FORBIDDEN					
Un-as	sign the pres	ent			
functions, or select					
Advanced access level					

### With the integrated display terminal:

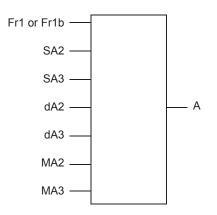
The code for the first function, which is already assigned, is displayed flashing.

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment.

If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT has no effect, and the message continues to flash. It is only possible to exit by pressing ESC.



### Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier



A = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3

- If SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3 are not assigned, they are set to 0.
- If MA2, MA3 are not assigned, they are set to 1.
- A is limited by the minimum LSP and maximum HSP parameters.
- For multiplication, the signal on MA2 or MA3 is interpreted as a %; 100% corresponds to the maximum value of the corresponding input. If MA2 or MA3 is sent via the communication bus or graphic display terminal, an MFr multiplication variable (see page <u>45</u>) must be sent via the bus or graphic display terminal.
- Reversal of the direction of operation in the event of a negative result can be inhibited (see page 119).

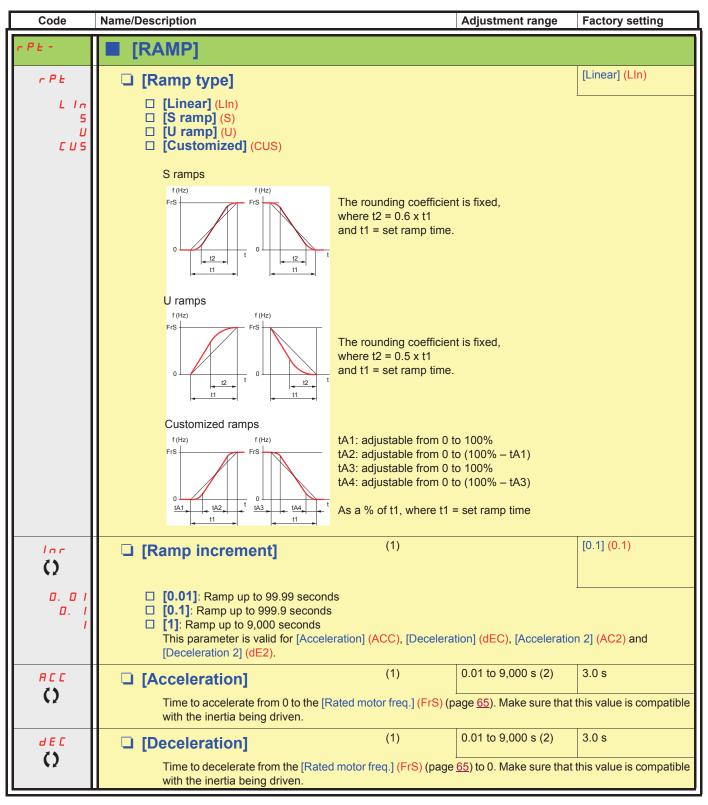


Code	Name/Description Adjustment rate	nge Factory setting
r E F -	[REFERENCE SWITCH.]	
r[b	[Ref 1B switching] See the diagrams on pages <u>112</u> and <u>113</u> .	[LI3] (LI3)
Fr I Fr Ib	<ul> <li>[ch1 active] (Fr1): No switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active</li> <li>[ch1B active] (Fr1b): No switching, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) active</li> </ul>	
	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)	
-	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> (not CDOO to CD14)</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is active (see pag</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) is active.</li> <li>[Ref 1B switching] (rCb) is forced to [ch1 active] (Fr1) if [Profile] (CHCF) = [ [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) assigned via the terminals (analog inputs, encoder, put)</li> </ul>	Not separ.] (SIM) with
Fr 16	[Ref.1B channel]	[AI2] (AI2)
с D Я I I Я I 2 Я I 3 Я I 4 Ц С С П 4 6 С Я с Я Р Р Р 1 Р 6	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>[Al2] (Al2): Analog input</li> <li>[Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[HMi] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>Mote:</li> <li>In the following instances, only assignments via the terminals are possible:</li> <li>- [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) with [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) assigned (analog inputs, encoder, pulse input); see page <u>119</u>.</li> <li>PID configured with PID references via the terminals</li> </ul>	



Code	Name/Description Adjustment rang	e Factory setting
0 A I -	[REF. OPERATIONS] Reference = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3. See the diagonal sector with certain other functions. Follow the set with certain other functions. Follow the set with certain other functions.	
5 A 2	[Summing ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
п 0 Я 1 1 Я 12 Я 13 Я 14 С С П 46 С Я п С Я п Р 1 Р 0 Я 1 U 1	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] [No] (nO): No source assigned [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [HWI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured page 91 <b>WARNING</b> UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 218), the virtual input last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration. Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.	via [Al net. channel] (AIC1)
5 A 3	[Summing ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	<ul> <li>Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel]</li> <li>Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.</li> </ul>	el] (Fr1b).
6 A 2	[Subtract. ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1E • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	3 channel] (Fr1b).
E R b	[Subtract. ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.16 • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	s channel] (Fr1b).
ПАЗ	[Multiplier ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (F • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	r1b).
паз	[Multiplier ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	<ul> <li>Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (F</li> <li>Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.</li> </ul>	r1b).





(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	<b>[RAMP]</b> (continued)			
E A I	[Begin Acc round]  (1)	0 to 100%	10%	
O	<ul> <li>Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % o ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and 100%</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp ty</li> </ul>			
E A 2	[End Acc round] (1)		10%	
0	<ul> <li>Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration] (ACC) or [Acceleration 2] (AC2) ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and (100% – [Begin Acc round] (tA1))</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS).</li> </ul>			
E A B	[Begin Dec round]     (1)	0 to 100%	10%	
O	<ul> <li>Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % or ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and 100%</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type]</li> </ul>			
E A H	[End Dec round]     (1)		10%	
0	<ul> <li>Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and (100% – [Begin Dec</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp ty</li> </ul>	round] (tA3))		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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d E 2       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the	Code	Name/Description		Adjustme	nt range	Factory setting
rrrr       according to rating         Ramp switching threshold The 2 <sup>nd</sup> ramp is switched if the value of Frt is not 0 (0 deactivates the function) and the output frequencing greater than Frt. Threshold ramp switching can be combined with [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) switching as follows:         Image: the second sec		<b>[RAMP]</b> (continued)				
Image: Problem Section	FrE	[Ramp 2 threshold]	]			0 Hz
$\frac{0}{\sqrt{-Frt}} + ACC, dEC}{0}$ $\frac{0}{\sqrt{-Frt}} + ACC, dEC}{1}$ $\frac{0}{\sqrt{-Frt}} + AC2, dE2}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{-Frt}} + AC2, dE2$ $\frac$		The 2 <sup>nd</sup> ramp is switche is greater than Frt.	d if the value of Frt is no			
0       >Frt       AC2, dE2         1 <frt< td="">       AC2, dE2         1       &gt;Frt       AC2, dE2         Image: Comparison of the interval of the interv</frt<>		LI or bit	Frequency	Ramp	]	
1 <frt< th="">       AC2, dE2         1       &gt;Frt       AC2, dE2         1       &gt;Frt       AC2, dE2         r P 5       [No] (nO): Not assigned.       [No] (nO)         L I I       [Lil1] (L1)       []         .       [] (]: See the assignment conditions on page 118.          .       ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0.          .       ACC and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.         RL 2       [Acceleration 2]       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         O       Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven.       The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) &gt; 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         dE 2       [Deceleration 2]       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         O       Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.       The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) &gt; 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         D       [Deceleration 2]       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s</frt<>		0	<frt< th=""><th>ACC, dEC</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	ACC, dEC		
Image: second		0	>Frt	AC2, dE2		
r P 5       [No] (nO)         n 0       [No] (nO): Not assigned.         L 1 1       [L11] (L11)         .      ] (): See the assignment conditions on page 118.         -       ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0.         -       AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.         RE 2       [Acceleration 2]       (1)         0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven.         The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         dE2       [Deceleration 2]       (1)         0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to decelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign		1	<frt< th=""><th></th><th>_</th><th></th></frt<>		_	
n D       [No] (nO): Not assigned.         L I I       [LI1] (L11)         -      ] [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 118.         -       ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0.         -       AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.         RE 2       [Acceleration 2]         (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)         5.0 s       Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven.         The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         dE 2       [Deceleration 2]         (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)         5.0 s         Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.         The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         D       Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the other is compatible with the inertia being driven.		1	>Frt	AC2, dE2		
L I I       □ [LI1] (LI1)         □       [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> .         □       [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> .         •       ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0.         •       AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.         RC2       [Acceleration 2]       (1)         0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven.         The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign         dE2       [Deceleration 2]       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the	r P S	□ [Ramp switch ass.]	]			[No] (nO)
Image: Section 2.       Image: Section 2.	n 0	[No] (nO): Not assigned	- d.			<u> </u>
Image: Section 2.       Image: Section 2.		□ <b>[L]1]</b> (   1)				
<ul> <li>ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0.</li> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>I [Acceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) &gt; 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign</li> <li>I [Deceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the</li> </ul>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
<ul> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>I [Acceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) &gt; 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign</li> <li>I [Deceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the</li> </ul>	1	: [] (): See the assign	ment conditions on pag	e <u>118</u> .		
<ul> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> <li>I [Acceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) &gt; 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign</li> <li>I [Deceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 9,000 s (2) 5.0 s</li> <li>Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the</li> </ul>		- ACC and dEC are (	anabled when the assign	ed input or hit is at 0		
Image: Constraint of the image: Constrai						
d E 2       [Deceleration 2]       (1)       0.01 to 9,000 s (2)       5.0 s         Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the		□ [Acceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 9,0	00 s (2)	5.0 s
Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the	0	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assigned.				
Time to decelerate from [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the	d E 2	[Deceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 9,0	00 s (2)	5.0 s
inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assign	0	Time to decelerate from inertia being driven.				

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2)Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 131.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
ь г Я , п О , ч Е S	<ul> <li>value for the inertia of the load, which can cause an or</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do The following selections appear depending on the ratio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Activating this function automatically adapts the deceleration ramp, if this has been set at too low a value for the inertia of the load, which can cause an overvoltage fault.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do not require strong deceleration. The following selections appear depending on the rating of the drive and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u>. They enable stronger deceleration to be obtained than with [Yes] (YES). Use comparative testing</li> </ul>		
d Y n A d Y n b d Y n C	<ul> <li>braking are improved by the addition of a current flow and magnetic energy stored in the motor.</li> <li>[High torq. A] (dYnA): Addition of a constant current</li> <li>[High torq. B] (dYnb): Addition of a current flow condition of a current flow condition of a current flow condition of a current flow condition.</li> <li>[High torq. C] (dYnC): Addition of a current flow condition of a current flow condition.</li> <li>[Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Braking The function is incompatible with applications requiring - Positioning on a ramp</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is configured on [High torq. x] (dYnx), the dynamic performances braking are improved by the addition of a current flow component. The aim is to increase the iro and magnetic energy stored in the motor.</li> <li>[High torq. A] (dYnA): Addition of a constant current flow component.</li> <li>[High torq. B] (dYnb): Addition of a current flow component oscillating at 100 Hz.</li> <li>[High torq. C] (dYnC): Addition of a current flow component oscillating at 200 Hz but with a g amplitude.</li> <li>[Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Braking balance] (bbA) page <u>80</u> = [Yes] (YES). The function is incompatible with applications requiring:</li> </ul>		
	CAUTIO Do not use [High torq. A] (dYnA), [High torq. B] (dYnB) of motor is a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it w Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipm	or [High torq. C] (dYnC) ill be demagnetized.	configurations if the	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 <i>E E -</i>	[STOP CONFIGURATION]     Note: Some types of stop cannot be used with all     page <u>124</u> .	other functions. Follow t	he instructions on		
5 E E	□ [Type of stop]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)		
r    P F 5 E n 5 E d C	<ul> <li>Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or a</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop This selection wi [Continuous] (FCt).</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop If the [Low speed time out] (tLS) parameter page <u>56</u> of [Ramp stop] (rMP).</li> </ul>	ll not appear if [Motor flu	xing] (FLU) page <u>148</u> =		
FFE	[Freewheel stop Thd] <sup>(1)</sup>	0.0 to 599 Hz	0.0		
0	<ul> <li>This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a threshold.</li> <li>It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop]</li> <li>0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop</li> <li>0.1 to 599 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor</li> </ul>	FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rM	P).		
n S E	[Freewheel stop ass.]		[No] (nO)		
∩ 0 ∟     - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<ul> <li>[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14s): If VW3A3202 extended</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Md</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CA</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communica</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller I</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO</li> <li>The stop is activated when the input or bit is at 0. If the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)</li> <li>[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14s): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic inputs</li> </ul> The stop is activated when the input or bit is at 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 82 = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type]			
FSE	[Fast stop assign.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L     - -	<ul> <li>Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page <u>124</u>.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[L11] (L1)</li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>The stop is activated when the input changes to 0 or the bit changes to 1(bit in [I/O profile] (IO) at 0). If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page <u>82</u> = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.</li> </ul>				
d C F	[Ramp divider]     (1)	0 to 10	4		
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = is not [No] (nO). The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.				

(1)The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[STOP CONFIGURATION] (continued)				
d E I	[DC injection assign.]			[No] (nO)	
n 0	Note: This function cannot be [INO] (nO): Not assigned	used with certain c	ther functions. Follow the in	nstructions on page <u>124</u> .	
L	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)				
-	): See the assignment condition	ons on page <u>118</u> .			
	DC injection braking is initiated when If the input returns to state 1 and the ru (tCC) page $\frac{82}{2} = [2 \text{ wire}] (2C)$ and $[2 \text{ w}]$ command must be sent.	un command is still	active, the motor will only r	estart if [2/3 wire control]	
1 d C ()	□ [DC inject. level 1]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (2) according to rating	0.64 ln (2)	
V2	Level of DC injection braking current The parameter can be accessed if [Ty is not [No] (nO).				
		CAUTIC	N		
	Check that the motor will withstand Failure to follow these instruction		•		
Ed I	□ [DC injection time 1]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
0	Maximum current injection time [DC i [DC inject. level 2] (ldC2). The parameter can be accessed if [Ty is not [No] (nO).		·		
1 d C 2 ()	□ [DC inject. level 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 ln (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)	
, v	Injection current activated by logic input has elapsed. The parameter can be accessed if [Ty is not [No] (nO).				
	CAUTION Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.				
EdC	□ [DC injection time 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection, selected as stop mode only. The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl).				
d O E d	□ [Dis. operat opt code]			[Freewheel] (nSt)	
	Disable operation stop mode. [Freewheel] (nSt): the drive stops in [Ramp stop] (rMp): the drive stops o				

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

(3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
A96-	[AUTO DC INJECTION]				
пас ()	[Auto DC injection] Automatic current injection on stopping (at the end	d of the ramp)	[Yes] (YES)		
n D 9 E S C E	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No injection</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Adjustable injection time</li> <li>[Continuous] (Ct): Continuous standstill injection</li> <li>Warning: There is an interlock between this function and [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page <u>148</u>. If [Motor fluxing]</li> <li>(FLU) = [Continuous] (FCt), [Auto DC injection] (Adc) must be [No] (nO).</li> <li>Note: This parameter gives rise to the injection of current even if a run command has not been sent. It can be accessed with the drive running.</li> </ul>				
5d[   ()	□ [Auto DC inj. level 1] (1)	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (2) according to rating	0.7 ln (2)		
	Level of standstill DC injection current. The parame [No] (nO). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor co				
	CAU	UTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current Failure to follow these instructions can resu				
EdEl	□ [Auto DC inj. time 1] (1)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
0	Standstill injection time. The parameter can be acc If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.] maintenance time.				
5 d C 2 ()	□ [Auto DC inj. level 2] (1)	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (2) according to rating	0.5 ln (2)		
	2 <sup>nd</sup> level of standstill DC injection current. The parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). <b>CAUTION</b>				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.				

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

()

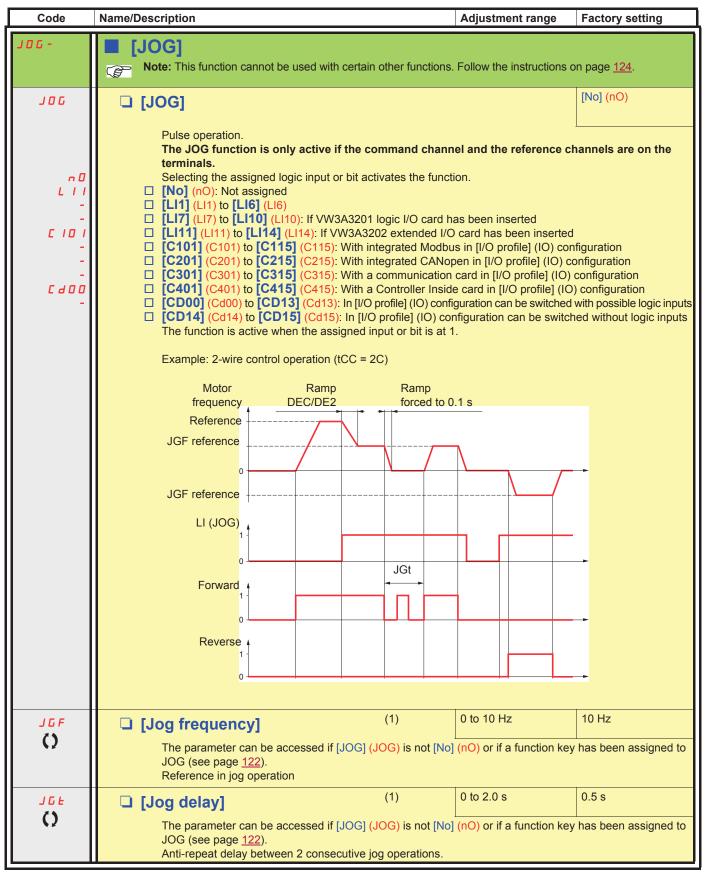


Code	Ν	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
		[AUTO DC INJECTION] (continued)		
<u>د م ۲</u> ۲)	?	[Auto DC inj. time 2] (1) 2 <sup>nd</sup> standstill injection time. The parameter can be access	0 to 30 s ssed if [Auto DC injection]	0 s (AdC) = [Yes] (YES.)
AdC	SdC2	Operation		
YES	x	SdC1 - SdC2 -		
Ct	≠ <b>0</b>	tdC1     tdC1 + tdC2       SdC1       SdC2		
Ct	= 0	sdC1		
Run com	mand			
Speed		0 t		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()





(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



()

### **Preset speeds**

2, 4 or 8 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2 or 3 logic inputs respectively.

Note: You must configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds. You must configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds.

#### Combination table for preset speed inputs

8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	Reference (1)
0	0	1	SP2
0	1	0	SP3
0	1	1	SP4
1	0	0	SP5
1	0	1	SP6
1	1	0	SP7
1	1	1	SP8

(1)See the diagram on page  $\underline{112}$ : Reference 1 = (SP1).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
P55-	[PRESET SPEEDS]     Note: This function cannot be used with certain other	functions. Follow the ins	structions on page <u>124</u> .
P 5 2	[2 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
LII	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)		
-			
P 5 4	[4 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		<u> </u>
L       -	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	<b>[]</b> (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> .		
	To obtain 4 speeds you must also configure 2 speeds.		
P 5 8	[8 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
L     -	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	<b>[]</b> (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> .		
	To obtain 8 speeds you must also configure 2 and 4 spee	ds.	



Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PRESET SPEEDS] (continued) The appearance of these [Preset speed x] (SP configured.	<sup>o</sup> x) parameters	is determined by the nu	Imber of speeds
5 P 2 ()	[Preset speed 2]	(1)	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	10 Hz
5 P 3 ()	[Preset speed 3]	(1)		15 Hz
5 <i>P 4</i> ()	[Preset speed 4]	(1)		20 Hz
5 P 5 ()	[Preset speed 5]	(1)		25 Hz
5 <i>P 6</i> ()	[Preset speed 6]	(1)		30 Hz
5 P 7 ()	[Preset speed 7]	(1)		35 Hz
5 <i>P 8</i> ()	□ [Preset speed 8] The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	(1)		50 Hz

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()



### +/- speed

Two types of operation are available.

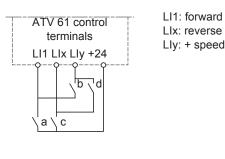
- Use of single-press buttons: Two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s). The input assigned to the "+ speed" command increases the speed, the input assigned to the "- speed" command decreases the speed.
- 2. Use of double-press buttons: Only one logic input assigned to "+ speed" is required.

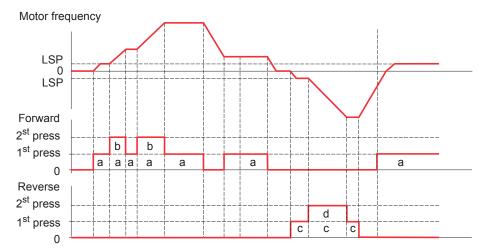
+/- speed with double-press buttons:

Description: 1 button pressed twice (2 steps) for each direction of rotation. A contact closes each time the button is pressed.

	Released (- speed)	1 <sup>st</sup> press (speed maintained)	2 <sup>nd</sup> press (faster)
Forward button	-	а	a and b
Reverse button	_	С	c and d

Example of wiring:





Do not use this +/-speed type with 3-wire control.

Whichever type of operation is selected, the max. speed is set by [High speed] (HSP) (see page 38).

#### Note:

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page <u>120</u>) from any one reference channel to another reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) may be copied at the same time in accordance with the [Copy channel 1 --> 2] (COP) parameter, see page <u>121</u>. If the reference is switched via rFC (see page <u>120</u>) from one reference channel to any other reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) is always copied at the same time.

This prevents the speed being incorrectly reset to zero when switching takes place.



	<ul> <li>[+/-Speed]</li> <li>Function can be accessed if reference channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [+/-Speed] (U</li> <li>Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the inst</li> <li>[+ speed assignment]</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L111] (L11) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possi</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without log</li> </ul>	In the logic inputs gic inputs		
	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L111] (L11) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possi</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without log</li> </ul>	) ible logic inputs gic inputs		
L I I - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<ul> <li>[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)</li> <li>[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possi</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without log</li> </ul>	) ble logic inputs gic inputs		
n 0 L 1 1 - -		[No] (nO)		
- - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[LI1] (L11) to [LI6] (L16)</li> <li>[LI7] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs</li> <li>[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic inputs</li> </ul>			
5 <i>t r</i> (	[Reference saved]	[No] (nO)		
с П Е Е Р	Associated with the "+/- speed" function, this parameter can be used to save the reference: <ul> <li>When the run commands disappear (saved to RAM)</li> <li>When the line supply or the run commands disappear (saved to EEPROM)</li> </ul> <li>Therefore, the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is the last reference saved. <ul> <li>[No] (nO): No save (the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is [Low speed] (LSP), see page <u>38</u>)</li> <li>[RAM] (rAM): Save to RAM</li> <li>[EEprom] (EEP): Save to EEPROM</li> </ul> </li>			
Srt (	[+/- speed reference.]	[No] (nO)		
~ D 4 E S	<ul> <li>Allow to choose the type of [+/- speed reference.].</li> <li>[No] (nO): The reference is given by the measured motor speed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): The reference is given by <i>F r 2</i>.</li> </ul>			

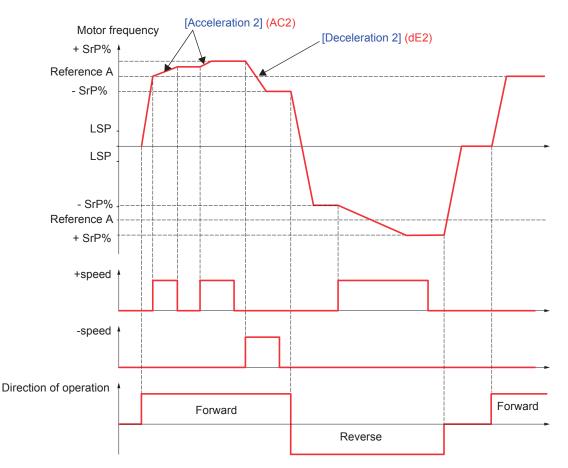


### +/- speed around a reference

The reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page <u>112</u>. For improved clarity, we will call this reference A. The action of the +speed and -speed buttons can be set as a % of this reference A. On stopping, the reference (A +/- speed) is not saved, so the drive restarts with reference A only.

The maximum total reference is always limited by [High speed] (HSP) and the minimum reference by [Low speed] (LSP), see page <u>38</u>.

Example of 2-wire control:





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
SrE-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.]     The function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1).     Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 124.			
U 5 I	[+ speed assignment]		[No] (nO)	
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive			
LII	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u> .			
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.			
d 5 1	[-Speed assignment]		[No] (nO)	
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		<u> </u>	
LII	□ <b>[LI1]</b> (LI1)			
-	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.</li> </ul>			
SrP	[+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50%	10%	
0	This parameter limits the variation range with +/- speed as a % of the reference. The ramps used in this function are [Acceleration 2] (AC2) and [Deceleration 2] (dE2). The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.			
A C 2	[Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 9,000 s (2)	5.0 s	
0	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.	Make sure that this value	e is compatible with the	
d E 2	[Deceleration 2]     (1)	0.01 to 9,000 s (2)	5.0 s	
Q	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/-		e is compatible with the	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 131.

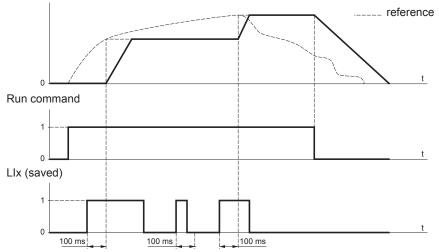


### **Reference saving:**

Saving a speed reference value using a logic input command lasting longer than 0.1 s.

- This function is used to control the speed of several drives alternately via a single analog reference and one logic input for each drive.
- It is also used to confirm a line reference (communication bus or network) on several drives via a logic input. This allows movements to be synchronized by getting rid of variations when the reference is sent.
- The reference is acquired 100 ms after the rising edge of the request. A new reference is not then acquired until a new request is made.

F: motor frequency



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P N -	[MEMO REFERENCE]	
5 P N	[Ref. memo ass.]	[No] (nO)
с П L I I -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L10] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> </ul>	
LII4	[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted Assignment to a logic input. Function active if the assigned input is at 1.	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FL I-	[FLUXING BY LI]		
FLU ()	[Motor fluxing]	(1)	[No] (FnO)
F n C F C E F n D	[Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode          [Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page 13         [No] (FnO): Function inactive         At and above ATV61HD55M3X, ATV61HD90N         [SVC V] (UUC) or [Energy Sav.] (nLd), this seld         [Not cont.] (FnC).         If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. mot.] (SYn         In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, the motor.         • In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive autom         • In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs wh         The flux current is greater than nCr (configured adjusted to the motor magnetizing current         C         Check that the motor will withstand this curre Failure to follow these instructions can in alignment of the motor and not the fluxing.	35 is [Freewheel] (nSt). N4 and ATV61HC11Y, if [Motor contrection cannot be made and the factor. a) the factory setting is replaced by [I magnetic flux needs to already have natically builds up flux when it is power the motor starts up. rated motor current) when the flux is <b>AUTION</b> rent without overheating. result in equipment damage.	rol type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = ry setting is replaced by Not cont.] (FnC). e been established in ered up. established and is then
FL I	[Fluxing assignment]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
	<ul> <li>[LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on para Assignment is only possible if [Motor fluxing] (I</li> <li>In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode:         <ul> <li>If an LI or a bit is assigned to the motor flux is at 1.</li> <li>If an LI or a bit has not been assigned, or if fluxing occurs when the motor starts.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In [No] (FnO) mode:         <ul> <li>If an LI or a bit is assigned to the motor flux is at 1.</li> <li>If an LI or a bit has not been assigned, or if fluxing occurs when the motor starts.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	FLU) is not [Continuous] (FCt). xing command, flux is built up when t if the LI or bit assigned is at 0 when a xing command, flux is built up when t	a run command is sent,

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

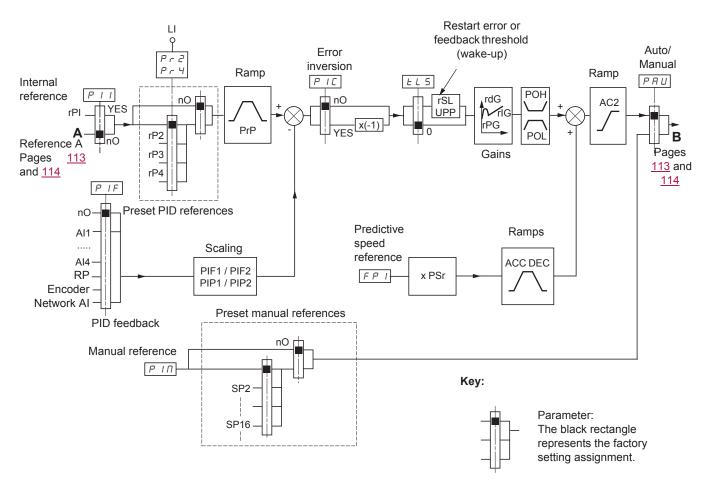




### **PID regulator**

### **Block diagram**

The function is activated by assigning an analog input to the PID feedback (measurement).



#### PID feedback:

The PID feedback must be assigned to one of the analog inputs AI1 to AI4, to the frequency input or the encoder, according to whether any extension cards have been inserted.

#### PID reference:

The PID reference must be assigned to the following parameters:

- Preset references via logic inputs (rP2, rP3, rP4)
  - In accordance with the configuration of [Act. internal PID ref.] (PII) pages 153:
    - Internal reference (rPI) or
    - Reference A (Fr1 or Fr1b, see page 113)

Combination table for preset PID references

LI (Pr4)	LI (Pr2)	Pr2 = nO	reference
			rPI or A
0	0		rPI or A
0	1	rP2	
1	0		rP3
1	1		rP4

A predictive speed reference can be used to initialize the speed on restarting the process.

#### How the various ramps work:

- ACC and dEC are only active in the event of changes in the predictive reference and not on starting PID regulation.
- · AC2 affects the PID output on starting PID regulation and on PID "wake-ups" only.
- · PrP is only active in the event of changes in the PID reference.



#### Scaling of feedback and references:

PIF1, PIF2 parameters
 Can be used to scale the PID feedback (sensor range).
 This scale MUST be maintained for all other parameters.

• PIP1, PIP2 parameters

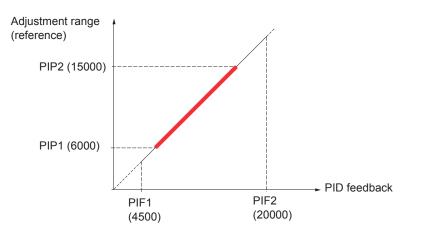
Can be used to scale the adjustment range, i.e., the reference. The adjustment range MUST be within the sensor range.

The scaling parameters must not exceed a value of 32767. To simplify setup, we recommend that you use values as close as possible to this maximum limit but remain within powers of 10 in respect of the actual values.

**Example** (see the graph below): Adjustment of the volume in a tank, between 6 m<sup>3</sup> and 15 m<sup>3</sup>.

- Sensor used 4-20 mA, 4.5 m<sup>3</sup> for 4 mA, 20 m<sup>3</sup> for 20 mA, with the result that PIF1 = 4500 and PIF2 = 20000.
- Adjustment range 6 to 15 m<sup>3</sup>, with the result that PIP1 = 6000 (min. reference) and PIP2 = 15000 (max. reference).
- Example references:
  - rP1 (internal reference) = 9,500
  - rp2 (preset reference) = 6,500
  - rP3 (preset reference) = 8,000
  - rP4 (preset reference) = 11,200

The [DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu can be used to customize the name of the unit displayed and its format.



#### Other parameters:

rSL parameter:

Can be used to set the PID error threshold, above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase when the error is positive, for example: pressure control with a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease when the error is positive, for example: temperature control using a cooling fan.
- UPP parameter:

If PIC = nO, can be used to set the PID feedback threshold, above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

If PIC = YES, can be used to set the PID feedback threshold, below which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- · The integral gain may be short-circuited by a logic input.
- · An alarm on the PID feedback may be configured and indicated by a logic output.
- · An alarm on the PID error may be configured and indicated by a logic output.



#### "Manual – Automatic" operation with PID

This function combines the PID regulator, the preset speeds and a manual reference. Depending on the state of the logic input, the speed reference is given by the preset speeds or by a manual reference input via the PID function.

#### Manual reference (PIM)

- Analog inputs AI1 to AI4
- Frequency input
- Encoder

#### Predictive speed reference (FPI)

- [AI1] (AI1): Analog input
- [AI2] (AI2): Analog input
- [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted
- [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal
- [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus
- [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen
- [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)
- [Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)

### Setting up the PID regulator

- **1.** Configuration in PID mode
  - See the diagram on page <u>149</u>.
- 2. Perform a test in factory settings mode (in most cases, this will be sufficient).

To optimize the drive, adjust rPG or rIG gradually and independently and observe the effect on the PID feedback in relation to the reference.

#### 3. If the factory settings are unstable or the reference is incorrect

• Perform a test with a speed reference in Manual mode (without PID regulator) and with the drive on load for the speed range of the system:

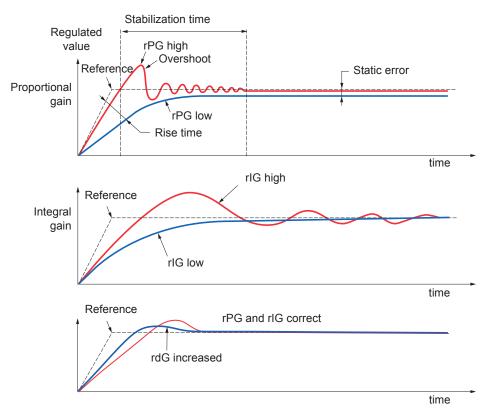
- In steady state, the speed must be stable and comply with the reference and the PID feedback signal must be stable.

- In transient state, the speed must follow the ramp and stabilize quickly, and the PID feedback must follow the speed.

If this is not the case, see the settings for the drive and/or sensor signal and wiring.

- · Switch to PID mode.
- Set brA to no (no auto-adaptation of the ramp).
- Set the PID ramp (PrP) to the minimum permitted by the mechanism without triggering an ObF fault.
- Set the integral gain (rIG) to minimum.
- Leave the derivative gain (rdG) at 0.
- Observe the PID feedback and the reference.
- Switch the drive ON/OFF a number of times or vary the load or reference rapidly a number of times.
- Set the proportional gain (rPG) in order to ascertain the best compromise between response time and stability in transient phases (slight overshoot and 1 to 2 oscillations before stabilizing).
- If the reference varies from the preset value in steady state, gradually increase the integral gain (rIG), reduce the proportional gain (rPG) in the event of instability (pump applications), find a compromise between response time and static precision (see diagram).
- Lastly, the derivative gain may permit the overshoot to be reduced and the response time to be improved, although this will make it more difficult to obtain a compromise in terms of stability, as it depends on 3 gains.
- · Perform in-production tests over the whole reference range.





The oscillation frequency depends on the system kinematics.

Parameter	Rise time	Overshoot	Stabilization time	Static error
rPG	**	1	=	X
rlG	$\mathbf{X}$	11	1	**
rdG	=	<b>\</b>	×	=



P IF       [P         n I       [P         P I       [P         R I I       [P	be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen	one of the function param s been inserted s been inserted nas been inserted n inserted is. ode (see page <u>218</u> ), the v	[No] (nO) neters can be accessed. virtual input remains [No] (nO)	
P IF       I       I       I         n I       N       I       I         R I       I       I       I         R I       I       I       I         R I       I       I       I         P I       I       I       I         R I       I       I       I         P I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         I       I       I       I         <	<ul> <li>ID feedback ass.]</li> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, not [A11] (A11): Analog input</li> <li>[A12] (A12): Analog input</li> <li>[A13] (A13): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if vW3A3202 extension card ha [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if vW3A3202 extension card has beet [Network AI] (AIU1): Virtual input via communication but frozen at the last value transmitted.</li> <li>I net. channel]</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> </ul>	one of the function param s been inserted s been inserted nas been inserted n inserted is. ode (see page <u>218</u> ), the v	[No] (nO) neters can be accessed. virtual input remains [No] (nO)	
n0         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         A I I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         A I U I         I I I I         I I I I I         I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, not</li> <li>[Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>[Al2] (Al2): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been</li> <li>[Incoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been</li> <li>[Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication but frozen at the last value transmitted.</li> <li>I net. channel]</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r</li> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> </ul>	s been inserted s been inserted nas been inserted n inserted is. ode (see page <u>218</u> ), the ) = [Network AI] (AIU1). T	virtual input remains	
A I I         A I 2         A I 3         A I 4         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         P I         A IU I         I I I I         I I I I I         I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	<ul> <li>[Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>[Al2] (Al2): Analog input</li> <li>[Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card ha</li> <li>[Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been</li> <li>[Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication butors witches to forced local modification of the equipment switches to forced local modification of the last value transmitted.</li> <li>I net. channel]</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r</li> <li>[NO] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> </ul>	s been inserted s been inserted nas been inserted n inserted is. ode (see page <u>218</u> ), the ) = [Network AI] (AIU1). T	virtual input remains [No] (nO)	
n 0 N 4 6 C A n n E t A P P P 1 F 1 (M	The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen			
II d b C A n n E t APP P IF I II II II II II II II II II	be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) r [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen		his parameter can also	
	<ul> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) = [Network AI] (AIU1). This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned</li> <li>[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>[Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> </ul>			
$\Omega$	lin PID feedback] (1)		100	
	Value for minimum feedback. Adjustment range from 0 to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) - 1 (2).			
	ax PID feedback] <sup>(1)</sup>		1,000	
0	Value for maximum feedback Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) + 1 to 32,767 (2).			
	lin PID reference] (1)		150	
0	Minimum process value. Adjustment range between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIP2) - 1 (2).			
	ax PID reference] (1)		900	
0	Maximum process value Adjustment range between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) + 1 to [Max PID reference] (PIF2) (2).			
P I I 🗖 🖪	ct. internal PID ref.]		[No] (nO)	
	<ul> <li>Internal PID regulator reference</li> <li>[No] (nO): The PID regulator reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions (see the diagram on page <u>112</u>).</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): The PID regulator reference is internal via parameter rPI.</li> </ul>			
	iternal PID ref.]		150	
0	Internal PID regulator reference This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu. Adjustment range between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) and [Max PID reference] (PIP2) (2).			
r P G 🛛 🔲 [P	ID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1	
0	Proportional gain			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.



Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
r 16 ()	[PID integral gain]     Integral gain		0.01 to 100	1
r d G ()	[PID derivative gain]     Derivative gain		0.00 to 100	0
PrP ()	PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined (PIP2) and vice versa.	(1) d to go from [Mi	0 to 99.9 s n PID reference] (PIP1)	0 s to [Max PID reference]
P IC ^ D 9E5	<ul> <li>[PID correct. reverse]</li> <li>[No] (nO)</li> <li>[Yes] (YES)         Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC)         If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increated a compressor.         If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decusing a cooling fan.</li> </ul>	ease when the		
POL ()	[Min PID output]     Minimum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)	- 500 to 500 or - 599 Hz to 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
рон ()	[Max PID output]     Maximum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	60 Hz
ря <i>ц</i> ()	[Min fbk alarm] Minimum regulator feedback monitoring thropage <u>96</u> ). Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback]		-	
ран ()	[Max fbk alarm] Maximum regulator feedback monitoring the page <u>96</u> ). Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback]	(1) reshold (alarm o	can be assigned to a rela	1,000 ay or a logic output,
PEr ()	[PID error Alarm]     Regulator error monitoring threshold.	(1)	0 to 65,535 (2)	100
P 15 n D L 1 1 - -	[PID integral reset]     [No] (nO): Function inactive     [L11] (L11)			[No] (nO)
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function	on is inactive (th		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)		
FP I	[Speed ref. assign.]		[No] (nO)
- 0 R   1 R   2 R   3 R   4 L C C R 1 4 L C C R 0 C R 0 R P P 1 P 0	PID regulator predictive speed input         [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive)         [Al1] (Al1): Analog input         [Al2] (Al2): Analog input         [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card he         [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card he         [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal         [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus         [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen         [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)         [Prog. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)         [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card         [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been	as been inserted has been inserted	
PSr	□ [Speed input%] (1)	1 to 100%	100%
$\mathbf{O}$	Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input. The parameter cannot be accessed if [Speed ref. assign.]	(FPI) = [No] (nO).	
PRU	☐ [Auto/Manual assign.]		[No] (nO)
- - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): The PID is always active.</li> <li>[LI1] (L11)         <ul> <li></li></ul></li></ul>	ive.	
AC 2	□ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 9000 s (2)	5.0 s
0	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function is starting up and in the event of PID "wake-ups".		
РІП	[Manual reference]		[No] (nO)
0 71 71 71 71 71 71 70 70	<ul> <li>Manual speed input. The parameter can be accessed if [A</li> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive)</li> <li>[Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>[Al2] (Al2): Analog input</li> <li>[Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card hereight (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card hereight (PG): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card hereight (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active on the manual reference if the preset speeds are active and the preset s</li></ul>	as been inserted as been inserted has been inserted en inserted	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 131.

()

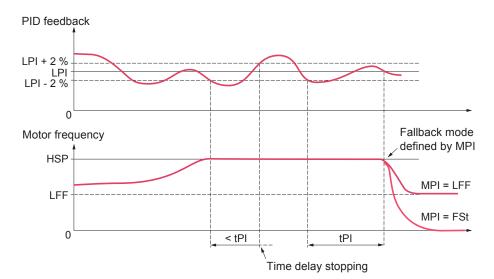


### **PID feedback supervision**

Used to define the operating mode in the event of detection of a PI feedback:

- Lower than the limit set if [PID correct. reverse] (PIC) = [No] (nO)
- Higher than the limit set if [PID correct. reverse] (PIC) = [Yes] (YES)

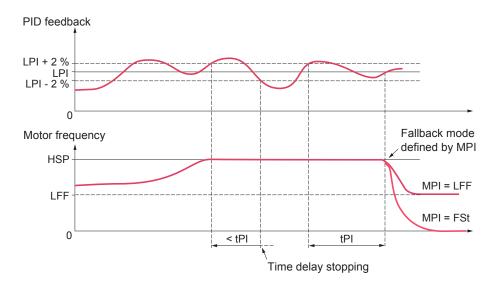
### Where [PID correct. reverse] (PIC) = [No] (nO)



If, once maximum speed has been reached ([High speed] (HSP)), the PID feedback is lower than the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) -2%, a time delay tPI is launched. If at the end of this time delay the value of the PID feedback is still lower than the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) + 2%, the drive switches to fallback mode as defined by parameter MPI.

In all cases the drive reverts to PID regulation mode as soon as the PID feedback exceeds the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) +2%.

### Where [PID correct. reverse] (PIC) = [Yes] (YES)



If, once maximum speed has been reached ([High speed] (HSP)), the PID feedback is higher than the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) +2%, a time delay tPI is launched. If at the end of this time delay the value of the PID feedback is still higher than the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) -2%, the drive switches to fallback mode as defined by parameter MPI.

In all cases the drive reverts to PID regulation mode as soon as the PID feedback undershoots the supervision threshold [PID Threshold] (LPI) -2%.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
LP I	[PID Threshold] (1)		100	
() 	<ul> <li>PID regulator feedback supervision threshold (alarm can be assigned to a relay or a logic output, page <u>96</u>). Adjustment range:</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive (it will not be possible to access the other function parameters)</li> <li>between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).</li> </ul>			
EP I	[PID Ctrl. time delay]     (1)	0 to 600 s	0 s	
()	PID regulator feedback supervision time delay			
ПР І	[PID Control Mngmt]		[Ignore] (nO)	
n 0 9 E S L F F r N P F S E	<ul> <li>Type of stop for PID regulator feedback supervision fault.</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (3).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> </ul>			
LFF	[Fallback speed]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz	
	Fallback speed for PID regulator feedback supervision	ı fault.		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.

(3)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

()



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Pr I-	Function can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is as	signed.	
Pr2	[2 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Ll1] (Ll1)</li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active.</li> </ul>		
Pr4	[4 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>Make sure that [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) has been assigned</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11)</li> <li></li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active.</li> </ul>	ed before assigning this fu	inction.
r P 2	[Preset ref. PID 2]  (1)		300
0	The parameter can be accessed if [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2 Adjustment range between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) an		IP2) (2).
r P J	[Preset ref. PID 3]     (1)		600
0	The parameter can be accessed if [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) Adjustment range between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) an		
r P 4	[Preset ref. PID 4] (1)		900
0	The parameter can be accessed if [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) Adjustment range between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) an		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.

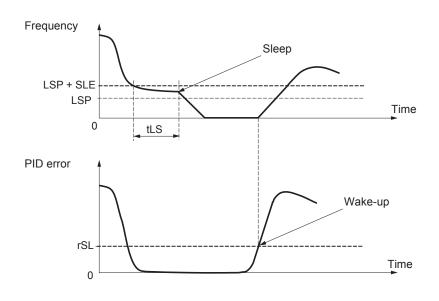




### Sleep/Wake-up

This function supplements the PID regulator, in order to avoid prolonged operation at excessively low speeds when neither useful nor desirable.

- It stops the motor after a period of operation at reduced speed. This time and speed can be adjusted.
- It restarts the motor if the PID error or feedback exceeds an adjustable threshold.



#### Sleep:

Following operation at a speed less than [Low speed] (LSP) + [Sleep Offset Thres.] (SLE) for a period of time greater than or equal to [Low speed time out] (tLS), the motor is stopped on a ramp.

#### Wake-up:

If the PID error exceeds [PID wake up thresh.] (rSL) (see the example opposite) or if the PID feedback exceeds [PID Wakeup Thres.] (UPP), the PID regulator is reactivated.



Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
5 r N -	<b>[SLEEPING / WAKE UP]</b>				
EL S	[Low speed time out]	(1)	0 to 999.9 s	0 s	
0	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP). Following operation at LSP + SLE for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the reference exceeds (LSP + SLE) and if a run command is still present. Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlimited period. Mote: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> is forced to [Ramp stop] (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).				
L 5 P	□ [Low speed]	(1)		0 Hz	
0	Motor frequency at minimum reference, c	an be set betwee	n 0 and [High speed] (HSF	P) (see page <u>50</u> ).	
S L E	[Sleep Offset Thres.]	(1)	1 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	1 Hz	
0	Adjustable restart threshold (offset) following a stop after prolonged operation at [Low speed] (LSP) + [Sleep Offset Thres.] (SLE), in Hz. The motor restarts if the reference rises above (LSP + SLE) and if a run command is still present.				
r SL	[PID wake up thresh.]			0	
	If the "PID" and "Low speed operating time" tLS functions are configured at the same time, the PID regulator may attempt to set a speed lower than LSP. This results in unsatisfactory operation, which consists of starting, operating at low speed then stopping, and so on Parameter rSL (restart error threshold) can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold for restarting after a stop at prolonged LSP. The function is inactive if the PID function has not been configured or if tLS = 0 or if rSL = 0.				
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
	Adjustment range from 0.0 to [Max PI	D feedback] (PIF2	2) (2).		

 (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
 (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
UPP	[PID Wakeup Thres.]		[No] (nO)		
	may attempt to set a speed lower than I This results in unsatisfactory operation, and so on Parameter UPP (restart feedback thresh a stop due to prolonged LSP. This thres maximum if [PID correct. reverse] (PIC)	which consists of starting, operating at low old) can be used to set a PID feedback three shold is minimum if [PID correct. reverse] (F	speed then stopping, shold for restarting after PIC) = [No] (nO) and		
		WARNING			
	Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
	Adjustment range: [No] (nO) or between	n [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID f	eedback] (PIF2) (2).		

(1) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9,999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15,650.



### Sleeping on the basis of flow detection

#### Parameters can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

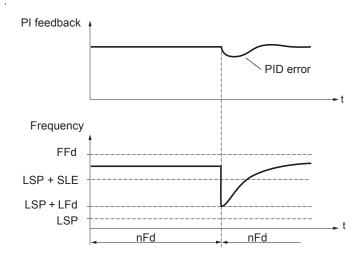
This function is only active when the motor frequency is less than [NoFlo.Freq.Thres.Ac.] (FFd). This function is used in applications where zero flow cannot be detected by the sleep function alone. At periodic intervals (based on time [No Flow Period Det.] (nFd)), it forces the drive's frequency reference to [Low speed] (LSP) + [No Flow Offset] (LFd) in order to test for zero flow.

Set the sleep function so that the drive switches to sleep mode when zero flow is detected ([No Flow Offset] (LFd)  $\leq$  [Sleep Offset Thres.] (SLE) page <u>160</u>).

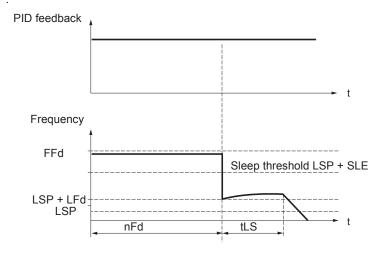
The test can be carried out at underpressure or overpressure as appropriate for the type of installation.

#### Test at underpressure: (LSP + LFd) < FFd

• If the request is still present, the PID regulator error increases (at underpressure), causing the drive to restart at its previous speed above the sleep threshold.



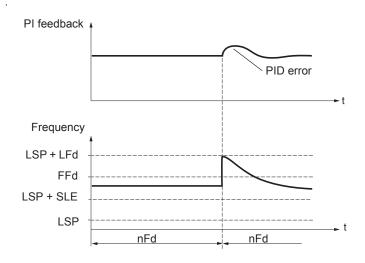
• If the request is no longer present (zero flow), the PID regulator error will not increase, and the speed will remain below the sleep threshold, thereby inducing a stop.



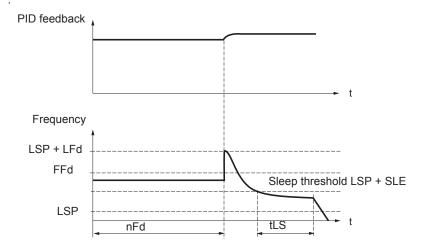


#### Test at overpressure: (LSP + LFd) > FFd

• If the request is still present, the PID regulator error increases (at overpressure), causing the drive to decelerate. If flow is detected, the speed will stabilize at its previous level, above the sleep threshold.



• If the request is no longer present (zero flow), the PID regulator error increases (at overpressure), causing the drive to decelerate. The absence of flow maintains the overpressure and the speed falls below the sleep threshold, causing the drive to stop.





Parameters can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[SLEEPING / WAKE UP]	(continued)		
n F d	[No Flow Period Det.]		0 to 20 min	0 min
	Zero flow detection interval, in minutes. The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is not [No] (nO).			
FFd	[NoFlo.Freq.Thres.Ac.]	(1)	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
0	Zero flow detection activation threshold The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is not [No] (nO) and if [No Flow Period Det.] (nFd) is not 0.		if [No Flow Period Det.]	
L F d	[No Flow Offset]	(1)	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
0	Zero flow detection offset The parameter can be accessed if [I (nFd) is not 0.	PID feedback ass.] (	PIF) is not [No] (nO) and	if [No Flow Period Det.]

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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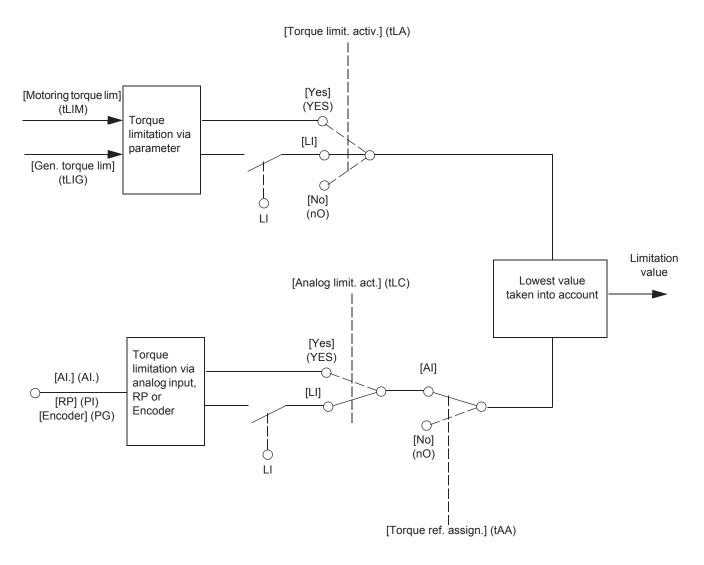


### **Torque limitation**

There are two types of torque limitation:

- With a value that is fixed by a parameter
- With a value that is set by an analog input (AI, pulse or encoder)

If both types are enabled, the lowest value is taken into account. The two types of limitation can be configured or switched remotely using a logic input or via the communication bus.





£0L-	[TORQUE LIMITATION]			
	This function cannot be accessed in V/F profile mode.			
ELA	[Torque limit. activ.]			[No] (nO)
n 0 965 L 1 1 - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Function always active</li> <li>[L11] (L11)</li> </ul>			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on particular or bit is at 0, the function If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function	is inactive.		
IntP	[Torque increment]			[1%] (1)
0. I I	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque Selection of units for the [Motoring torque lim] [0.1%] (0.1): 0.1% unit [1%] (1): 1% unit			arameters
ЕLIП	□ [Motoring torque lim]	)	0 to 300%	100%
0	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque Torque limitation in motor mode, as a whole % the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.			que in accordance with
EL IG	□ [Gen. torque lim] (	)	0 to 300%	100%
0	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque Torque limitation in generator mode, as a whol with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.			d torque in accordance
L A A	Image: Torque ref. assign.]     [No] (nO)		[No] (nO)	
п 0 Я I I - Я IЧ Р I Р G Я I U I	If the function is assigned, the limitation varies between 0% and 300% of the rated torque on the basis of the 0% to 100% signal applied to the assigned input. Examples: - 12 mA on a 4-20 mA input results in limitation to 150% of the rated torque. - 2.5 V on a 10 V input results in 75% of the rated torque. [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1) to [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [RP] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [Al net. channel] (AIC1) page <u>91</u>			
	WARNING			
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page <u>218</u> ), the virtual input remains frozen at the last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration. Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ELC	[Analog limit. act.]		[Yes] (YES)
4 E S L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA) is not [No] (nO).</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): The limitation depends on the input assigned by [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA).</li> <li>[LI1] (L1)</li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0:</li> <li>The limit is specified by the [Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque lim] (tLIG) parameters if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) is not [No] (nO).</li> <li>No limitation if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO). If the assigned input or bit is at 1:</li> <li>The limitation depends on the input assigned by [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA). Note: If [Torque limitation] (tLA) and [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA) are enabled at the same time, the lowest</li> </ul>		
ЕРПП	[Pmax Motor]	10 to 300%	300%
0	Maximum power in motor mode The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO)		
ЕРПБ	□ [Pmax Generator]	10 to 300%	300%
0	Maximum power in generator mode The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO)		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
EL 1-	[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]			
L C 2	[Current limit 2]		[No] (nO)	
	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive.</li> <li>[Ll1] (Ll1)</li> </ul>		L	
-	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the first current limitation</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the second current limitation</li> </ul>			
<u>с L 2</u> ()	[I Limit. 2 value] (1)	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 In (2) according to rating	1.1 or 1.2 In (2) according to rating	
	<ul> <li>Second current limitation The parameter can be accessed if [Current limit 2] (LC2) is not [No] (nO).</li> <li>Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 ln, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page <u>196</u>). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.</li> </ul>			
	CAUTIO	N		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. <b>Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.</b>			
	[Current Limitation]     (1)	0 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (2) according to rating	1.1 or 1.2 In (2) according to rating	
	First current limitation         Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive mains if this has been enabled (see page 196). If it is less longer has any effect.         CAUTIO         Check that the motor will withstand this current, part synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagn Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	than the no-load motor on the no-load motor of <b>N</b> icularly in the case of petization.	current, the limitation no	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

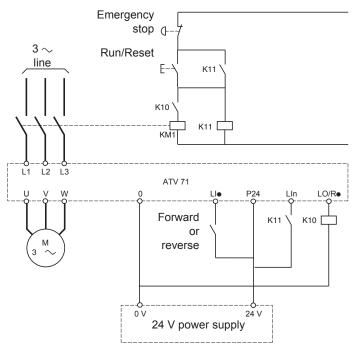
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(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



### Line contactor command

Example circuit:



**Note:** The "Run/Reset" button must be pressed once the "Emergency stop" button has been released.

The drive control power supply must be provided via an external 24 V source.

## CAUTION This function can only be used for a small number of consecutive operations with a cycle time longer than 60 s (in order to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitor charging circuit). Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

**Note:** The line contactor closes every time a run command (forward or reverse) is sent and opens after every stop.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LLC-	[LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]		
LLC	[Line contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 - 2 - - - - 4 0 1	<ul> <li>Logic output or control relay</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed).</li> <li>[LO1] (LO1) <ul> <li>to</li> <li>[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected).</li> <li>[R2] (r2) <ul> <li>to</li> <li>[R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted).</li> </ul> </li> <li>[dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 105 = [No] (nO).</li> </ul></li></ul>		
LES	[Drive lock]     [No] (nO)		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive.</li> <li>[L11] (L11)         <ul> <li></li></ul></li></ul>		
LCE	[Mains V. time out]	5 to 999 s	5 s
	Monitoring time for closing of line contactor. If, once this time has elapsed, there is no voltage on the drive power circuit, the drive will lock with an [input contactor] (LCF) fault.		



### **Output contactor command**

This allows the drive to control a contactor located between the drive and the motor. The request for the contactor to close is made when a run command is sent. The request for the contactor to open is made when there is no longer any current in the motor.

### CAUTION

If a DC injection braking function has been configured it should not be left operating too long in stop mode, as the contactor only opens at the end of braking.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

### Output contactor feedback

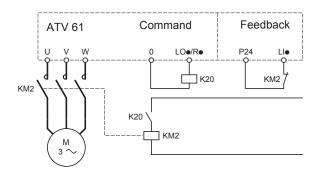
The corresponding logic input should be at 1 when there is no run command and at 0 during operation.

In the event of an inconsistency, the drive trips on an FCF2 fault if the output contactor fails to close (LIx at 1) and on an FCF1 fault if it is stuck (LIx at 0).

The parameter [Time to motor run] (dbS) can be used to delay tripping in fault mode when a run command is sent and the parameter [Time to open cont.] (dAS) delays the fault when a stop command is set.

#### Note:

Fault FCF2 (contactor failing to close) can be reset by the run command changing state from 1 to 0 (0 --> 1 --> 0 in 3-wire control).



The [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) and [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) functions can be used individually or together.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
0 C C -	[OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]		
000	[Out. contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 L 0 I -	Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of th [LO1] (LO1) to II O11 (LO1)		
L 0 4  - 4 d 0 1	<ul> <li>[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been [R2] (r2) to</li> <li>[R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if compared to [d01] (d01): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic out (AO1) page 105 = [No] (nO).</li> </ul>	ne or two I/O cards have	e been inserted)
r C A	[Output contact. fdbk]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11)</li> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>. The motor starts up when the assigned input or bit change</li> </ul>	s to 0.	L
d 6 5	□ [Time to motor run]	0.05 to 60 s	0.15
$\circ$	<ul> <li>Time delay for:</li> <li>Motor control following the sending of a run command</li> <li>Output contactor fault monitoring, if the feedback is assigned. If the contactor fails to close at the end of the set time, the drive will lock in FCF2 fault mode.</li> <li>This parameter can be accessed if [Output cont.] (OCC) is assigned or if [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) is assigned.</li> <li>The time delay must be greater than the closing time of the output contactor.</li> </ul>		
d A S	□ [Time to open cont.]	0 to 5.00 s	0.10
$\bigcirc$	Time delay for output contactor opening command followir This parameter can be accessed if [Output contact. fdbk] ( The time delay must be greater than the opening time of th not be monitored. If the contactor fails to open at the end of the set time, the	rCA) is assigned. ne output contactor. If it i	

()



### Damper control

This function applies to the ventilation ducts. The aim is to control the opening of the duct (shutter device called a "damper") when the fan starts up.

#### Damper opening command

The opening command can be assigned to a logic output or a relay via the [Damper assignment] (dAM)parameter. The damper is closed automatically when there is no longer an opening command.

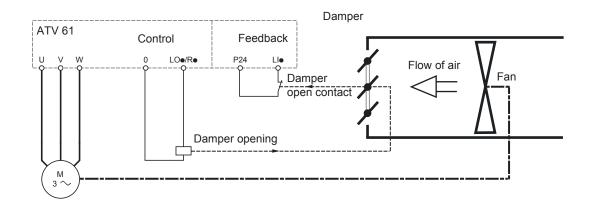
Note: With Sleep/Wake-up function, DC injection braking function must be configured to close the damper automatically when the drive is in sleep mode.

#### Damper opening feedback

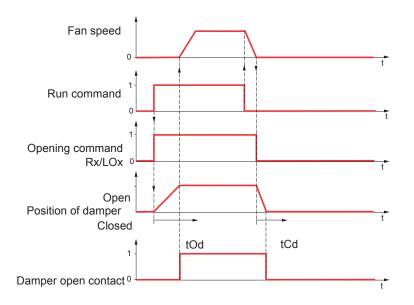
Opening is controlled by a bit or a logic input that can be assigned via the [Damper feedback] (dFb) parameter. The corresponding logic input or bit can be configured (state 0 or 1 for damper open) via the parameter [F.back dam. contact](Fbtd).

When there is an inconsistency, the drive trips on a [Damper stuck] (Fd1) fault if the damper does not open and on a [Damper open] (Fd2) fault if it does not close.

The parameter [Time to open damp.] (tOd) can be used to delay tripping on an opening fault when a run command is sent and the parameter [Time to close damp.] (tCd) delays the closing fault when a stop command is sent.



#### Example of operation with feedback at state 1 for damper open





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d A N -	[DAMPER MANAGEMENT]		
d A N	IDamper assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Logic output or opening control relay <ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the</li> <li>[LO1] (LO1)</li> <li>to</li> </ul>	function's parameters of	can be accessed)
L 0 4 r 2 -	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have bee [R2] (r2) to	n inserted, LO1 to LO2 o	or LO4 can be selected)
- 4 d D I	<ul> <li>[R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if or</li> <li>[dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output (AO1) page <u>105</u> = [No] (nO).</li> </ul>		
dFЬ	[Damper feedback]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L     -	Feedback of the "damper open" information [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1) :		
-			
	Note: Before assigning damper feedback, check that the input wiring or the state of the assigned bit corresponds to the configuration of parameter [F.back dam. contact] (Fbtd) below. If it does not, the drive may immediately switch to fault mode.		
E O d	□ [Time to open damp.]	0.05 to 300 s	60
0	Opening fault monitoring time delay. If the damper does not open at the end of the set time, the drive will lock in [Damper stuck] (Fd1) fault mode. The time delay must be greater than the normal opening time of the damper.		set time, the drive will
ЕCd	□ [Time to close damp.]	0.00 to 300 s	60
0	Closing fault monitoring time delay. If the damper does not close at the end of the set time, the drive will lock in [Damper open.] (Fd1) fault mode. If this parameter is at 0.00, the [Damper open.] (Fd2) fault is monitored only at the run command before activation of the relay or the control logic output. The time delay must be greater than the normal closing time of the damper.		
FbEd	[Active at 0] (SHUt)		[Active at 0] (SHUt)
SHUE DPEn	<ul> <li>This parameter defines the positive or negative logic of the input or bit assigned by [Damper feedback] (dFb).</li> <li>[Active at 0] (SHUt): The motor starts up when the assigned input or bit changes to 0.</li> <li>[Active at 1] (OPEn): The motor starts up when the assigned input or bit changes to 1.</li> </ul>		

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### Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING]

A set of 1 to 15 parameters from the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu on page <u>48</u> can be selected and 2 or 3 different values assigned. These 2 or 3 sets of values can then be switched using 1 or 2 logic inputs or control word bits. This switching can be performed during operation (motor running).

It can also be controlled on the basis of one or two frequency thresholds, whereby each threshold acts as a logic input (0 = threshold not attained, 1 = threshold attained).

	Values 1	Values 2	Values 3
Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1
Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2
Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3
Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4
Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5
Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6
Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7
Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8
Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9
Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10
Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11
Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12
Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13
Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14
Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 2 values	0	1	0 or 1
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 3 values	0	0	1

Note: Do not modify the parameters in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu, because any modifications made in this menu will be lost on the next power-up. The parameters can be adjusted during operation in the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) menu, on the active configuration.

Note: Parameter set switching cannot be configured from the integrated display terminal.

Parameters can only be adjusted on the integrated display terminal if the function has been configured previously via the graphic display terminal, by PC-Software or via the bus or communication network. If the function has not been configured, the **MLP-** menu and the **PS1-**, **PS2-**, **PS3-** submenus do not appear.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ΠLΡ-	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING]		
CHR I	[2 Parameter sets]		[No] (nO)
0 F E A F 2 A L I I - - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive.</li> <li>[Freq.Th.att.] (FtA): Switching via [Freq. threshold] (Ftd</li> <li>[Freq.Th.2 attain.] (F2A): Switching via [Freq. threshold]</li> <li>[L11] (L11)         <ul> <li></li></ul></li></ul>		
C H A 2	[3 Parameter sets]		[No] (nO)
0 FEA F2A LII - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive.</li> <li>[Freq.Th.att.] (FtA): Switching via [Freq. threshold] (Ftd</li> <li>[Freq.Th.2 attain.] (F2A): Switching via [Freq. threshold]</li> <li>[L11] (L11)         <ul> <li></li></ul></li></ul>	old 2] (Ftd) page <u>60</u>	ured.
	<ul> <li>[PARAMETER SELECTION]</li> <li>The parameter can only be accessed on the graphic displated Making an entry in this parameter opens a window contain accessed.</li> <li>Select 1 to 15 parameters using ENT (a tick then appears in deselected using ENT. Example:</li> </ul>	ing all the adjustment p	arameters that can be
P 5 I -	□ [SET 1] The parameter can be accessed if one or more parameters SELECTION]. Making an entry in this parameter opens a settings window of in which they were selected. With the graphic display terminal:	z REM lax = 999.9 T/K	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (continued)		
P 5 2 -	[SET 2] The parameter can be accessed if one or more parameter SELECTION]. Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).	ers have been selected in	n [PARAMETER
P 5 3 -	□ [SET 3] The parameter can be accessed if [3 parameter sets] is selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION]. Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).	not [No] and if one or mor	e parameters have been

Note: We recommend that a parameter set switching test is carried out on stopping and a check is made to ensure that it has been performed correctly.

Some parameters are interdependent and in this case may be restricted at the time of switching.

Interdependencies between parameters must be respected, even between different sets.

Example: The highest [Low speed] (LSP) must be below the lowest [High speed] (HSP).



### Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]

The drive may contain up to 3 configurations, which can be saved using the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, page 222. Each of these configurations can be activated remotely, enabling adaptation to:

- · 2 or 3 different motors or mechanisms (multimotor mode)
- · 2 or 3 different configurations for a single motor (multiconfiguration mode)

The two switching modes cannot be combined.

Note: The following conditions MUST be observed: (F

- · Switching may only take place when stopped (drive locked). If a switching request is sent during operation, it will not be executed until the next stop.
- · In the event of motor switching, the following additional conditions apply:
  - When the motors are switched, the power and control terminals concerned must also be switched as appropriate.
  - The maximum power of the drive must not be exceeded by any of the motors.
- · All the configurations to be switched must be set and saved in advance in the same hardware configuration, this being the definitive configuration (option and communication cards). Failure to follow this instruction can cause the drive to lock on an [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault.

### Menu and parameters switched in multimotor mode

- [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)
- [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)
- [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)
- [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)
- [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) with the exception of the [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function (to be configured once only)
- [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)
- [1,13 USER MENU]
- [USER CONFIG.]: The name of the configuration specified by the user in the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu

### Menu and parameters switched in multiconfiguration mode

As in multimotor mode, except for the motor parameters that are common to the three configurations:

- Rated current
- Thermal current
- Rated voltage
- Rated frequency
- Rated speed \_
- Rated power
- Magnetizing current at zero frequency
- IR compensation
- Slip compensation
- Synchronous motor parameters
- Type of thermal protection
- Thermal state
- The auto-tuning parameters and motor parameters that can be accessed in expert mode
- Type of motor control



Note: No other menus or parameters can be switched.



# Transfer of a drive configuration to another one, with graphic display terminal, when the drive uses [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function

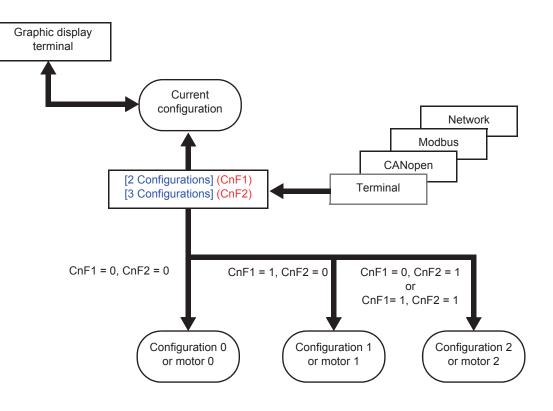
Let A be the source drive and B the drive addressed. In this example, switching are controled by logic input.

- 1. Connect graphic display terminal to the drive A.
- 2. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) and LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- 3. Download configuration 0 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 1 of the graphic display terminal).
- 4. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- **5.** Download configuration 1 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 2 of the graphic display terminal).
- 6. Put logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1.
- 7. Download configuration 2 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 3 of the graphic display terminal).
- **8.** Connect graphic display terminal to the drive B.
- 9. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) and LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.

10. Make a factory setting of the drive B.

- 11. Download the configuration file 0 in the drive (file 1 of graphic display terminal in this example).
- 12. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- **13.** Download the configuration file 1 in the drive (file 2 of graphic display terminal in this example).
- 14. Put logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1.
- **15.** Download the configuration file 2 in the drive (file 3 of graphic display terminal in this example).

Nota: Steps 6, 7, 14 et 15 are necessary only if [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function is used with 3 configurations or 3 motors.



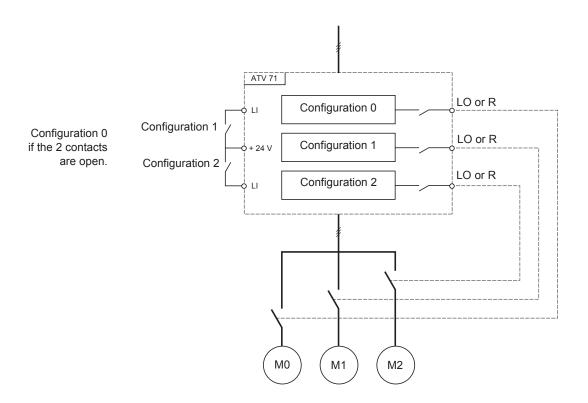


### Switching command

Depending on the number of motors or selected configuration (2 or 3), the switching command is sent using one or two logic inputs. The table below lists the possible combinations.

LI 2 motors or configurations	LI 3 motors or configurations	Number of configuration or active motor
0	0	0
1	0	1
0	1	2
1	1	2

### Schematic diagram for multimotor mode



### Auto-tuning in multimotor mode

This auto-tuning can be performed:

- Manually using a logic input when the motor changes
- Automatically each time the motor is activated for the 1<sup>st</sup> time after switching on the drive, if the [Automatic autotune] (AUt) parameter on page <u>67</u> = [Yes] (YES).

#### Motor thermal states in multimotor mode:

The drive protects the three motors individually. Each thermal state takes into account all stop times, including drive shutdowns. It is therefore not necessary to perform auto-tuning every time the power is switched on. It is sufficient to auto-tune each motor at least once.

### **Configuration information output**

In the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, a logic output can be assigned to each configuration or motor (2 or 3) for remote information transmission.



Note: As the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu is switched, these outputs must be assigned in all configurations in which information is required.



# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
ΠΠΕ -	[MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]		
СНП	[Multimotors]	[No] (nO)	
л D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Multiconfiguration possible</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Multimotor possible</li> </ul>		
EnF I	[2 Configurations]	[No] (nO)	
0 L     - - C       - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No switching.</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus</li> <li>[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen</li> <li>[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card</li> <li>[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card</li> <li>Switching of 2 motors or 2 configurations</li> </ul>	d	
EnF2	□ [3 Configurations]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 L     - - - - - - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No switching</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L111] (L11) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus</li> <li>[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen</li> <li>[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card</li> <li>[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card</li> <li>Switching of 3 motors or 3 configurations</li> </ul>		
	Note: In order to obtain 3 motors or 3 configurations, [2 Configurations] (CnF1) n	nust also be configured.	
EnL-	[AUTO TUNING BY LI]		
EUL	[Auto-tune assign.]	[No] (nO)	
L     - -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>Auto-tuning is performed when the assigned input or bit changes to 1.</li> </ul>		
	<b>Note:</b> Auto-tuning causes the motor to start up.		



#### Zero fluid or zero flow detection via sensor

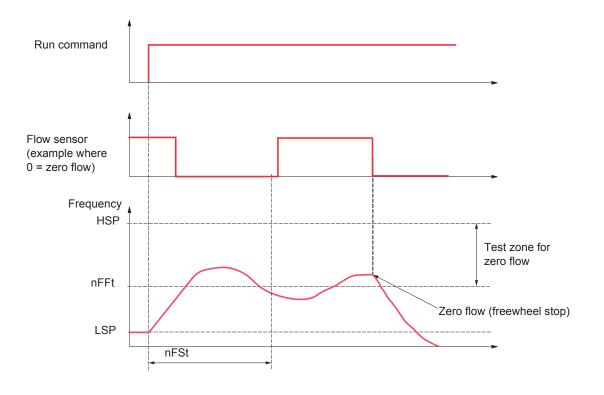
In the case of a pump, for example, this function can be used to avoid operation when there is no fluid or if the conduits are blocked. Although this function is independent of the "[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)" function on page <u>162</u>, the two can be used in tandem.

The function uses a fluid sensor assigned to a logic input or a bit, which can be configured for positive or negative logic by [Conf.sensor flow] (LnS).

The fault is triggered if the frequency exceeds an adjustable threshold [Freq.Th.Sensor. Act.] (nFFt) and the input or bit assigned to the sensor changes to 0 or 1 depending on its configuration.

The fault is ignored on startup for an adjustably time delay [Flow Times Ctrl] (nFSt) in order to avoid untimely triggering due to a transient state.

This fault triggers a freewheel stop.





# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

Code	Name/Description	Adju	stment range	Factory setting	
n F 5 -	[NO FLOW DETECTION]				
n F S	[No Flow Sensor]			[No] (nO)	
n 0 L     - C   0   - - - C d 0 0 -	Assignment of the zero fluid sensor.  [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic inputs				
L n 5	[Active low] (LO)				
L 0 H 16	<ul> <li>This parameter can be accessed if zero flow detection has been assigned to a logic input or a bit. It defines the positive or negative logic of the input or bit assigned to this detection.</li> <li>[Active low] (LO): Detection on falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned input or bit.</li> <li>[Active high] (HIG): Detection on rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input or bit.</li> </ul>				
nFFE	□ [Freq.Th.Sensor. Act.] (1	,	500 or 599 Hz rding to rating	0 Hz	
0	Zero fluid detection activation threshold The parameter can be accessed if [No Flow Sensor] (nFS) is not [No] (nO).				
nFSE	□ [Flow Times Ctrl] (1	) 0 to 9	999 s	10 s	
0	Zero fluid detection activation time delay The parameter can be accessed if [No Flow S	ensor] (nFS) is not	[No] (nO).		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

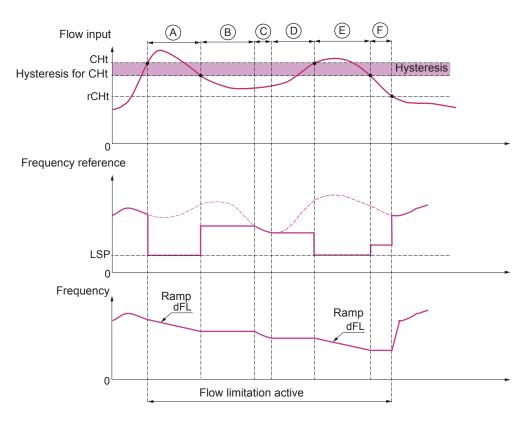
()



#### **Flow limitation**

This function can be used to limit the flow of a fluid, in the case of a pump, for example.

The function uses a flow sensor assigned to an analog input, the "pulse in" input or the encoder input. It limits the frequency reference. In the case of regulation with PID, it affects the PID regulator output reference.



- Before A The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has not reached the activation threshold [Flow.Lim.Th.Active] (CHt): Flow limitation is not activated and the input reference is applied.
- A The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has reached the threshold [Flow.Lim.Th.Active] (CHt): Flow limitation
  is activated, the reference is limited to [Low speed] (LSP) and the frequency decelerates along the ramp [Dec. Flow. limit] (dFL).
- B The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has fallen below the hysteresis of the threshold [Flow.Lim.Th.Active] (CHt): The current frequency is copied and applied as the reference.
- C The input reference has fallen below the reference B and is continuing to fall: It is applied.
- D The input reference starts to rise again: The current frequency is copied and applied as the reference.
- E The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has reached the threshold [Flow.Lim.Th.Active] (CHt): The reference is limited to [Low speed] (LSP) and the frequency decelerates along the ramp [Dec. Flow. limit] (dFL).
- F The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has fallen below the hysteresis of the threshold [Flow.Lim.Th.Active] (CHt): The current frequency is copied and applied as the reference.
- After F The signal on the input assigned to the flow measurement has fallen below the deactivation threshold [Flo.Lim.Thres.Inact.] (rCHt): Flow limitation is no longer active and the input reference is applied.



# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLL -	[FLOW LIMITATION]			
C H I	□ [Flow.Sen.Inf]			[No] (nO)
0 711 7 714 71 76	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned (function ina</li> <li>[Al1] (Al1) to</li> <li>[Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A320</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3</li> <li>[Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if endotes and the second seco</li></ul>	02 I/O card has been 202 I/O card has be	en inserted	
CHE	[Flow.Lim.Th.Active]	(1)	0 to 100%	0%
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Figure Figure Fig			
r C H E	[Flo.Lim.Thres. Inact.]	(1)	0 to 100%	0%
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Flow.Sen.Inf] (CHI) is not [No] (nO). Function deactivation threshold, as a % of the max. signal of the assigned input			
d F L	□ [Dec. Flow. limit]	(1)	0.01 to 9,000 s (2)	5.0 s
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Flo Time to decelerate from the [Rated mo inertia being driven.			ue is compatible with the

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 9,000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 131.



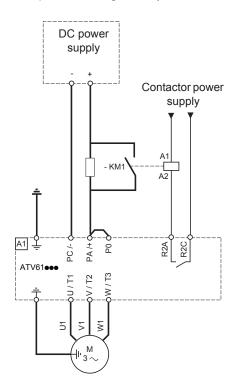
#### Direct power supply via DC bus

This function is only accessible for ATV61eeeM3 ≥ 18.5 kW, ATV61eeeN4 ≥ 22 kW drives and all ratings of ATV61eeeY drives.

Direct power supply via the DC bus requires a protected direct current source with adequate power and voltage as well as a suitably dimensioned resistor and capacitor precharging contactor. Consult Schneider Electric for information about dimensioning these components.

The "direct power supply via DC bus" function can be used to control the precharging contactor via a relay or a logic input on the drive.

Example circuit using R2 relay:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d C D -	This function is only accessible for ATV61••••M3 ≥ 18.5 kW ATV61••••Y drives.	/, ATV61 <b>●●●</b> N4 ≥ 22 kW (	drives and all ratings of
d C 0	[Precharge cont. ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 - 2 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 1	<ul> <li>Logic output or control relay</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function not assigned.</li> <li>[LO1] (LO1) to</li> <li>[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have b</li> <li>[R2] (r2) to</li> <li>[R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if</li> <li>[dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic o (AO1) page 105 = [No] (nO).</li> </ul>	one or two I/O cards hav	/e been inserted).

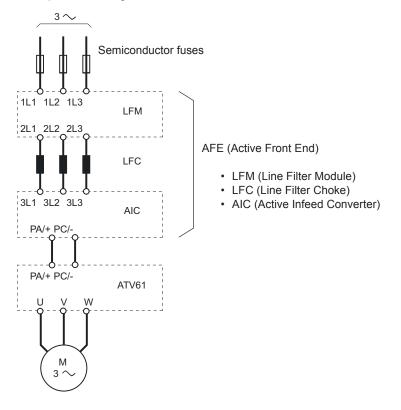


#### **Active Front End connection**

This function is not accessible for ATV61HeeeS6X  $\ge$  and for ATV61HeeeY  $\ge$  110 kW (150 HP). (HHP range)

Direct power supply via Active Front End (AFE) reduces the mains current harmonics to less than 4% and gives enables the drive to feedback the generative energy to the mains supply.

Example circuit using one AFE for one ATV61



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
RFE-	[REGEN CONNECTION]		
0 Ir	[Regen. Connection]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Not assigned		
9 E S	[Yes] (YES): Function always active		
L	[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)		
-	[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O ca	rd has been inserted	
-	[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended	d I/O card has been inserted	d
C 10 1	C101 (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)		
-	[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)		
-	[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communica		)
-	[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller I		
C d D D	[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO		
-	CD14] (Cd14) to CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO		
	If [Profile] (CHCF) = [8 serie] (SE8), then only [Yes] (Yes)	,	- ·

# 

#### DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

It is absolutely necessary to carry out further parameter setting on all ATV61 drive connnected to Active Front End (AFE). Check the list of parameter on next page.

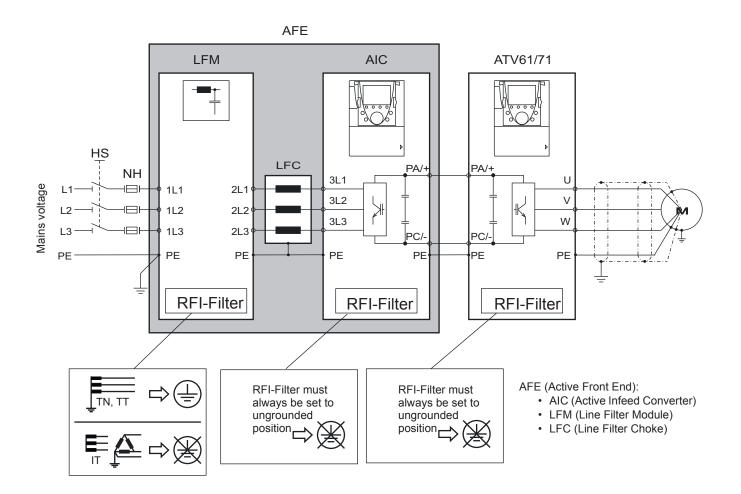
Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.



#### Active Front End connection

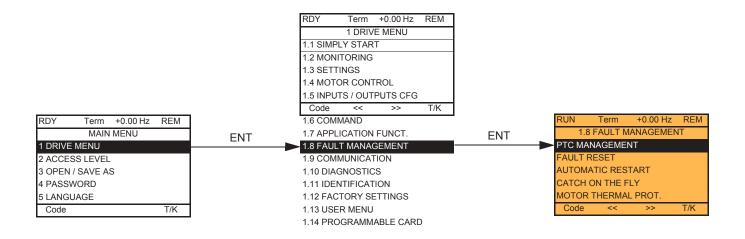
It is necessary to carry out the following settings for all frequency inverters connected to an active front end:

- Parameter [Mains voltage] (UrES) : Same setting as the active front end (Thereby the internal voltage levels of the frequency inverter are adapted).
- Parameter [Input phase loss] (IPL) has to be set to [Ignore] (nO).
- Parameter for operation with active front end [Regen. Connection] (AFE) has to be set to [Yes] (YES) (Thereby the undervoltage level of the frequency inverter is adapted to the operation with the active front end).
- Parameter [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is set to [nO] to inactivate this function.
- Parameter [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) has to be set to [ignore] (nO) (for HHP range only).
- Parameter [Deceleration] (dEC) has to be increased for applications with high inertia to avoid overload of Active Front End. This can be prevented also by rounding the deceleration ramp with parameter [Begin Dec round] (tA3).
- Parameter [2 wire type] (tCt) has to be set on [Level] (LEL) to ensure an automatic restart after undervoltage detection of the Active Front End. An automatic restart is only possible on 2 wire control.
- The integrated RFI filter has to be always deactivated (position IT, non-grounded mains) for all ATV 61 inverter and also for the Active Infeed Converter (AIC) because there exists no direct mains connection.

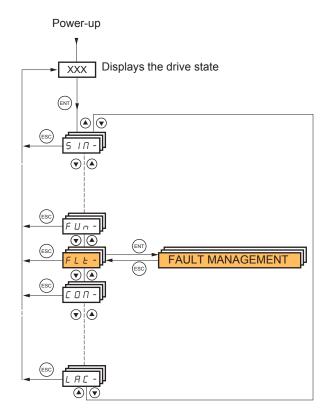




#### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:



#### Summary of functions:

Code	Name	Page
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]	<u>191</u>
r 5 E -	[FAULT RESET]	<u>192</u>
Atr-	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	<u>193</u>
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY]	<u>194</u>
EHE-	[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]	<u>196</u>
OPL-	[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]	<u>196</u>
IPL -	[INPUT PHASE LOSS]	<u>197</u>
OHL -	[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	<u>197</u>
SAF-	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]	<u>198</u>
EEF-	[EXTERNAL FAULT]	<u>199</u>
И56-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]	200
E 1E -	[IGBT TESTS]	<u>201</u>
LFL-	[4-20mA LOSS]	202
In H -	[FAULT INHIBITION]	<u>203</u>
ELL -	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]	<u>204</u>
Eld-	[TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.]	<u>205</u>
F9F-	[FREQUENCY METER]	<u>207</u>
brP-	[DB RES. PROTECTION]	<u>208</u>
<i>ЬЦЕ</i> -	[BU PROTECTION]	<u>208</u>
EnF-	[AUTO TUNING FAULT]	<u>208</u>
PP I-	[CARDS PAIRING]	<u>209</u>
ULd-	[PROCESS UNDERLOAD]	<u>211</u>
0Ld-	[PROCESS OVERLOAD]	212
FdL -	[DAMPER FAULT MGT.]	<u>213</u>
LFF-	[FALLBACK SPEED]	<u>214</u>
FSE-	[RAMP DIVIDER]	214
d[ I-	[DC INJECTION]	<u>214</u>



The parameters in the [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a O symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

#### **PTC probes**

3 sets of PTC probes can be managed by the drive in order to protect the motors:

- 1 on logic input LI6 converted for this use by switch "SW2" on the control card.
- 1 on each of the 2 option cards VW3A3201 and VW3A3202.

Each of these sets of PTC probes is monitored for the following faults:

- · Motor overheating
- Sensor break fault
- · Sensor short-circuit fault

Protection via PTC probes does not disable protection via  $I^2t$  calculation performed by the drive (the two types of protection can be combined).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]		
PECL	[LI6 = PTC probe]		[No] (nO)
n D A S r d S r S	Can be accessed if switch <b>SW2</b> on the control card is set <b>[N0]</b> (nO): Not used <b>[Always]</b> (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permar (as long as the control remains connected to the power su <b>[Power ON]</b> (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while <b>[Motor ON]</b> (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while	ently, even if the power pply). ile the drive power supp	ly is connected.
PEC I	□ [PTC1 probe]		[No] (nO)
n D A S r d S r S	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been ins [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permar (as long as the control remains connected to the power su [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while	ently, even if the power pply). ile the drive power supp	ly is connected.
PEC2	[PTC2 probe]		[No] (nO)
r D A S r d S r S	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been ins [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permar (as long as the control remains connected to the power su [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while	ently, even if the power pply). ile the drive power supp	ly is connected.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
r 5£ -	[FAULT RESET]				
r SF	[Fault reset]		[LI4] (LI4)		
	Manual fault reset           [No] (nO): Function inactive           [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)           [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted           [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted           [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO)           [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)           [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO)           [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO)           [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs           [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic inputs           Faults are reset when the assigned input or bit changes to 1, if the cause of the fault has disappeared. The STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal performs the same function. See pages 242 to 246 for the list of faults that can be reset manually.				
r P n D 965	<ul> <li>[Product reset]</li> <li>Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode. Drive reinitialization. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Reinitialization. Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked.</li> </ul>				
	reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipm	ent damage.			
r P A	[Product reset assig.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L I I - L I I 4	<ul> <li>Parameter can only be modified in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode.</li> <li>Drive reinitialization via logic input. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply. The drive is reinitialized on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L14] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted To assign reinitialization, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> </ul>				
	CAUTION	CAUTION			
	Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been removed before reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Atr -	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]				
Atr	[Automatic restart]		[No] (nO)		
т 0 У E 5	operating conditions permit the restart. The restart is separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s. The drive fault relay remains activated if this function direction must be maintained. Use 2-wire control ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] see page 82). <b>WAR</b> <b>UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION</b> Check that an automatic restart will not endang Failure to follow these instructions can result in If the restart has not taken place once the configurabl the drive remains locked until it is turned off and then	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Automatic restart, after locking on a fault, if the fault has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit the restart. The restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, then 1 mn for the following attempts. The drive fault relay remains activated if this function is active. The speed reference and the operating direction must be maintained.</li> <li>Use 2-wire control ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) see page <u>82</u>).</li> </ul>			
EAr	The faults which permit this function are listed on page [Max. restart time]	je <u>245</u> .	[5 minutes] (5)		
5 10 30 16 26 36 5	<ul> <li>[5 minutes] (5): 5 minutes</li> <li>[10 minutes] (10): 10 minutes</li> <li>[30 minutes] (30): 30 minutes</li> <li>[1 hour] (1h): 1 hour</li> <li>[2 hours] (2h): 2 hours</li> <li>[3 hours] (3h): 3 hours</li> <li>[Unlimited] (Ct): Unlimited</li> <li>Max. duration of restart attempts. This parameter applit can be used to limit the number of consecutive restart</li> </ul>	pears if [Automatic restart] (At arts on a recurrent fault.	r) = [Yes] (YES).		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FLr -	[CATCH ON THE FLY]			
FLr	[Catch on the fly]     [Yes] (YES)			
n D 9 E S	<ul> <li>Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events:</li> <li>Loss of line supply or disconnection</li> <li>Reset of current fault or automatic restart</li> <li>Freewheel stop</li> <li>The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, then follows the ramp to the reference speed.</li> <li>Rotor speed, estimated during freewheel operation, in order to define the appropriate catch on fly settings is available by [Freq. catch on fly] (FCAO), it can be monitored with PC-Software.</li> <li>This function requires 2-wire level control.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> </ul>			
ШΕЬ	[Sensitivity]	0.1 to 15%	0.6%	
0	Parameter accessible at and above ATV61HD55M3X, ATV61HD90N4 and ATV61HC11Y. Adjusts the catch-on-the-fly sensitivity around the zero speed. Decrease the value if the drive is not able to perform the catch on the fly, and increase it if the drive locks on a fault as it performs the catch on the fly.			





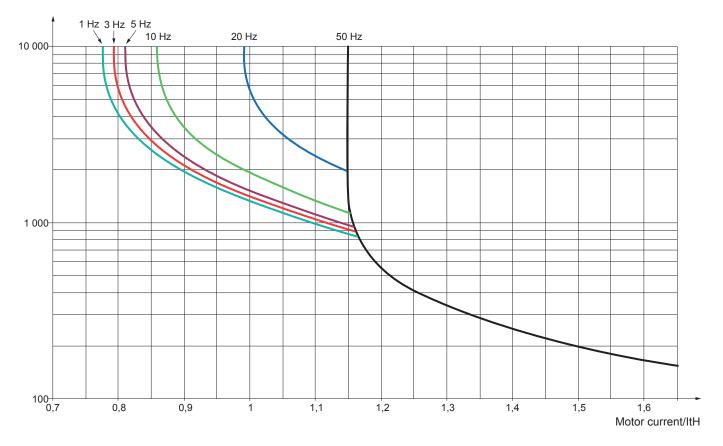
#### Motor thermal protection

#### **Function:**

Thermal protection by calculating the  $I^2t$ .

- **Note:** The memory of the motor thermal state is saved when the drive is switched off. The power-off time is used to recalculate the thermal state the next time the drive is switched on.
  - Naturally-cooled motors: The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
  - Force-cooled motors: Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

Trip time in seconds





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EHE-	[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]		
EHE	[Motor protect. type]		[Self cooled] (ACL)
0 ACL FCL	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No protection.</li> <li>[Self cooled] (ACL): For self-cooled motors</li> <li>[Force-cool] (FCL): For force-cooled motors</li> <li>Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 100%.</li> </ul>		
E E d	[Motor therm. level]  (1)	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relation	y)	
EE d 2	[Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 2 thermal alarm (logic output or re	lay)	
EEd3	[Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 3 thermal alarm (logic output or re	lay)	
OLL	[Overload fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
~ 0 465 544 467 467 467 467 467	<ul> <li>Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.</li> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (2).</li> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (2).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page <u>124</u>.</li> </ul>		
0 P L -	[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]		
OPL	[Output Phase Loss]		[Yes] (YES)
~ 0 9 E S 0 A C	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Tripping on OPF fault with freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Output cut] (OAC): No fault triggered, but management of the output voltage in order to avoid an overcurrent when the link with the motor is re-established and catch on the fly performed (even if this function has not been configured). This selection cannot be made if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>69</u> = Sync. mot.] (SYn) for the ATV61●●M3X ≥ 55 kW (75 HP) and for the ATV61●●N4 ≥ 90 kW (120 HP)</li> </ul>		
Odt	[OutPh time detect]	0.5 to 10 s	0.5 s
()	Time delay for taking the [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) fault output voltage into account if [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) =		g management of the

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.





IPL -	[INPUT PHASE LOSS]			
IPL	[Input phase loss]		According to drive rating	
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is the DC bus	s supplied via a single-pl	nase supply or by	
9 E S	<ul> <li>the DC bus.</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop.</li> <li>If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL), but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault.</li> </ul>			
OHL -	[DRIVE OVERHEAT]			
OHL	[Overtemp fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)	
	CAUTION			
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE			
	Inhibiting faults results in the drive not being protected. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.			
n D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Behavior in the event of the drive overheating</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control]</li> </ul>			
LFF	(tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the ter recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in	order to indicate the cau	se of the stop.	
	[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintain run command is not disabled (1).			
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1)		occurred, as long as	
r N P F S E	<ul> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> </ul>			
d C I	<ul> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page <u>124</u>.</li> <li>Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 90%.</li> </ul>			
ĿНЯ	□ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%	
0	Trip threshold for drive thermal alarm (logic output or relay	).		

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.





#### Deferred stop on thermal alarm

This function can be used in intermittent applications, where it is desirable to avoid any stops for which no command has been given. It prevents untimely stopping if the drive or motor overheats, by authorizing operation until the next stop for which a command is given. At the next stop, the drive is locked until the thermal state falls back to a value which undershoots the set threshold by 20%. Example: A trip threshold set at 80% enables reactivation at 60%.

One thermal state threshold must be defined for the drive, and one thermal state threshold for the motor(s), which will trip the deferred stop.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
5 <i>8 E -</i>	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]					
SAF	[Thermal alarm stop]		[No] (nO)			
п D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive (in this case, the following parameters cannot be accessed)</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Freewheel stop on drive or motor thermal alarm</li> </ul>					
	CAUTION	CAUTION				
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of thermal alarm stops. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.					
EHR	□ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%			
()	Thermal state threshold of the drive tripping the deferred s	top.				
E E d	[Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%			
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor tripping the deferred	stop.				
EE d 2	□ [Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%			
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 2 tripping the deferred stop.					
EEd3	[Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%			
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 3 tripping the deferre	d stop.				





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EEF-	EXTERNAL FAULT]		
EEF	[External fault ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L     -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>If the assigned bit is at 0, there is no external fault.</li> <li>If the assigned bit is at 1, there is an external fault.</li> <li>Logic can be configured via [External fault config] (LEt) is</li> </ul>	f a logic input has been as	ssigned.
LEE	[External fault config]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	<ul> <li>Parameter can be accessed if the external fault has been assigned to a logic input. It defines the positive or negative logic of the input assigned to the fault.</li> <li>[Active low] (LO): Fault on falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned input</li> <li>[Active high] (HIG): Fault on rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input</li> </ul>		
EPL	[External fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
п D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Type of stop in the event of an external fault</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is according to the restart conditions of the active comman (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 82 if control is via the freeommended (assigned to a logic output, for example)</li> </ul>	e ready to restart as soon d channel (e.g., according terminals). Configuring an	as the fault disappears, to [2/3 wire control] alarm for this fault is
LFF	<ul> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintar run command is not disabled (1).</li> </ul>		
r L 5	<ul> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed beit the fault is present and the run command is not disabled</li> </ul>		occurred, as long as
г П Р F 5 Ł d С I	<ul> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of st</li> </ul>		rtain other functions.
	See table on page <u>124</u> .		

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
U56-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]		
U 5 6	[UnderV. fault mgt]		[Flt&R1open] (0)
0 1 2	<ul> <li>Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage</li> <li>[Flt&amp;R1open] (0): Fault and fault relay open.</li> <li>[Flt&amp;R1close] (1): Fault and fault relay closed.</li> <li>[Alarm] (2): Alarm and fault relay remains closed. The alarm</li> </ul>	arm may be assigned to	a logic output or a relay.
Ur E S	[Mains voltage]	According to drive voltage rating	According to drive voltage rating
200 220 240 260 400 400 440 460 480 500 500 500 500 500 500	Rated voltage of the line supply in V. For ATV61•••M3: [200Vac] (200): 200 Volts AC [220Vac] (220): 220 Volts AC [240Vac] (240): 240 Volts AC [260Vac] (260): 260 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV61•••N4: [380Vac] (380): 380 Volts AC [400Vac] (400): 400 Volts AC [440Vac] (440): 440 Volts AC [440Vac] (460): 460 Volts AC [480Vac] (460): 460 Volts AC [480Vac] (480): 480 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV61•••S6X: [500 Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC [600 Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC [600 Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC [600 Vac] (600): 600 Volts AC [600 Vac] (600): 600 Volts AC		
U S L	[Undervoltage level] Undervoltage fault trip level setting in V. The adjustment radrive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.	nge and factory setting	are determined by the
USE	□ [Undervolt. time out]	0.2 s to 999.9 s	0.2 s
	Time delay for taking undervoltage fault into account		
5 E P	[UnderV. prevention]		[No] (nO)
п 0 П П 5 г П Р	<ul> <li>Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention level being reached</li> <li>[No] (nO): No action</li> <li>[DC Maintain] (MMS): This stop mode uses the inertia to maintain the DC bus voltage as long as possible.</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop following an adjustable ramp [Max stop time] (StM).</li> </ul>		
LnF	[Lock-out] (LnF): Lock (freewheel stop) without fault		

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
U56-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]			
ĿSП	[UnderV. restart tm]	1.0 s to 999.9 s	1.0 s	
Ω	Time delay before authorizing the restart after a complete stop for [UnderV. prevention] (StP) (rMP), if the voltage has returned to normal.			
UPL	[Prevention level]			
	Undervoltage fault prevention level setting in V, which can be accessed if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) is not [No] (nO). The adjustment range and factory setting are determined by the drive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.			
5 E N	□ [Max stop time]	0.01 to 60.00 s	1.00 s	
0	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [Ramp stop] (rlv	P).		
£ 6 5	[DC bus maintain tm]	1 to 9,999 s	9,999 s	
0	DC bus maintain time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [DC I	Maintain] (MMS).		
E 1E -	[IGBT TESTS]			
SErE	[IGBT test] [Yes] (YES)			
n D 9 E 5	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No test</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): The IGBTs are tested on power up and every time a run command is sent. These tests cause a slight delay (a few ms). In the event of a fault, the drive will lock. The following faults can be detected:</li> <li>Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF display</li> <li>IGBT faulty: xtF, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned</li> <li>IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned</li> </ul>			

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFL-	[4-20mA LOSS]		
LFL2	□ [Al2 4-20mA loss]		[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only is not greater than 3 mA or if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) page <u>88</u> = [Volume]		. value] (CrL2) page <u>88</u>
9 E S	[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
SEE LFF	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
	[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintaine run command is not disabled (1).	-	
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1)		occurred, as long as
r N P F S E	<ul> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> </ul>		
d E I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop See table on page <u>124</u> .	cannot be used with cer	tain other functions.
LFLJ	[AI3 4-20mA loss] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option	card has been inserted.	[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[ <b>Ignore</b> ] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only	one possible if [Al3 min	. value] (CrL3) page <u>89</u>
yes	is not greater than 3 mA.  [ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
5 <i>E E</i>	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF rL5	<ul> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintaine run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being</li> </ul>	-	
сПР	the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).		
FSE	<ul> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> </ul>		
d C I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop See table on page <u>124</u> .	cannot be used with cer	tain other functions.
LFL4	[AI4 4-20mA loss] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option	card has been inserted.	[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only is not greater than 3 mA or if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) page <u>90</u> = [Vertical content of the second		. value] (CrL4) page <u>90</u>
9 E S 5 E E	[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STTI (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type c	of stopl (Stt) page 135	without fault tripping
511	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained		
r L S	run command is not disabled (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault occurred, as long as		
r NP	the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1) [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp		
FSE dCI	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop See table on page 124.</li> </ul>	cannot be used with cer	tain other functions.
	See lable on page <u>124</u> .		

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Parameter can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
InH-	[FAULT INHIBITION]				
InH	[Fault inhibit assign.] To assign fault inhibit, press the "ENT" key for 2 s.		[No] (nO)		
	CAUTION				
	Inhibiting faults results in the drive not being protected. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.				
0 D L     - -	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access</li> <li>[LI1] (LI1)</li> <li></li></ul>	to other function parame	ters.		
-	<ul> <li>): See the assignment conditions on page <u>118</u>.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, fault monitoring is active. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, fault monitorin is inactive. Active faults are reset on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input or bit.</li> <li>Note: The "Power Removal" function and any faults that prevent any form of operation are not affected by this function. A list of faults affected by this function appears on pages <u>242</u> to <u>247</u>.</li> </ul>				
InHS	[Forced Run]		[No] (nO)		
n D Frd rrS	<ul> <li>This parameter causes the run command to be forced in a specific direction when the input or bit for fault inhibition is at 1, with priority over all other commands with the exception of "Power Removal". To assign forced run, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Fw.For.Run] (Frd): Forced forward run.</li> <li>[Rev.For.Run] (rrS): Forced reverse run.</li> </ul>				
	DANGER  UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION      Check that it is safe to force the run command.  Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.				
InHr	□ [Forced Run Ref.]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	50 Hz		
	The parameter can be accessed if [Forced Run] (InHS) in This parameter causes the reference to be forced to the fault inhibition is at 1, with priority over all other reference The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. free	configured value when thes. Value 0 = function ina	ctive.		



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
ELL -	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]		
ELL	[Network fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
п D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with a communication card</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals).</li> </ul>		
LFF rL5	<ul> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault of the speed being applied when the speed being applied when the speed being applied when the fault of the speed being applied when the speed b</li></ul>		
с П Р	the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).  [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp	boourrou, us long us	
F 5 E d C 1	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with cer See table on page <u>124</u>.</li> </ul>	tain other functions.	
C O L	[CANopen fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D 4 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated CANopen</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control]</li> </ul>		
LFF rLS	<ul> <li>(tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals).</li> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as</li> </ul>		
г П Р F 5 E d С I	<ul> <li>the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page 124.</li> </ul>		
S L L	[Modbus fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control]</li> </ul>		
LFF	<ul> <li>(tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals).</li> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is command is not disabled (1).</li> </ul>		
г L 5 г П Р	<ul> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> </ul>		
FSE d[	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with cere See table on page <u>124</u>.</li> </ul>	tain other functions.	

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E 1d -	■ [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.]		
556	[Trq/l limit. Stop]		[Ignore] (nO)
n D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Behavior in the event of switching to torque or current limitation</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is</li> </ul>		
LFF	recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1)		
г L S г П Р	<ul> <li>command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command is not disabled (1).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> </ul>		
FSE JCI	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page <u>124</u>.</li> </ul>		
5 E D ()	□ [Trq/l limit. time out]	0 to 9,999 ms	1,000 ms
	(If fault has been configured) Time delay for taking SSF "Limitation" fault into account		

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

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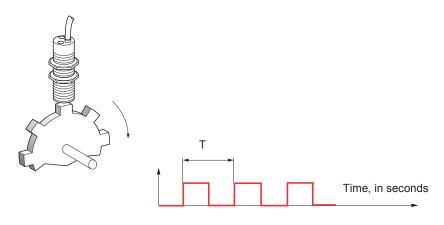


#### Use of the "Pulse input" to measure the speed of rotation of the motor

This function uses the "Pulse input" from the VW3A3202 extension card and can, therefore, only be used if this card has been inserted and if the "Pulse input" is not being used for another function.

#### Example of use

A notched disc driven by the motor and connected to a proximity sensor can be used to generate a frequency signal that is proportional to the speed of rotation of the motor.



When applied to the "Pulse input", this signal supports:

- Measurement and display of the motor speed: signal frequency = 1/T. This frequency is displayed by means of the [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page <u>45</u> or <u>47</u>.
- · Overspeed detection (if the measured speed exceeds a preset threshold, the drive will trip on a fault).
- Detection of a speed threshold that can be adjusted using [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page <u>60</u> and is assignable to a relay or logic output, see page <u>96</u>.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F9F-	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
F9F	[Frequency meter]		[No] (nO)
n D 4 E S	Activation of the speed measurement function.  Include (NO): Function inactive  Include (YES): Function active, assignment only possible if no other functions have been assigned to the "Pulse input".		
F9C	[Pulse scal. divisor]	1.0 to 100.0	1.0
	Scaling factor for the "Pulse input" (divisor). The frequency measured is displayed by means of the [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page <u>45</u> or <u>47</u> .		
F9R	[Overspd. pulse thd.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	<ul> <li>Activation and adjustment of overspeed monitoring: [Overspeed] (SOF) fault.</li> <li>[No] (nO): No overspeed monitoring</li> <li>1 Hz to 30.00 kHz: Adjustment of the frequency tripping threshold on the "Pulse input" divided by [Pulse scal. divisor] (FqC)</li> </ul>		
£ d 5	□ [Pulse overspd delay]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s
	Time delay for taking overspeed fault into account		1
FdE	[Level fr. pulse ctrl]		[No] (nO)
n D -	<ul> <li>Activation and adjustment of monitoring for the Pulse input (speed feedback): [Speed fdback loss] (SPF) fault</li> <li>[No] (nO): No monitoring of speed feedback</li> <li>0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping a speed feedback fault (difference between the estimated frequency and the measured speed)</li> </ul>		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
brP-	[DB RES. PROTECTION]			
br0	[DB res. protection]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 9 E 5 F L E	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): No braking resistor protection (thereby preventing access to the other function parameters).</li> <li>[Alarm] (YES): Alarm. The alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay (see page <u>96</u>).</li> <li>[Fault] (FLt) : Switch to fault (bOF) with locking of drive (freewheel stop).</li> <li>Note: The thermal state of the resistor can be displayed on the graphic display terminal. It is calculated for as long as the drive control remains connected to the power supply.</li> </ul>			
br P	[DB Resistor Power]	0.1 kW (0.13 HP) to 1,000 kW (1,333 HP)	0.1 kW (0.13 HP)	
()	The parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brown and power of the resistor used.	O) is not [No] (nO).		
brU	[DB Resistor value]	0.1 to 200 Ohms	0.1 Ohm	
()	The parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brown and the braking resistor in Ohms.	O) is not [No] (nO).		
ЬUF-	[BU PROTECTION] Parameter accessible at and above ATV61HD55M3X, ATV6	1HD90N4 and ATV61H	C11Y.	
606	[Brake res. fault Mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D 9 E S	<ul> <li>Management of short-circuit [DB unit sh. circuit] (bUF) and overheating [Internal- th. sensor] (InFb) faults in the braking unit.</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. Configuration to be used if there is no braking unit or resistor connected to the drive.</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop</li> </ul>			
EnF-	[AUTO TUNING FAULT]			
EnL	[Autotune fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D 9 E S	<ul> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> </ul>			





#### Card pairing

#### Function can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.

This function is used to detect whenever a card has been replaced or the software has been modified in any way.

When a pairing password is entered, the parameters of the cards currently inserted are stored. On every subsequent power-up these parameters are verified and in the event of a discrepancy the drive locks in HCF fault mode. Before the drive can be restarted you must revert to the original situation or re-enter the pairing password.

The following parameters are verified:

- The type of card for: all cards
- The software version for: the two control cards, the VW3A3202 extension card, the Controller Inside card and the communication cards
- · The serial number for: both control cards

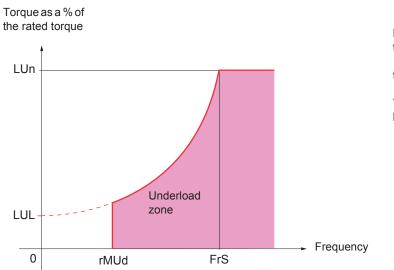
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PPI-	[CARDS PAIRING]		
PP I	[Pairing password]	OFF to 9,999	[OFF] (OFF)
	The [OFF] (OFF) value signifies that the card pairing function is The [ON] (On) value signifies that card pairing is active and the start the drive in the event of a card pairing fault. As soon as the code has been entered the drive is unlocked a - The PPI code is an unlock code known only to Schneider	at an access code must and the code changes to	o [ON] (On).



#### Process underload fault

A process underload is detected when the next event occurs and remains pending for a minimum time (ULt), which is configurable: • The motor is in steady state and the torque is below the set underload limit (LUL, LUn, rMUd parameters).

The motor is in steady state when the offset between the frequency reference and motor frequency falls below the configurable threshold (Srb).



Between zero frequency and the rated frequency, the curve reflects the following equation:

torque = LUL +  $\frac{(LUn - LUL) \times (frequency)^2}{(rated frequency)^2}$ 

The underload function is not active for frequencies below rMUd.

A relay or a logic output can be assigned to the signaling of this fault in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ULd-	[PROCESS UNDERLOAD]		
ULE	[Unid T. Del. Detect]	0 to 100 s	0 s
	Underload detection time delay. A value of 0 deactivates the function and renders th	ne other parameters inaccessib	le.
LUn	□ [Unld.Thr.Nom.Speed] (1)	20 to 100%	60%
0	Underload threshold at rated motor frequency ([Rate torque.	ed motor freq.] (FrS) page <u>36</u> ), a	s a % of the rated motor
LUL	[Unld.Thr.0.Speed] (1)	0 to [Unld.Thr.Nom.Speed] (LUn)	0%
0	Underload threshold at zero frequency, as a % of the	ne rated motor torque.	
r∏Ud	[Unld. Freq.Thr. Det.]     (1)	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
0	Minimum frequency underload detection threshold		
Srb	[Hysteresis Freq.Att.]     (1)	0.3 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0.3 Hz
0	Maximum deviation between the frequency reference operation.	ce and the motor frequency, wh	ich defines steady state
UdL	[Underload Mangmt.]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 9 E 5 r 11 P F 5 E	Behavior on switching to underload detection.          [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored         [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop         [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp         [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		
FEU	□ [Underload T.B.Rest.] (1)	0 to 6 min	0 min
0	This parameter cannot be accessed if [Underload M Minimum time permitted between an underload bei In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the that of this parameter by at least one minute.	ng detected and any automatic	restart.

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.





#### **Process overload fault**

A process overload is detected when the next event occurs and remains pending for a minimum time (tOL), which is configurable:

• The drive is in current limitation mode.

• The motor is in steady state and the current is above the set overload threshold (LOC).

The motor is in steady state when the offset between the frequency reference and motor frequency falls below the configurable threshold (Srb).

A relay or a logic output can be assigned to the signaling of this fault in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
0 L d -	[PROCESS OVERLOAD]			
E O L	[Ovld Time Detect.]		0 to 100 s	0 s
	Overload detection time delay. A value of 0 deactivates the function and r	enders the othe	r parameters inaccessibl	e.
L 0 C	[Ovld Detection Thr.]	(1)	70 to 150%	110%
0	Overload detection threshold, as a % of the rated motor current [Rated mot. current] (nCr). This value must be less than the limit current in order for the function to work.			
5 <i>r</i> b	[Hysteresis Freq.Att.]	(1)	0.3 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0.3 Hz
0	Maximum deviation between the frequency reference and the motor frequency, which defines steady state operation.			
0 d L	[Ovid.Proces.Mngmt]			[Freewheel] (YES)
n D 9E 5 r N P F 5 E	Behavior on switching to overload detection [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop	n.		
F E O	[Overload T.B.Rest.]	(1)	0 to 6 min	0 min
0	This parameter cannot be accessed if [Ov Minimum time permitted between an over In order for an automatic restart to be poss that of this parameter by at least one minu	oad being detec ible, the value o	ted and any automatic re	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.





Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FdL-	[DAMPER FAULT MGT.]		
FdL	[Damper fault mgt.]		[Freewheel] (YES)
п D 9 E S 5 E E	<ul> <li>Type of stop in the event of a damper fault: [Damper stuck] (Fd1)</li> <li>[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored</li> <li>[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop</li> <li>[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>135</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g. according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>82</u> if control is via the terminals). It is advisable to configure an alarm for this fault (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.</li> </ul>		
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, ma command has not been removed (1).		-
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed b fault is present and the run command has not been ren	• • • •	occurred, as long as the
г П Р F 5 E d С I	<ul> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp</li> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of a stop</li> </ul>	stop cannot be used with cer	tain other functions. See
	table on page <u>124</u> .		

(1)Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
LFF-	[FALLBACK SPEED]			
LFF	[Fallback speed]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	0 Hz	
	Selection of the fallback speed			
FSE-	[RAMP DIVIDER]			
d C F	□ [Ramp divider] (1)	0 to 10	4	
()	The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided by this coefficient when stop requests are sent. Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.			
dC /-				
1d[ ()	<b>DC inject. level 1</b> (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.1 or 1.2 ln (2) according to rating	0.64 ln (2)	
NZ	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input or selected as stop mode.			
	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current with Failure to follow these instructions can result in			
Edl	[DC injection time 1]     (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
0	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After this time the injection current becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).			
id C 2 ()	<b>DC inject. level 2</b> (1) (3)	0.1 ln (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)	
	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC injection time 1] (tdl) has elapsed.			
	CAUTIO	ON	0.64 ln (2) ode. 0.5 s n current becomes 0.5 ln (2) DC injection time 1] (tdl) 0.5 s	
	Check that the motor will withstand this current with Failure to follow these instructions can result in			
		oquipment damage.		
E d C	[DC injection time 2]     (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (ldC2) for in (Can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection		ode only.	

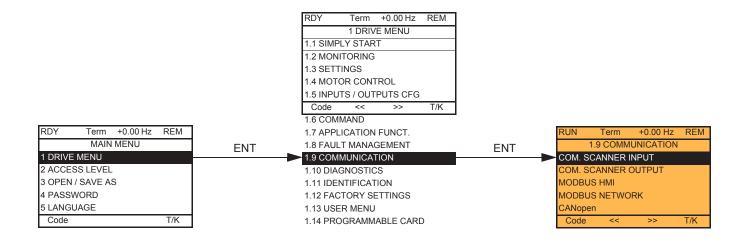
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus.
(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
(3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.



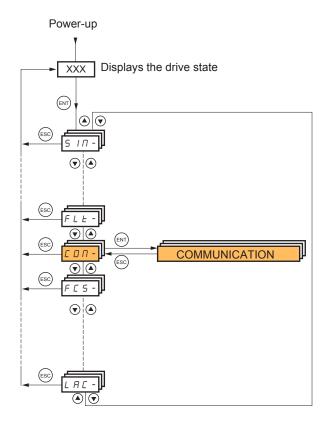


# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

#### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:





# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[COM. SCANNER INPUT]     Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
<u>пПЯ I</u>	□ [Scan. IN1 address] Address of the 1 <sup>st</sup> input word		3201
<u>~ N A 2</u>	Given Scan. IN2 address Address of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> input word		8604
с П П Э	Given Scan. IN3 address Address of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> input word		0
<u>л П Я Ч</u>	Given Scan. IN4 address Address of the 4 <sup>th</sup> input word		0
n N A S	Given Scan. IN5 address Address of the 5 <sup>th</sup> input word		0
n N A 6	□ [Scan. IN6 address] Address of the 6 <sup>th</sup> input word		0
<u>с П Я Г</u>	[Scan. IN7 address]     Address of the 7 <sup>th</sup> input word		0
n    A    B	[Scan. IN8 address]     Address of the 8 <sup>th</sup> input word		0
	[COM. SCANNER OUTPUT]     Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
n C A I	□ [Scan.Out1 address] Address of the 1 <sup>st</sup> output word		8501
n C A 2	[Scan.Out2 address]     Address of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> output word		8602
n C A 3	□ [Scan.Out3 address] Address of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> output word		0
n C A 4	□ [Scan.Out4 address] Address of the 4 <sup>th</sup> output word		0
n C A S	□ [Scan.Out5 address] Address of the 5 <sup>th</sup> output word		0
n C A 6	□ [Scan.Out6 address] Address of the 6 <sup>th</sup> output word		0
n [ A ]	[Scan.Out7 address]     Address of the 7 <sup>th</sup> output word		0
n C A B	□ [Scan.Out8 address] Address of the 8 <sup>th</sup> output word		0
		www.nics 021-87	
			NIC SANAT

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory set			
Π d 2 -	Communication with the graphic display terminal			
Ebr2	□ [HMI baud rate]		19.2 kbps	
	<ul> <li>9.6 or 19.2 kbps via the integrated display terminal.</li> <li>9,600 or 19,200 bauds via the graphic display terminal.</li> <li>The graphic display terminal only operates if [HMI baud rates in the assignment of [HMI baud rates in the assignment of [HMI baud rates - Provide confirmation in a confirmation window if using the - Press the ENT key for 2 s if using the integrated display terminal.</li> </ul>	e] (tbr2) to be taken into graphic display termina	account you must:	
£ F O 2	[HMI format]		8E1	
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.			
Па I-	[MODBUS NETWORK]			
A d d	[Modbus Address]		OFF	
	OFF to 247			
япоя	[Modbus add Prg C.]		OFF	
	Modbus address of the Controller Inside card OFF at 247 The parameter can be accessed if the Controller Inside card has been inserted and depending on its configuration (please consult the specific documentation).			
япос	[Modbus add Com.C.]     OFF		OFF	
	Modbus address of the communication card OFF to 247 The parameter can be accessed if a communication card has been inserted and depending on its configuration (please consult the specific documentation).			
Ebr	[Modbus baud rate]     19.2 kbps		19.2 kbps	
	4.8 – 9.6 – 19.2 – 38.4 kbps on the integrated display terminal.         4,800, 9,600, 19,200 or 38,400 bauds on the graphic display terminal.			
E F D	[Modbus format]		8E1	
	8O1 – 8E1 – 8n1, 8n2			
E E D	[Modbus time out]		10.0 s	
	0.1 to 30 s		<u></u>	
C n O -	E [CANopen]			
A 9 C 0	□ [CANopen address]		OFF	
	OFF to 127		1	
6 d C O	[CANopen bit rate]		125 kbps	
	50 – 125 – 250 – 500 kbps – 1 Mbps			
ErCO	[Error code]			
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.			



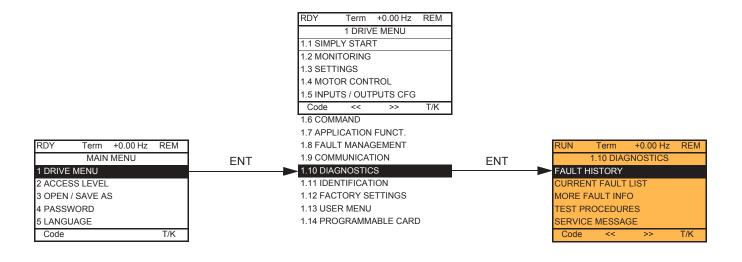
# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

-	[COMMUNICATION CARD]		
	See the specific documentation for the card used.		
LEF-	[FORCED LOCAL]		
FL 0	<ul> <li>[Forced local assign.]</li> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16)</li> <li>[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>[L11] (L11) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted</li> </ul>	[No] (nO)	
	Forcing to local is active when the input is at state 1. [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Profile] (CHCF) page <u>119</u> = [ <i>I</i> /	'O profile] <mark>(IO)</mark> .	
FLOC	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Not assigned (control via the terminals with zero reference).</li> <li>[AI1] (AI1): Analog input</li> <li>[AI2] (AI2): Analog input</li> <li>[AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>[AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> </ul>		
L C C P 1	<ul> <li>[HMI] (LCC): Assignment of the reference and command to the graphic display terminal. Reference: [HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr), page <u>45</u>, control: RUN/STOP/FWD/REV buttons.</li> <li>[RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 card has been inserted If the reference is assigned to an analog input, or [RP] (PI), the command is automatically assigned to the terminals as well (logic inputs).</li> </ul>		
FLOE	[Time-out forc. local]	10.0 s	
	0.1 to 30 s The parameter can be accessed if [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is not [No] (nO). Time delay before communication monitoring is resumed on leaving forced local m	ode.	



# [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal:



RUN	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM			RUN	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM
FAULT HISTORY			E	NT		internal	com. link		
internal	internal com. link					Drive sta	ate		RDY
						ETA stat	tus word		
				ſ		ETI statu	us word		
						Cmd wo	rd		
						Motor cu	ırrent		
Code			T/K			HELP			T/K
						Output fi	requency		
						Elapsed	time		
RUN	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM			Mains vo	oltage		
(	URRENT	FAULT LIST		ENT		Motor th	ermal state	9	
internal	com. link					Commar	nd Channe	I	
						Channel	ref. active		

This screen indicates the state of the drive at the moment the selected fault occurred.

K					
Internal link fault 2 0 Code T/K					

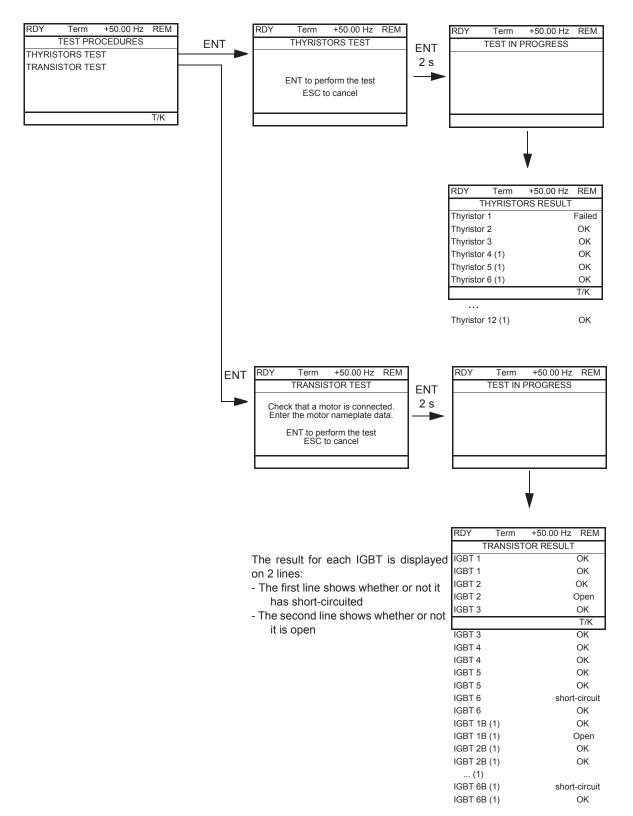
T/K

Code

This screen indicates the number of communication faults, for example, with the option cards. Number: 0 to 65,535



[TEST THYRISTORS] is only accessible for ATV61000M3 > 18.5 kW, ATV61000N4 drives > 18.5 kW, and all ratings of ATV61000Y drives.

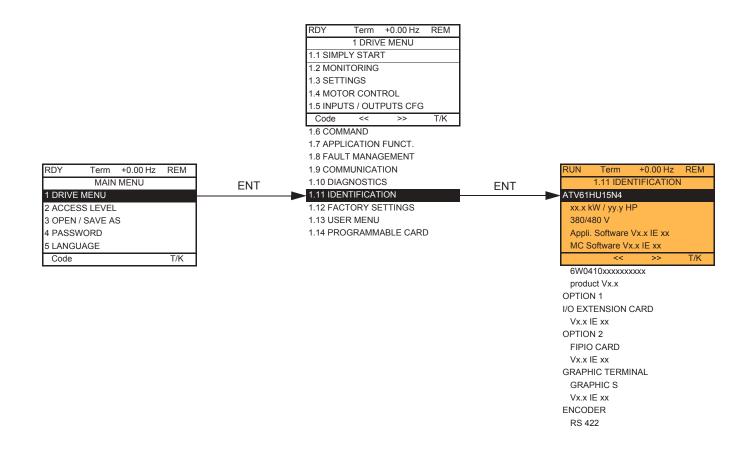


Note: To start the tests, press and hold down (2 s) the ENT key.

(1) Test results for Thyristor 4...12 and IGBT 1B ... 6B are only accessible for ATV61EC90N4 to M14N4 and ATV61EM15Y to M24Y



### [1.11 IDENTIFICATION]



The [1.11 IDENTIFICATION] menu can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal.

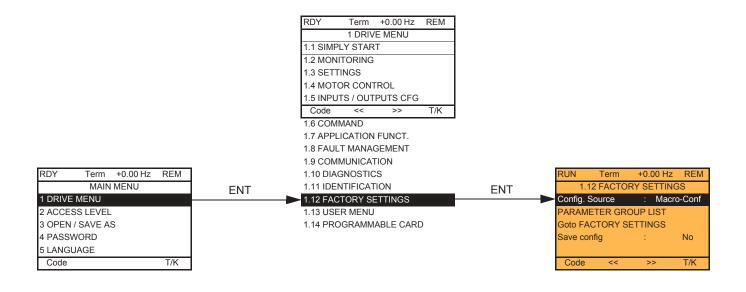
This is a read-only menu that cannot be configured. It enables the following information to be displayed:

- Drive reference, power rating and voltage
- Drive software version
- · Drive serial number
- · Type of options present, with their software version

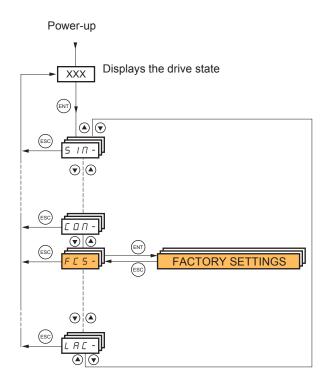


### [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)

### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:

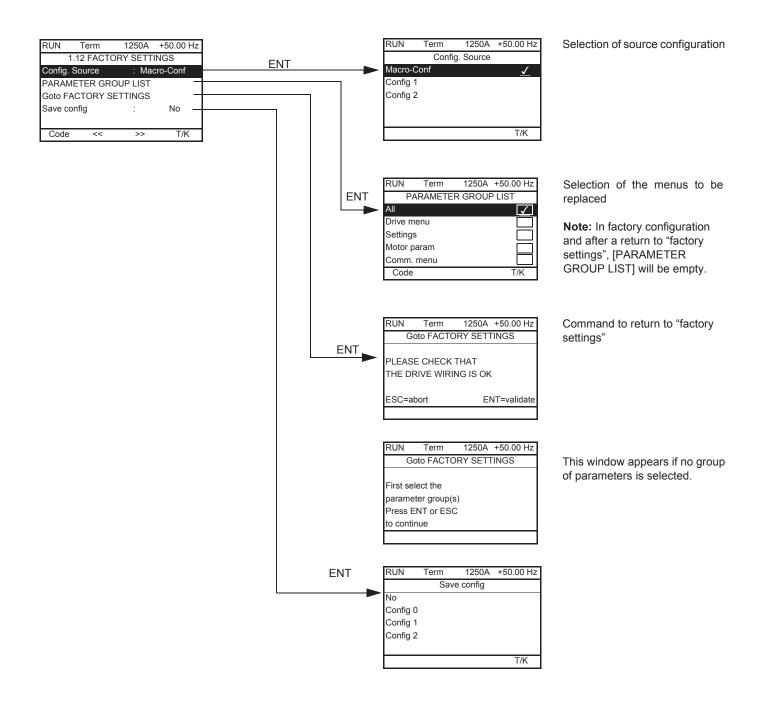


The [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu is used to:

- Replace the current configuration with the factory configuration or a configuration saved previously. All or part of the current configuration can be replaced: Select a group of parameters in order to select the menus you wish to load with the selected source configuration.
- · Save the current configuration to a file.



### [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)





Code	Name/Description
FESI	[Config. Source]
n   C F G   C F G 2	Choice of source configuration. The parameter cannot be accessed if the drive has locked on an [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault.  [Macro-Conf] (InI) Factory configuration, return to selected macro configuration. [Config 1] (CFG1) [Config 2] (CFG2) If the configuration switching function is configured, it will not be possible to access [Config 1] (CFG1) and [Config 2] (CFG2).
Fry-	[PARAMETER GROUP LIST]
ALL drU SEE DDE CDN PLC DD dJS	<ul> <li>Selection of menus to be loaded</li> <li>[AII] (ALL) : All parameters.</li> <li>[Drive configuration] (drV): The [1 DRIVE MENU] menu without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. In the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, [Return std name] page <u>236</u> returns to [No].</li> <li>[Settings] (SEt): The [1.3 SETTINGS] menu without the [IR compensation] (UFr), [Slip compensation] (SLP) and [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) parameters.</li> <li>[Motor param] (MOt): Motor parameters, see list below. The following selections can only be accessed if [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf.] (InI):</li> <li>[Comm. menu] (COM): The [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu without either [Scan. IN1 address] (nMA1) to [Scan. IN8 address] (nMA8) or [Scan.Out1 address] (nCA1) to [Scan.Out8 address] (nCA8).</li> <li>[Prog. card menu] (PLC): the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu.</li> <li>[Monitor config.] (MOn): The [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu. See the multiple selection procedure on page <u>26</u> for the integrated display terminal and page <u>17</u> for the graphic display terminal.</li> <li>Wote: In factory configuration and after a return to "factory settings", [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] will be empty.</li> </ul>
G F S	Goto FACTORY SETTINGS]
о D У E S	<ul> <li>It is only possible to revert to the factory settings if at least one group of parameters has previously been selected.</li> <li>With the integrated display terminal:         <ul> <li>No</li> <li>Yes: The parameter changes back to nO automatically as soon as the operation is complete.</li> <li>With the graphic display terminal: See the previous page.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
5651	[Save config]
n 0 5 E r 0 5 E r 1 5 E r 2	<ul> <li>[No] (nO):</li> <li>[Config 0] (Str0): Press the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>[Config 1] (Str1): Press the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>[Config 2] (Str2): Press the "ENT" key for 2 s. The active configuration to be saved does not appear for selection. For example, if the active configuration is [Config 0] (Str0), only [Config 1] (Str1) and [Config 2] (Str2) appear. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete.</li> </ul>

### List of motor parameters

#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu:

[Rated motor power] (nPr) - [Rated motor vol.] (UnS) - [Rated mot. current] (nCr) - [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) - [Rated motor speed] (nSP) - [Auto tuning] (tUn) - [Auto tuning status] (tUS) - [U/F Profile] (PFL) - [U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5) - [F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5) - [V. constant power] (UCP) - [Freq. Const Power] (FCP) - [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS) - [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS) - [Pole pairs] (PPnS) - [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) - [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) - [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) - [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) - [IR compensation] (UFr) - [Slip compensation] (SLP) - motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, page <u>74</u>.

#### [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu:

[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)

### Example of total return to factory settings

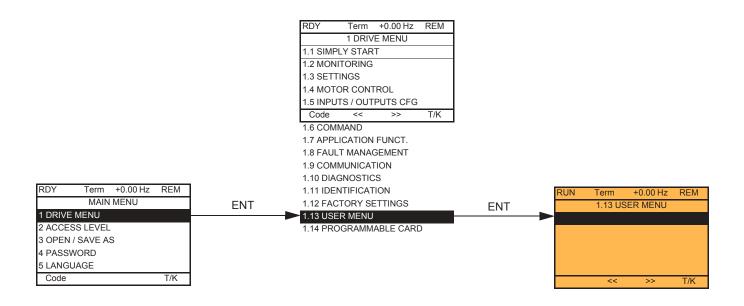
- 1. [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI)
- 2. [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] (FrY-) = [AII] (ALL)
- 3. [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS] (GFS = YES)



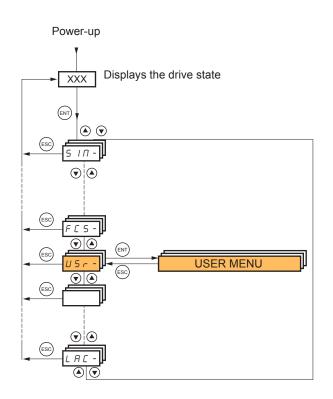
# [1.13 USER MENU] (USr-)

This menu contains the parameters selected in the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu on page 235.

#### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:

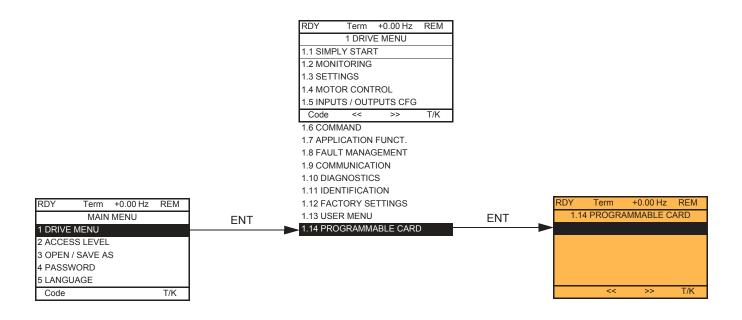




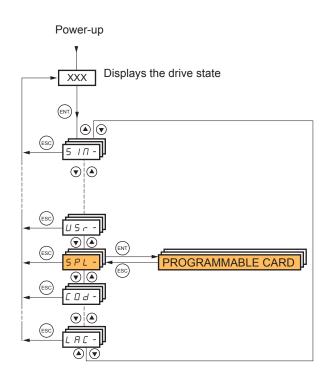
# [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (PLC-)

This menu can only be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Please refer to the documentation specific to this card.

### With graphic display terminal:



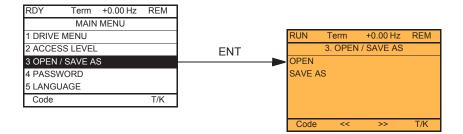
### With integrated display terminal:



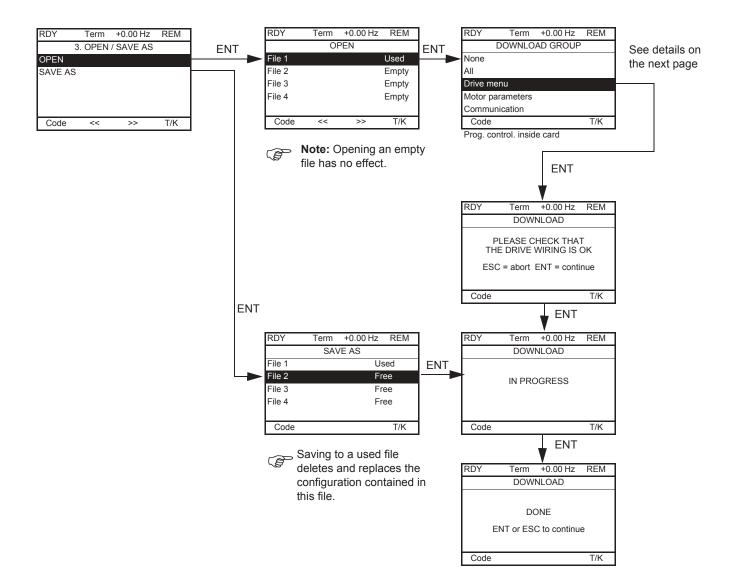


# [3. OPEN / SAVE AS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



[OPEN]: To download one of the 4 files from the graphic display terminal to the drive. [SAVE AS]: To download the current configuration from the drive to the graphic display terminal.



Various messages may appear when the download is requested:

- [IN PROGRESS]
- [DONE]
- Error messages if download not possible
- [Motor parameters are NOT COMPATIBLE. Do you want to continue?]: In this case the download is possible, but the parameters will be restricted.



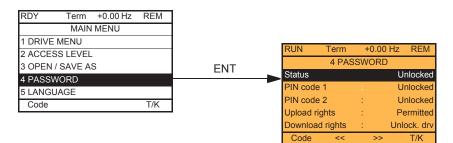
### [DOWNLOAD GROUP]

[None]:		No parameters	
[All]:		All parameters in all menus	
		The entire [1 DRIVE MENU] without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].	
[Motor parameters]:	[Rated motor power] (nPr)	in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu	
	[Rated motor volt.] (UnS)		
	[Rated mot. current] (nCr)		
	[Rated motor freq.] (FrS)		
	[Rated motor speed] (nSP)		
	[Auto tuning] (tUn)		
	[Auto tuning status] (tUS)		
	[U/F Profile] (PFL)		
	[U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5)		
	[F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5)		
	[V. constant power] (UCP)		
	[Freq. Const Power] (FCP)		
	[Nominal I sync.] (nCrS)		
	[Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS)		
	[Pole pairs] (PPnS)		
	[Syn. EMF constant] (PHS)		
	[Autotune L d-axis] (LdS)		
	[Autotune L q-axis] (LqS)		
	[Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS)		
	[IR compensation] (UFr)		
	[Slip compensation] (SLP)		
	The motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, page <u>74</u>		
	[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)	in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu	
[Communication]:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	All the parameters in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu	
[Prog. control. inside card]:		All the parameters in the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu	

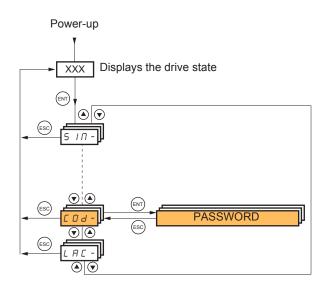


# [4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

### With graphic display terminal:

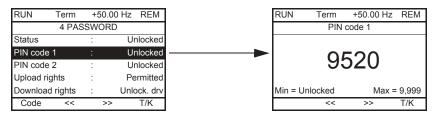


With integrated display terminal:



Enables the configuration to be protected with an access code or a password to be entered in order to access a protected configuration.

Example with graphic display terminal:



- The drive is unlocked when the PIN codes are set to [Unlocked] (OFF) (no password) or when the correct code has been entered. All menus are visible.
  - Before protecting the configuration with an access code, you must:
  - Define the [Upload rights] (ULr) and [Download rights] (dLr).
  - Make a careful note of the code and keep it in a safe place where you will always be able to find it.
- · The drive has 2 access codes, enabling 2 access levels to be set up.
  - PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.
  - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support. It can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.
  - Only one PIN1 or PIN2 code can be used the other must remain set to [OFF] (OFF).

Note: When the unlock code is entered, the user access code appears.

The following items are access-protected:

- Return to factory settings ( [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu.
- The channels and parameters protected by the [1.13 USER MENU] as well as the menu itself.
- The custom display settings ([7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu).



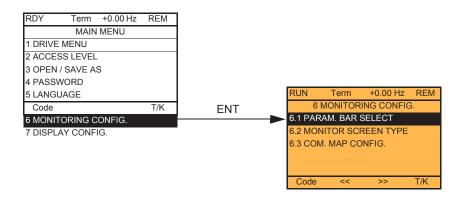
# [4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

Code	Name/Description         Adjustment range         Factory setting			
C 5 E L C U L C	<ul> <li>[Status]</li> <li>Information parameter, cannot be modified.</li> <li>[Locked] (LC): The drive is locked by a password.</li> <li>[Unlocked] (ULC): The drive is not locked by a password.</li> </ul>			
C D d	<ul> <li>[PIN code 1]</li> <li>OFF to 9,999</li> <li>[OFF] (OFF)</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value</li> <li>[ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected.</li> <li>PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.</li> </ul>			
C D d 2	<ul> <li>CPIN code 2]</li> <li>Parameter can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected.</li> <li>PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support.</li> <li>When [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu is the only one visible. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), all menus are visible.</li> <li>If the display settings are modified in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, and if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the visibility configured is kept. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility</li> </ul>			
UL r UL r 0 UL r 1	<ul> <li>configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is kept.</li> <li>[Permitted] (ULr0)</li> <li>Read or copy the current configuration to the drive</li> <li>[Permitted] (ULr0): The current drive configuration can always be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PC-Software.</li> <li>[Not allowed] (ULr1): The current drive configuration can only be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PC-Software if the drive is not protected by an access code or if the correct code has been entered.</li> </ul>			
dLr dLrO dLrI dLr2 dLr3	<ul> <li>[Download rights]</li> <li>Writes the current configuration to the drive or downloads a configuration to the drive</li> <li>[Locked drv] (dLr0): A configuration file can only be downloaded to the drive if the drive is protected by an access code, which is the same as the access code for the configuration to be downloaded.</li> <li>[Unlock. drv] (dLr1): A configuration file can be downloaded to the drive or a configuration in the drive can be modified if the drive is unlocked (access code entered) or is not protected by an access code.</li> <li>[not allowed] (dLr2): Download not authorized.</li> <li>[Lock/unlock] (dLr3): Combination of [Locked drv] (dLr0) and [Unlock. drv] (dLr1).</li> </ul>			

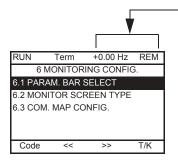


### [6 MONITORING CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



This can be used to configure the information displayed on the graphic display screen during operation.



[6.1 PARAM. BAR SELECT]: Selection of 1 to 2 parameters displayed on the top line (the first 2 cannot be modified).

[6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]: Selection of parameters displayed in the centre of the screen and the display mode (values in digita or bar graph format).

[6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]: Selection of the words displayed and their format.

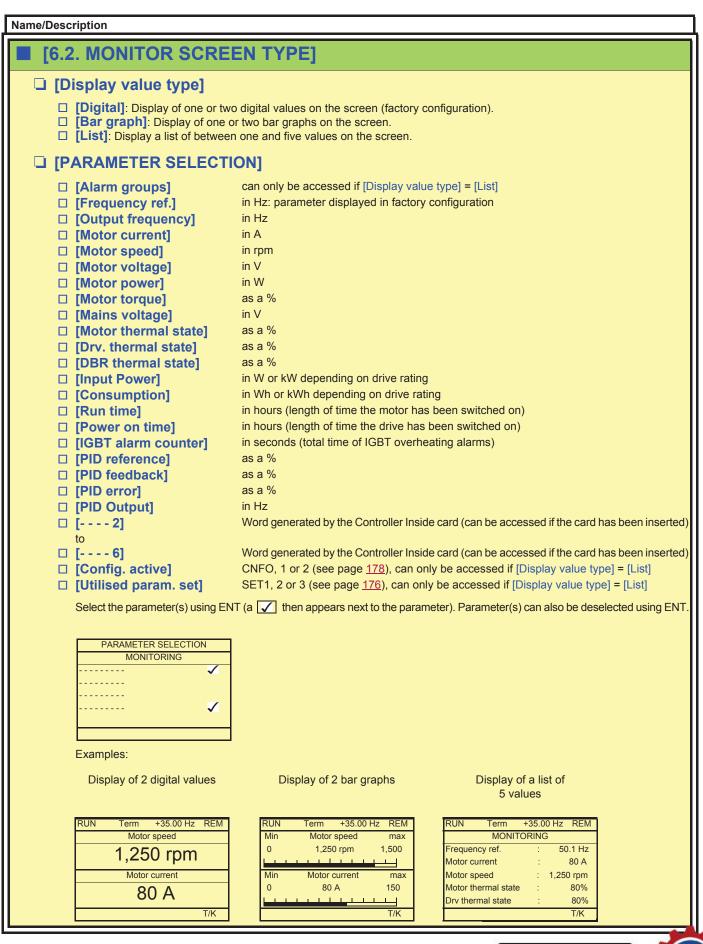


Name/Description					
<b>[6.1</b>	PARAM. BAR S	ELECT]			
	[Alarm groups]				
	[Frequency ref.]	in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration			
	[Output frequency]	in Hz			
	[Motor current]	in A			
	[Motor speed]	in rpm			
	[Motor voltage]	in V			
	[Motor power]	in W			
	[Motor torque]	as a %			
	[Mains voltage]	in V			
	[Motor thermal state]	as a %			
	[Drv. thermal state]	as a %			
	[DBR thermal state]	as a %			
	[Input Power]	in W or kW depending on drive rating			
	[Consumption]	in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating			
	[Run time]	in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on)			
	[Power on time]	in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on)			
	[IGBT alarm counter]	in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms)			
	[PID reference]	as a %			
	[PID feedback]	as a %			
	[PID error]	as a %			
	[PID Output]	in Hz			
	[2]	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)			
	to				
	[6]	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)			
	[Config. active]	CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page <u>178</u> )			
	[Utilised param. set]	SET1, 2 or 3 (see page <u>176</u> )			
	[Local / Remote]	Display factory configuration. "LOC" appears if the command and reference are set via the graphic display terminal; otherwise, "REM" appears. This corresponds to the state selected by the [T/K] function key, page <u>122</u> .			
	Select the parameter using ENT (a 🖌 then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. 1 or 2 parameters can be selected.				

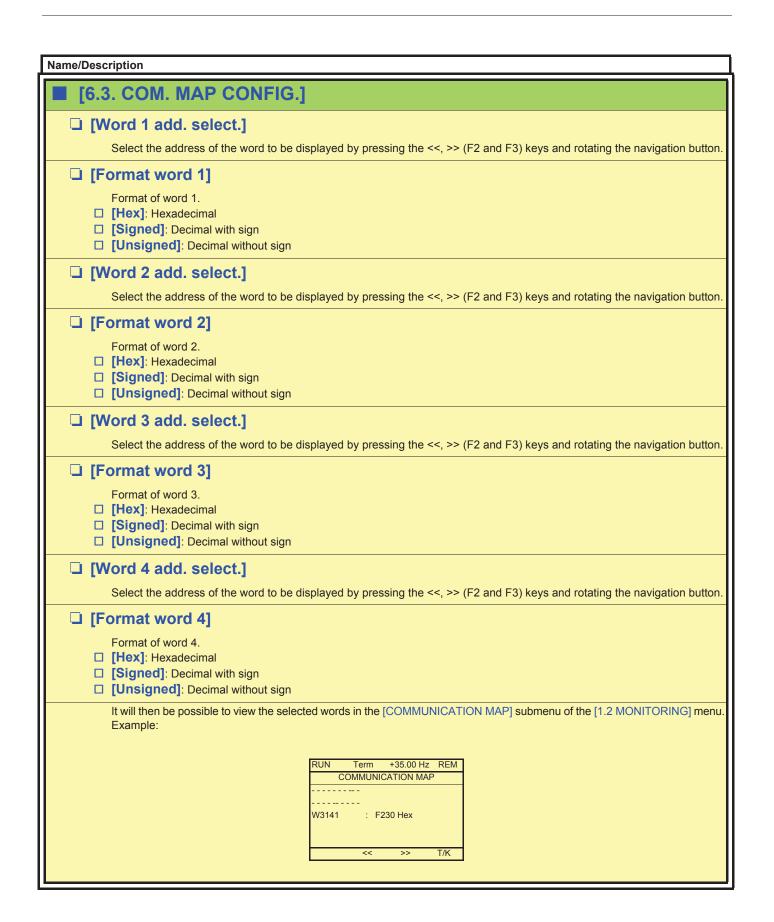
Example:

PARAM. BAR SELECT	
MONITORING	



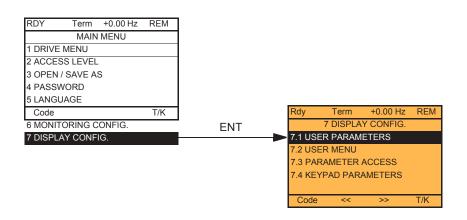








This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It can be used to customize parameters or a menu and to access parameters.

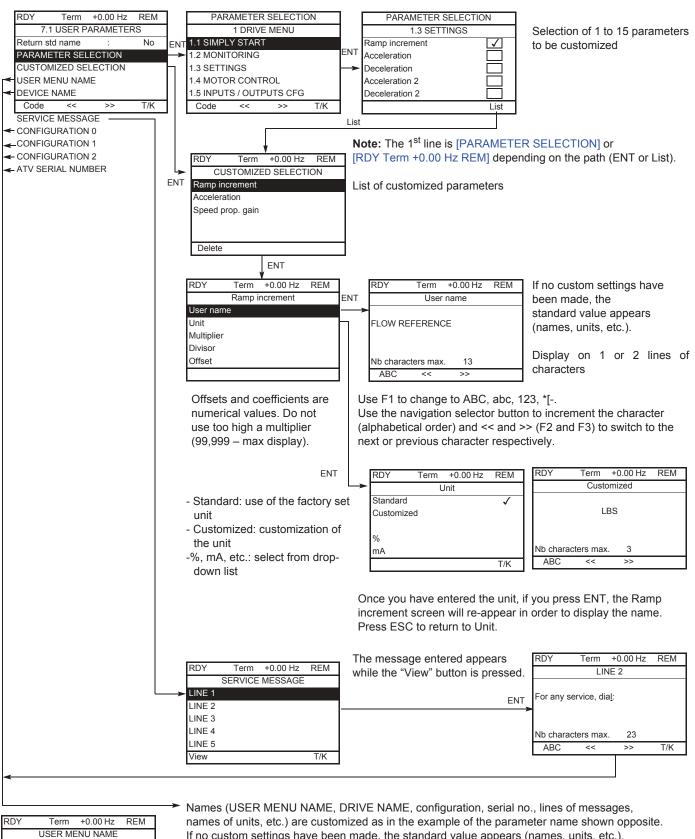


7.1 USER PARAMETERS: Customization of 1 to 15 parameters.

- 7.2 USER MENU: Creation of a customized menu.
- 7.3 PARAMETER ACCESS: Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms of menus and parameters.
- 7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS: Adjustment of the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display terminal (parameters stored in the terminal rather than in the drive). Choice of the menu displayed on power up.



If [Return std name] = [Yes] the display reverts to standard but the custom settings remain stored.

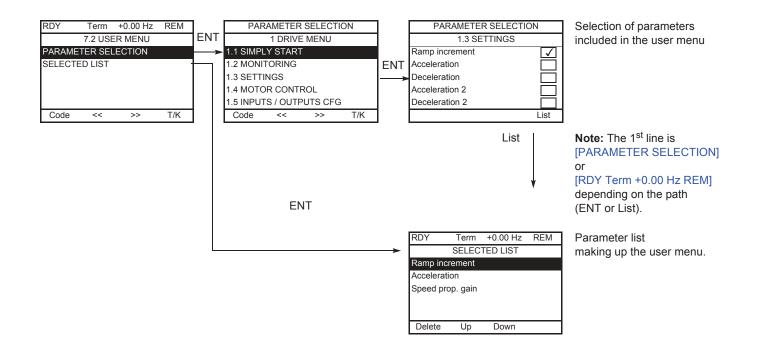


FLOW REFERENCE Nb characters max 18 ABC << >> T/K If no custom settings have been made, the standard value appears (names, units, etc.). Display on 1 or 2 lines of characters.

Use F1 to change to ABC, abc, 123, \*[-.

Use the navigation selector button to increment the character (alphabetical order) and << and >> (F2 and F3) to switch to the next or previous character respectively.

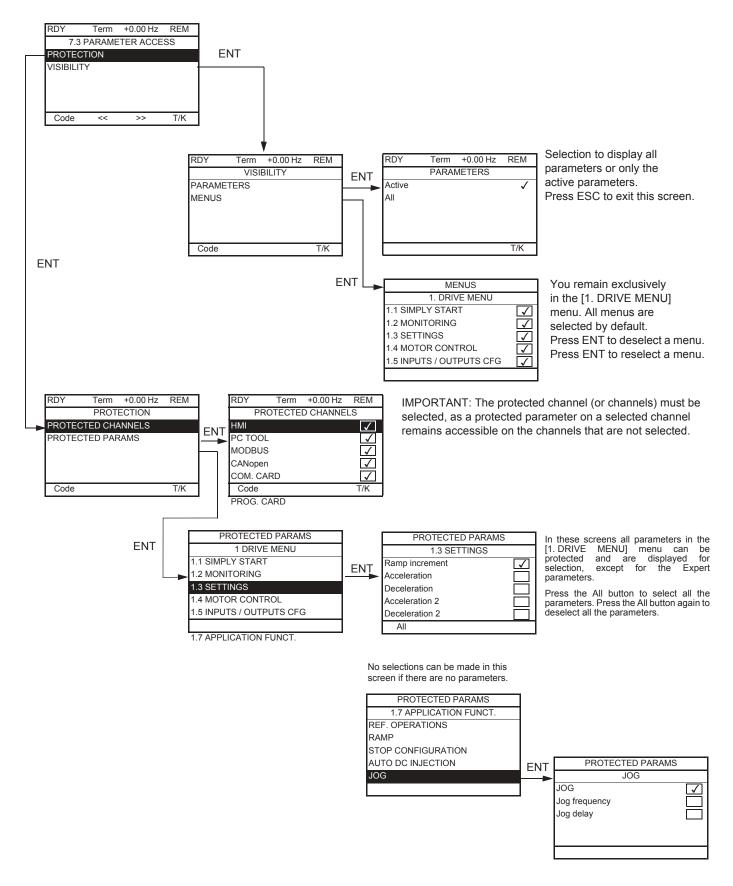




Use the F2 and F3 keys to arrange the parameters in the list (example below using F3).

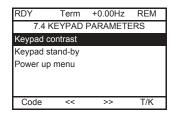
RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	REM	
	SELEC	TED LIST		
Accelerati	on			
Ramp inc	rement			
Speed prop. gain				
Delete	Up	Down		





Note: The protected parameters are no longer accessible and are not, therefore, displayed for the selected channels.





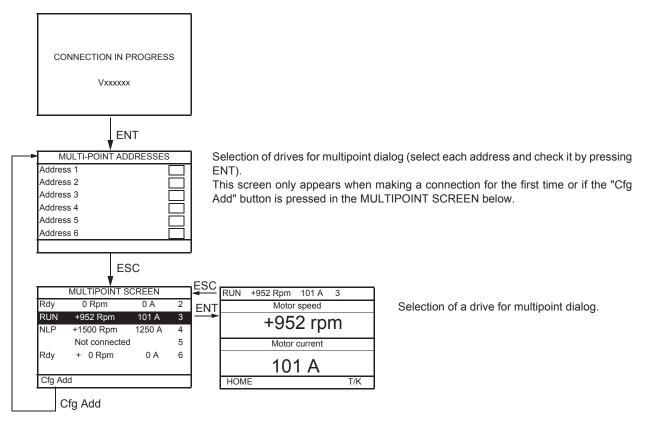
Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
□ [Keypad contrast]	0 to 100%	50%				
Adjustment of contrast on the graphic display unit						
□ [Keypad stand-by]	[Keypad stand-by] [5]					
<ul> <li>Configures and adjusts the stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.</li> <li>[No]: No stand-by mode.</li> <li>[1] to [10]: Adjusts the time during which the terminal is to remain idle before stand-by mode is triggered, in minutes. After this idle time, the display backlight turns off and the contrast is reduced. The screen returns to normal operation when a key or the navigation button is pressed. It also returns to normal operation if the terminal exits the normal display mode, for example, if a fault occurs.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>[Power up menu]</li> <li>Choice of menu which appears on the product on power-up</li> <li>[Drive configuration]: Displays the drive configuration.</li> <li>[Sim. start]: Displays the simply start menu.</li> <li>[Monitoring]: Displays the monitoring menu.</li> <li>[Settings]: Displays the settings menu.</li> <li>[Mot. Ctrl]: Displays the control motor menu.</li> <li>[I/O Conf.]: Displays the inputs / outputs configuration menu.</li> <li>[Command]: Displays the command menu.</li> <li>[Appli. fun.]: Displays the fault management menu.</li> <li>[Fault mgt]: Displays the diagnostics menu.</li> <li>[Ident.]: Displays the identification menu.</li> <li>[Ident.]: Displays the diagnostics menu.</li> <li>[Ident.]: Displays the cord CI menu.</li> <li>[Gi menu]: Displays the card CI menu.</li> <li>[Main menu]: Displays the main menu.</li> </ul>		[Main menu]				



### [MULTIPOINT SCREEN]

Communication is possible between a graphic display terminal and a number of drives connected on the same bus. The addresses of the drives must be configured in advance in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu using the [Modbus Address] (Add) parameter, page <u>217</u>.

When a number of drives are connected to the same display terminal, the terminal automatically displays the following screens:



In multipoint mode, the command channel is not displayed. The state, then the 2 selected parameters and the drive address appear from left to right.

All menus can be accessed in multipoint mode. Only drive control via the graphic display terminal is not authorized, apart from the Stop key, which locks all the drives.

If there is a fault on a drive, this drive is displayed.



#### Servicing

The Altivar 61 does not require any preventive maintenance. It is nevertheless advisable to perform the following regularly:

- Check the condition and tightness of the connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective (average service life of fans: 3 to 5 years depending on the operating conditions).
- · Remove any dust from the drive.

#### Assistance with maintenance, fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, first check that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is saved and displayed, and the drive locks.

The drive switching to fault mode can be indicated remotely via a logic output or a relay, which can be configured in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, see, for example, [R1 CONFIGURATION] (r1-) page <u>96</u>.

#### [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It displays faults and their cause in plain text and can be used to carry out tests, see page 219.

#### **Clearing the fault**

Disconnect the drive power supply in the event of a non-resettable fault. Wait for the display to disappear completely. Find the cause of the fault in order to correct it.

The drive is unlocked after a fault:

- By switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- Automatically in the scenarios described for the [AUTOMATIC RESTART] (Atr-) function, page 193
- By means of a logic input or control bit assigned to the [FAULT RESET] (rSt-) function, page 192
- · By pressing the STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal

#### [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu:

This is used to prevent and find the causes of faults by displaying the drive state and its current values. It can be accessed with the integrated display terminal.

#### Spares and repairs:

Consult Schneider Electric product support.



#### Starter does not start, no fault displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive.
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not
  powered up. The ATV61 then displays [Freewheel] (nSt) in freewheel stop and [Fast stop] (FSt) in fast stop. This is normal since
  these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped safely if there is a wire break.
- Make sure that the run command input or inputs are activated in accordance with the selected control mode ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) parameters, page <u>82</u>).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to a communication bus, when the power supply is connected, the drive will display [Freewheel] (nSt) and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.

#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically

The cause of the fault must be removed before resetting by turning off and then back on.

Al2F, EnF, SOF, SPF, and tnF faults can also be reset remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page <u>192</u>).

EnF, InFA, InFb, SOF, SPF, and tnF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 203).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
A 12F	[Al2 input]	<ul> <li>Non-conforming signal on analog input Al2</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the wiring of analog input AI2 and the value of the signal</li> <li>If necessary, modify the fault configuration via [AI2 4-20mA loss] (LFL2), page <u>202</u></li> </ul>
60F	[DBR overload]	The braking resistor is under excessive stress	<ul> <li>Check the size of the resistor and wait for it to cool down</li> <li>Check the [DB Resistor Power] (brP) and [DB Resistor value] (brU) parameters, page <u>208</u>.</li> </ul>
ЬUF	[DB unit sh. Circuit]	<ul> <li>Short-circuit output from braking unit</li> <li>Braking unit not connected</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the wiring of the braking unit and the resistor</li> <li>Check the braking resistor</li> <li>The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) parameter, page 208 if there is no braking unit or resistor connected to the drive, at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV61HeeeM3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV61HeeeN4.</li> </ul>
ErF I	[Precharge]	<ul> <li>Load relay control fault or charging resistor damaged</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Switch the drive off and then back on again</li> <li>Check the internal connections</li> </ul>
CrF2	[Thyr. soft charge]	DC bus charging fault (thyristors)	Inspect/repair the drive
d C F	[Differential curent Fault]	<ul> <li>Current difference between power block A and B (ATV61EC60 M14N4 or ATVEM15M24Y only)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check thyristor with [TEST THYRISTORS]</li> <li>Check IGBT with [TRANSISTOR TEST]</li> <li>Check current transformer</li> </ul>
EEFI	[Control Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, control card	<ul> <li>Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)</li> <li>Turn off, reset, return to factory settings</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
EEF2	[Power Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, power card	
EnF	[Encoder]	Encoder feedback fault	<ul> <li>Check [Number of pulses] (PGI) and [Encoder type] (EnS) page <u>75</u></li> <li>Check that the encoder's mechanical and electrical operation, its power supply and connections are all correct</li> <li>If necessary, reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter, page <u>68</u>) or the encoder signals</li> </ul>
FCF I	[Out. contact. stuck]	The output contactor remains closed although the opening conditions have been met	<ul><li>Check the contactor and its wiring</li><li>Check the feedback circuit</li></ul>
Fd2	[Damper open]	<ul> <li>The damper remains open although the closing conditions have been met</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the damper and its wiring</li> <li>Check the feedback circuit</li> <li>Check the time delay for the function, page <u>174</u></li> </ul>
HdF	[IGBT desaturation]	<ul> <li>Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the insulation of the motor</li> <li>Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> </ul>



#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
IL F	[internal com. link]	Communication fault between option card and drive	<ul> <li>Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)</li> <li>Check the connections</li> <li>Check that no more than 2 option cards (max. permitted) have been installed on the drive</li> <li>Replace the option card</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
InFl	[Rating error]	The power card is different from the card stored	Check the reference of the power card
InF2	[Incompatible PB]	The power card is incompatible with the control card	Check the reference of the power card and its compatibility
InF3	[Internal serial link]	Communication fault between the internal cards	<ul><li>Check the internal connections</li><li>Inspect/repair the drive</li></ul>
In F 4	[Internal MFG area]	Internal data inconsistent	<ul> <li>Recalibrate the drive (performed by Schneider Electric Product Support)</li> </ul>
In F 6	[Internal-option]	The option installed in the drive is not recognized	<ul> <li>Check the reference and compatibility of the option</li> </ul>
InF 7	[Internal-hard init.]	Initialization of the drive is incomplete	Turn off and reset
InFØ	[Internal-ctrl supply]	The control power supply is incorrect	Check the control section power supply
In F 9	[Internal- I measure]	The current measurements are incorrect	<ul> <li>Replace the current sensors or the power card</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
InFA	[Internal-mains circuit]	The input stage is not operating correctly	<ul> <li>Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
InFb	[Internal- th. sensor]	<ul> <li>The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly</li> <li>The braking unit's temperature sensor is not operating correctly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace the temperature sensor</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> <li>Replace the braking unit's temperature sensor</li> <li>Inspect/repair the braking unit</li> <li>The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) parameter, page 208 if there is no braking unit connected to the drive</li> </ul>
InFC	[Internal-time meas.]	Fault on the electronic time measurement component	Inspect/repair the drive
InFE	[internal- CPU]	Internal microprocessor fault	Turn off and reset. Inspect/repair the drive
OCF	[Overcurrent]	<ul> <li>Parameters in the [SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menus are not correct</li> <li>Inertia or load too high</li> <li>Mechanical locking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the parameters</li> <li>Check the size of the motor/drive/load</li> <li>Check the state of the mechanism</li> </ul>
PrF	[Power removal]	Fault with the drive's "Power removal" safety function	Inspect/repair the drive
SCF I	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive	Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the
SCF2	[Impedant sh. circuit]	output	<ul> <li>insulation of the motor</li> <li>Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> </ul>
5 <i>C F 3</i>	[Ground short circuit]	<ul> <li>Significant earth leakage current at the drive output if several motors are connected in parallel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduce the switching frequency</li> <li>Connect chokes in series with the motor</li> <li>Check the adjustment of speed loop and brake</li> <li>If [Energy Sav.] (nLd) motor control type is used, change to an U/F type.</li> </ul>
5 O F	[Overspeed]	<ul> <li>Instability or driving load too high</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the motor, gain and stability parameters</li> <li>Add a braking resistor</li> <li>Check the size of the motor/drive/load</li> <li>Check the parameter settings for the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page <u>207</u>, if it is configured</li> </ul>



#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
5 P F	[Speed fdback loss]	<ul> <li>Encoder feedback signal missing</li> <li>No signal on "Pulse input", if the input is used for speed measurement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the wiring between the encoder and the drive</li> <li>Check the encoder</li> <li>Check the wiring of the input and the detector used</li> </ul>
EnF	[Auto-tuning]	<ul> <li>Special motor or motor whose power is not suitable for the drive</li> <li>Motor not connected to the drive</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check that the motor/drive are compatible</li> <li>Check that the motor is present during auto-tuning</li> <li>If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto- tuning</li> </ul>



#### Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be reset by turning on and off or by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page <u>192</u>). APF, CnF, COF, EPF1, EPF2, FCF2, Fd1, LFF2, LFF3, LFF4, nFF, ObF, OHF, OLC, OLF, OPF1, OPF2, OSF, OtF1, OtF2, OtFL, PHF, PtF1, PtF2, PtFL, SLF1, SLF2, SLF3, SPIF, SSF, tJF, and ULF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page <u>203</u>).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
RPF	[Application fault]	Controller Inside card fault	Please refer to the card documentation
[nF	[Com. network]	Communication fault on communication card	<ul> <li>Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)</li> <li>Check the wiring</li> <li>Check the time-out</li> <li>Replace the option card</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
C O F	[CAN com.]	Interruption in communication on the CANopen bus	<ul><li>Check the communication bus</li><li>Check the time-out</li><li>Refer to the CANopen User's Manual</li></ul>
EPFI	[External flt-LI/Bit]	Fault triggered by an external device, depending on user	Check the device, which caused the fault, and reset
EPF2	[External fault com.]	<ul> <li>Fault triggered by a communication network</li> </ul>	Check for the cause of the fault and reset
FCF2	[Out. contact. open.]	• The output contactor remains open although the closing conditions have been met.	<ul><li>Check the contactor and its wiring</li><li>Check the feedback circuit</li></ul>
Fdl	[Damper stuck]	The damper remains closed although the opening conditions have been met	<ul> <li>Check the damper and its wiring</li> <li>Check the feedback circuit</li> <li>Check the time delay for the function, page <u>174</u></li> </ul>
LCF	[input contactor]	• The drive is not turned on even though [Mains V. time out] (LCt) has elapsed.	<ul> <li>Check the contactor and its wiring</li> <li>Check the time-out</li> <li>Check the line/contactor/drive connection</li> </ul>
LFF2 LFF3	[AI2 4-20mA loss] [AI3 4-20mA loss]	Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on analog input Al2, Al3 or Al4	<ul> <li>Check the connection on the analog inputs</li> <li>If necessary, modify the fault configuration via [Alx 4-20mA loss] (LFLx), page <u>202</u></li> </ul>
LFFY	[Al4 4-20mA loss]		
nFF	[No Flow Fault]	Zero fluid	<ul> <li>Check and rectify the cause of the fault.</li> <li>Check the zero fluid detection parameters page <u>183</u>.</li> </ul>
OЬF	[Overbraking]	<ul> <li>Braking too sudden or driving load</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time</li> <li>Install a braking resistor if necessary</li> <li>Activate the [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) function, page <u>134</u>, if it is compatible with the application.</li> </ul>
OHF	[Drive overheat]	<ul> <li>Power board -PCB over temperature</li> <li>Braking unit over temperature</li> <li>Phase module over temperature</li> <li>Rectifier over temperature</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting</li> </ul>
OLC	[Proc. Overload Flt]	Process overload	<ul> <li>Check and remove the cause of the overload.</li> <li>Check the parameters of the [PROCESS UNDERLOAD] (OLd-) function, page <u>212</u>.</li> </ul>
OLF	[Motor overload]	Triggered by excessive motor current	<ul> <li>Check the setting of the motor thermal protection, check the motor load. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting</li> </ul>
OPF I	[1 motor phase loss]	Loss of one phase at drive output	Check the connections from the drive to the motor



# Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OPF2	[3 motor phase loss]	<ul> <li>Motor not connected or motor power too low</li> <li>Output contactor open</li> <li>Instantaneous instability in the motor current</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the connections from the drive to the motor</li> <li>If an output contactor is being used, parameterize [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Output cut] (OAC), page <u>196</u></li> <li>Test on a low power motor or without a motor: In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment, without having to use a motor with the same rating as the drive (in particular for high power drives), deactivate motor phase loss detection [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [No] (nO)</li> <li>Check and optimize the [IR compensation] (UFr) page <u>73</u>, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) and [Rated mot. current] (nCr) parameters, page <u>65</u>, and perform [Auto tuning] (tUn), page <u>67</u>.</li> </ul>
0 S F	[Mains overvoltage]	<ul><li>Line voltage too high</li><li>Disturbed line supply</li></ul>	Check the line voltage
OEF I	[PTC1 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC1 probes detected	<ul> <li>Check the motor load and motor size</li> <li>Check the motor ventilation</li> <li>Wait for the motor to cool before restarting</li> </ul>
OFES	[PTC2 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC2 probes detected	Check the type and state of the PTC probes
OEFL	[LI6=PTC overheat]	Overheating of PTC probes detected on input LI6	
PEFI	[PTC1 probe]	PTC1 probes open or short- circuited	Check the PTC probes and the wiring between them and the motor/drive
PEF2	[PTC2 probe]	PTC2 probes open or short- circuited	
PEFL	[LI6=PTC probe]	<ul> <li>PTC probes on input LI6 open or short-circuited</li> </ul>	
5 <i>C F 4</i>	[IGBT short circuit]	<ul> <li>Power component fault</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform a test via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
5 <i>C F</i> 5	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit at drive output	<ul> <li>Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor's insulation</li> <li>Perform tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
SLF I	[Modbus com.]	<ul> <li>Interruption in communication on the Modbus bus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the communication bus</li> <li>Check the time-out</li> <li>Refer to the Modbus User's Manual</li> </ul>
SLF2	[PC com.]	<ul> <li>Fault communicating with PC- Software</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Check the PC-Software connecting cable</li><li>Check the time-out</li></ul>
SLF3	[HMI com.]	<ul> <li>Fault communicating with the graphic display terminal</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Check the terminal connection</li><li>Check the time-out</li></ul>
SP IF	[PI Feedback]	<ul> <li>PID feedback below lower limit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the PID function feedback.</li> <li>Check the PID feedback supervision threshold and time delay, page <u>157</u>.</li> </ul>
55F	[Torque/current lim]	Switch to torque limitation	<ul> <li>Check if there are any mechanical problems</li> <li>Check the parameters of [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tLA-) page <u>166</u> and the parameters of the [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.] (tld-) fault, page <u>205</u>).</li> </ul>
E J F	[IGBT overheat]	Drive overheated	<ul> <li>Check the size of the load/motor/drive</li> <li>Reduce the switching frequency</li> <li>Wait for the motor to cool before restarting</li> </ul>
ULF	[Proc. Underload Flt]	Process underload	<ul> <li>Check and remove the cause of the underload.</li> <li>Check the parameters of the [PROCESS OVERLOAD] (ULd-) function, page <u>211</u>.</li> </ul>



#### Faults that can be reset as soon as their causes disappear

The USF fault can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 203).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
C F F	[Incorrect config.]	<ul> <li>changed or removed</li> <li>The current configuration is inconsistent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check that there are no card errors.</li> <li>In the event of the option card being changed/removed deliberately, see the remarks below</li> <li>Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid (see page 224)</li> </ul>
EF I	[Invalid config.]	<ul> <li>Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent.</li> <li>[Max frequency] (tFr) has been set at a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the configuration loaded previously</li> <li>Load a compatible configuration</li> <li>Set [Max frequency] (tFr) at a value lower or equal to 599 Hz</li> </ul>
H E F	[Cards pairing]	<ul> <li>value higher than 599Hz</li> <li>The [CARDS PAIRING] (PPI-) function, page 209, has been configured and a drive card has been changed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In the event of a card error, reinsert the original card</li> <li>Confirm the configuration by entering the [Pairing password] (PPI) if the card was changed deliberately</li> </ul>
PHF	[Input phase loss]	<ul> <li>Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown</li> <li>Failure of one phase</li> <li>3-phase ATV61 used on a single- phase line supply</li> <li>Unbalanced load This protection only operates with the drive on load</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the power connection and the fuses.</li> <li>Use a 3-phase line.</li> <li>Disable the fault by [Input phase loss] (IPL) = [No] (nO). (page <u>197</u>)</li> </ul>
PrEF	[Power Ident]	<ul> <li>The [Power Identification] (Prt) parameter, page <u>74</u>, is incorrect.</li> <li>Control card replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enter the correct parameter (reserved for Schneider Electric product support).</li> <li>Check that there are no card errors.</li> <li>In the event of the control card being changed deliberately, see the remarks below</li> </ul>
USF	[Undervoltage]	<ul> <li>Line supply too low</li> <li>Transient voltage dip</li> <li>Damaged pre-charge resistor</li> <li>This protection only operates with the drive running in motor mode</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the voltage and the parameters of [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] (USb-), page 200</li> <li>Replace the pre-charge resistor</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>

#### Option card changed or removed

When an option card is removed or replaced by another, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed or removed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which **causes the factory settings to be restored** (see page <u>224</u>) for the parameter groups affected by the card. These are as follows:

#### Card replaced by a card of the same type

- I/O cards: [Drive configuration] (drV)
- Encoder cards: [Drive configuration] (drV)
- · Communication cards: Only the parameters that are specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside cards: [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

#### Card removed (or replaced by a different type of card)

- I/O card: [Drive configuration] (drV)
- Encoder card: [Drive configuration] (drV)
- · Communication card: [Drive configuration] (drV) and parameters specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside card: [Drive configuration] (drV) and [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

#### **Control card changed**

When a control card is replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in [Power Ident] (PrtF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by modifying the [Power Identification] (Prt) parameter, page <u>74</u>, which **causes all the factory settings to be restored**.



### [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu

Code	Name	Factory setting	Customer setting
ECC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)	
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Start/Stop] (StS)	
bFr	[Standard mot. freq]	[50 Hz] (50)	
IPL	[Input phase loss]	According to drive rating	
nPr	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	
Un 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	
nCr	[Rated mot. current]	According to drive rating	
FrS	[Rated motor freq.]	50 Hz	
n S P	[Rated motor speed]	According to drive rating	
EFr	[Max frequency]	60 Hz	
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
IEH	[Mot. therm. current]	According to drive rating	
A C C	[Acceleration]	3.0 s	
d E C	[Deceleration]	3.0 s	
LSP	[Low speed]	0	
HSP	[High speed]	50 Hz	

### Functions assigned to I/O

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LI1	
LI2	
LI3	
LI4	
LI5	
LI6	
LI7	
LI8	
LI9	
LI10	
LI11	
LI12	
LI13	
LI14	

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LO1	
LO2	
LO3	
LO4	
Al1	
Al2	
AI3	
Al4	
R1	
R2	
R3	
R4	
RP	
Encoder	
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# User settings tables

### Other parameters (table to be created by the user)

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 171 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>C</i> ± <i>L</i> - )	ןי.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E - )	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 7 - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d - )
d C 0							<u>186</u>				
d E 2			<u>49</u>				<u>133,</u> <u>146</u>				
dEC	<u>38</u>		<u>49</u>				<u>131</u>				
dFЬ							<u>174</u>				
dFL			<u>63</u>				<u>185</u>				
dLr											230
d 0					<u>102</u>						
d 0   d					<u>102</u>						
d 0   H					<u>102</u>						
d D   S					<u>102</u>						
dOtd			<u>136</u>								
dSI							<u>146</u>				
d 5 P							<u>144</u>				
EFI					<u>95</u>						
EFr					<u>95</u>						
EIL					95						
EnC				<u>76</u>	<u>94</u>						
EnS				75	94						
EnU				<u>76</u>	<u>95</u>						
EPL								<u>199</u>			
ErEO									<u>217</u>		
ELF								<u>199</u>			
FI				<u>70</u>							
F 2				70							
F2d			<u>60</u>								
FZdL			60								
FJ				<u>70</u>							
FH				<u></u>							
FS				71							
FbEd							<u>174</u>				
FEP				<u>71</u>							
FESI										<u>224</u>	
FdL								<u>213</u>			
Fdt								207			
FFd			<u>63</u>				<u>164</u>	201			
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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.11 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>L</i> P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E ± - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>C</i> Ł L - )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E - )	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (С В Л - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F C 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E
FFE			<u>61</u>				<u>135</u>				
FL I							<u>148</u>				
FL D									<u>218</u>		
FLOC									<u>218</u>		
FLOE									<u>218</u>		
FLr								<u>194</u>			
FLU			<u>56</u>				<u>148</u>				
FPI							<u>155</u>				
F9A								<u>207</u>			
F9C								<u>207</u>			
F9F								<u>207</u>			
F9L			<u>60</u>								
F95		<u>45, 47</u>									
Frl						<u>119</u>					
Fr Ib							<u>129</u>				
Fr2						<u>120</u>					
FrH		<u>47</u>									
FrS	<u>36</u>		<u>65</u>								
Fr 5 5				<u>72</u>							
FrE							<u>133</u>				
Fry-										<u>224</u>	
FSE							<u>135</u>				
FŁd			<u>60</u>								
FEdL			<u>60</u>								
F E O			<u>63</u>					<u>212</u>			
FEU			<u>62</u>					<u>211</u>			
GFS										<u>224</u>	
HSP	<u>38</u>		<u>50</u>								
IdA				<u>74</u>							
IdE			<u>53</u>				<u>136</u>	<u>214</u>			
1462			<u>53</u>				<u>136</u>	<u>214</u>			
IdN				<u>74</u>							
InH								<u>203</u>			
InHr								<u>203</u>			
InHS								<u>203</u>			
lor			<u>49</u>				<u>131</u>		niecer		
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	' START]	JRING]	GS]	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (d r E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[GNV	(1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 7 - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 - )	RDJ
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1Л - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>⊔ P</i> - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR ( <i>d</i> r E - )	[1.5 INPUTS ( 1 - 0 - )	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E</i> ± - )	[1.7 АРРLIC ( <i>F U n</i> - )	[1.8 FAULT ( <i>F</i> L <i>E</i> -)	[1.9 СОММЧ ( <i>Е</i>	[1.12 FACT0 ( <i>F L</i> 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E
IntP							<u>166</u>				
IPHr		<u>47</u>									
IPL	<u>36</u>							<u>197</u>			
IPr		<u>47</u>									
IEH	<u>38</u>		<u>50</u>								
JF2			<u>62</u>								
JF 3			<u>62</u>								
JFH			<u>62</u>								
JGF			<u>56</u>				<u>139</u>				
JGE			<u>56</u>				<u>139</u>				
J06							<u>139</u>				
JPF		10	<u>62</u>								
		<u>46</u>			83						
LId to LI4d L[2					<u>83</u>		<u>168</u>				
LEr		<u>47</u>					100				
		<u> <u> </u></u>					<u>170</u>				
LdS				<u>72</u>			<u></u>				
LES							<u>170</u>				
LEE								<u>199</u>			
LFA				<u>74</u>							
LFd			<u>63</u>				<u>164</u>				
LFF							<u>157</u>	<u>214</u>			
L F L 2 L F L 3 L F L 4								<u>202</u>			
LFN				<u>74</u>							
L / S /		<u>46</u>									
L 152		<u>46</u>									
LLC							<u>170</u>				
L n 5							<u>183</u>				
L 0 I					<u>100</u>						
LOId					<u>100</u>						
LOIH					<u>100</u>						
L D I S					<u>100</u>						
L D 2					<u>100</u>						-
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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.0 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	(1.4 MOTOR CONTROL) (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 7 - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E 0 d - )
L D 2 d					<u>100</u>						
L 0 2 H					<u>100</u>						
L D 2 S					<u>100</u>						
L D 3					<u>101</u>						
L O 3 d					<u>101</u>						
L O 3 H					<u>101</u>						
L O 3 S					<u>101</u>						
L 0 4					<u>101</u>						
L O 4 d					<u>101</u>						
L 0 4 H					<u>101</u>						
L O 4 S					<u>101</u>						
			<u>63</u>					<u>212</u>			
LPI			<u>59</u>	70			<u>157</u>				
L 9 5			50	<u>72</u>			100				
LSP	38		<u>50</u>				<u>160</u>	011			
LUL			<u>62</u> <u>62</u>					<u>211</u> <u>211</u>			
<u>ПА2</u>			02				<u>130</u>	211			
ПАЭ							<u>130</u>				
ΠFr		<u>47</u>					100				
ΠΠΕ		45, 47									
ПРІ							<u>157</u>				
n C A I									216		
n C A 2									216		
n C A 3									<u>216</u>		
n C A 4									<u>216</u>		
n C A S									216		
n C A 6									<u>216</u>		
n[A]									<u>216</u>		
n C A B									<u>216</u>		
n[r	<u>36</u>		<u>65</u>								
n[r5				<u>72</u>							
n F d							<u>164</u>				
nFFE			<u>63</u>				<u>183</u>				
nF5							<u>183</u>				
nFSt			<u>63</u>				<u>183</u>	www	.nicsand	at.com	10
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					5						
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 <i>1</i> 1 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>L</i> P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E</i> ± L - )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (Е В Л - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F C 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E 0 d - )
- Π A I									<u>216</u>		
~NA2									<u>216</u>		
пПАЭ									<u>216</u>		
пПЯЧ									<u>216</u>		
n N A S									<u>216</u>		
n N A 6									<u>216</u>		
пПАЛ									<u>216</u>		
n N A B									<u>216</u>		
nPr	<u>36</u>		<u>65</u>								
nrd				<u>78</u>							
nSL				<u>74</u>							
n S P	<u>36</u>		<u>66</u>								
n 5 P 5				<u>72</u>							
nSE							<u>135</u>				
o 0 6		<u>47</u>									
o D 2		<u>47</u>									
o D 3		<u>47</u>									
o D 4		<u>47</u>									
o 0 S		<u>47</u>									
0 C C							<u>172</u>				
0 d L								<u>212</u>			
Ddt								<u>196</u>			
DF I				77							
DHL								<u>197</u>			
DLL								<u>196</u>			
OPL								<u>196</u>			
OPr		47									
0 E r		<u>47</u>									
0 Ir							<u>187</u>				
РЯН			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
PAL			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
PRU							<u>155</u>				
PEr			<u>59</u>				<u>154</u>				
PEE		<u>47</u>									
PFI					<u>92</u>						
PFL				<u>70</u>							
								www	nicsano. 1-87700	at.com	19
								02	1-8//00	210	

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.1 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>LI</i> P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E</i> ± - )	ני.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נו ה - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 соммиисатіои] ( <i>с а п</i> - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F C 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E 0 d - )
PFr					<u>92</u>						
PGA					<u>95</u>						
PG I				<u>75</u>	<u>95</u>						
P H 5				<u>72</u>							
PHr	<u>37</u>			<u>68</u>							
PIA					<u>92</u>						
PIC							<u>154</u>				
PIF							<u>153</u>				
PIFI							<u>153</u>				
PIF2							<u>153</u>				
PII							<u>153</u>				
PIL					<u>92</u>						
РІП							<u>155</u>				
PIPI							<u>153</u>				
P I P Z							<u>153</u>				
P 15							<u>154</u>				
POH			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
POL			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
PPI								209			
PPn				<u>74</u>							
PPnS				<u>72</u>							
Pr2							<u>158</u>				
Pr4							<u>158</u>				
PrP			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
Prt				<u>74</u>							
PS 1-							<u>176</u>				
P52-							177				
P53-							177				
P 5 2							<u>141</u>				
P 5 4							<u>141</u>				
P 5 8							<u>141</u>				
PSr			<u>59</u>				155				
PSE						<u>119</u>					
PECI						<u></u>		<u>191</u>			
PECZ								<u>191</u>			
PECL								191			
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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.11 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>C</i> ± L - )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł - )	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (CD7-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F C 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E
РЕН		<u>47</u>									
r 1					<u>96</u>						
r Id					<u>98</u>						
r IH					<u>98</u>						
r 15					<u>98</u>						
r 2					<u>98</u>						
r2d					<u>98</u>						
r 2 H					<u>98</u>						
r 25					<u>98</u>						
r 3					<u>99</u>						
r 3d					<u>99</u>						
r 3H					<u>99</u>						
r 35					<u>99</u>						
r 4					<u>99</u>						
r4d					<u>99</u>						
rЧH					<u>99</u>						
r 45					<u>99</u>						
rEA							<u>172</u>				
гCЬ							<u>129</u>				
rEHE			<u>63</u>				<u>185</u>				
r d G			<u>58</u>				<u>154</u>				
rFC						<u>120</u>					
rFr		<u>47</u>	50				45.4				
r 16			<u>58</u>			440	<u>154</u>				
			60			<u>119</u>		044			
r MUd			<u>62</u>					<u>211</u>			
r P			50				150	<u>192</u>			
r P 2 r P 3			<u>59</u>				<u>158</u>				
r P 3 r P 4			<u>59</u> <u>59</u>				<u>158</u>				
r P A			28				<u>158</u>	<u>192</u>			
rPE		<u>47</u>						192			
r P E		<u>47</u> <u>47</u>									
rPE		<u>47</u> <u>47</u>									
r P G		77	<u>58</u>				<u>153</u>				
rPI			50				<u>153</u>				
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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.11 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>C</i> ± L - )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł - )	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (С D Л - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (E
r P O		<u>47</u>									
r P 5							<u>133</u>				
rPE							<u>131</u>				
rr5					<u>82</u>						
r 5 A				<u>74</u>							
rSAS				<u>72</u>							
r 5 F								<u>192</u>			
r 5L							<u>160</u>				
r 5 N				<u>74</u>							
r 5 // 5				<u>72</u>							
rEd			<u>61</u>								
redL			<u>61</u>								
r E H		<u>47</u>									
5 <i>82</i>							<u>130</u>				
5 A 3							<u>130</u>				
SAL								<u>198</u>			
5051										<u>224</u>	
5861			<u>54</u>				<u>137</u>				
5 d C 2			<u>54</u>				<u>137</u>				
SFC			<u>50</u>								
SFr			<u>55</u>	<u>77</u>							
5 IE			<u>50</u>				100				
SLE			<u>56</u>				<u>160</u>	004			
5 L L 5 L P			50	70				<u>204</u>			
			<u>53</u>	73							
50P			57	<u>78</u>			140				
5 P 2 5 P 3			<u>57</u> <u>57</u>				<u>142</u>				
5P3 5P4							<u>142</u> <u>142</u>				
5P5			<u>57</u> <u>57</u>				<u>142</u> <u>142</u>				
5P6			<u>57</u>				<u>142</u> <u>142</u>				
5P 7			<u>57</u>				<u>142</u> <u>142</u>				
5P8			<u>57</u>				<u>142</u> <u>142</u>				
SPd		<u>47</u>	<u>51</u>				142				
SPG		<u> <u> </u></u>	<u>50</u>								
5PN			00				<u>147</u>				
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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.0 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C ± L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Ln - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 7 - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] ( <i>C D d</i> - )
5 <i>r</i> b			<u>62</u>					<u>211.</u> <u>212</u>			
SrP			<u>58</u>				<u>146</u>				
Srt							<u>144</u>				
556								<u>205</u>			
5 E N								<u>201</u>			
5 E O								<u>205</u>			
5 <i>L P</i>								<u>200</u>			
5 <i>L r</i>							<u>144</u>				
Strt								<u>201</u>			
5 <i>E E</i>							<u>135</u>				
5 U L				<u>78</u>							
ER I			<u>49</u>				<u>132</u>				
EAS			<u>49</u>				<u>132</u>				
F H J			<u>49</u>				<u>132</u>				
LЯЧ			<u>50</u>				<u>132</u>				
L A A							<u>166</u>				
EAC		<u>47</u>									
£ A r								<u>193</u>			
tbr									<u>217</u>		
tbr2									<u>217</u>		
665								<u>201</u>			
FCC	<u>35</u>				<u>82</u>						
FCG							<u>174</u>				
ECE					<u>82</u>						
Edl			53				<u>136</u>	<u>214</u>			
EdC			<u>53</u>				<u>136</u>	<u>214</u>			
EdC I			<u>54</u>				<u>137</u>				
E d C 2			<u>54</u>				<u>138</u>	0.07			
EdS								<u>207</u>			
EF D									<u>217</u>		
EFO2	0.0								<u>217</u>		
E F r	<u>36</u>		<u>66</u>					407			
EHA								<u>197.</u> <u>198</u>			
ĿНЬ		<u>47</u>									16

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.0 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E</i> ± - )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F L - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł - )	[1.9 соммиисатіои] ( <i>с а п</i> - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] ( <i>C ଘ d -</i> )
ĿНd		<u>47</u>									
EHr		<u>47</u>									
EHE								<u>196</u>			
ELA							<u>166</u>				
ELC							<u>167</u>				
EL IG			<u>60</u>				<u>166</u>				
ELIN			<u>60</u>				<u>166</u>				
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